
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to conform current
2 statutes to the recommendations of the National Association of
3 Insurance Commissioners to bring Hawaii's insurance laws into
4 conformity with the federal law and national standards as
5 follows:

6 (1) Part I authorizes the insurance commissioner to adopt
7 rules to implement model standards that are being
8 developed by the National Association of Insurance
9 Commissioners to implement the directives of the
10 federal Military Services Personnel Financial Services
11 Protection Act (Public Law No. 109-290), which was
12 signed into law in 2006 to protect members of the
13 United States armed forces from unscrupulous practices
14 regarding marketing of life insurance products. The
15 Military Services Personnel Financial Services
16 Protection Act requires the states to implement its
17 directives by September 29, 2007;



1 (2) Part II focuses on long-term care by promoting the
2 availability of long-term care insurance, protecting
3 applicants for long-term care insurance from unfair or
4 deceptive sales or enrollment practices, updating
5 standards for long-term care insurance, and
6 facilitating flexibility and innovation in the
7 development of long-term care insurance coverage; and

8 (3) Part III enables the sharing of information by the
9 insurance commissioner with the insurance regulatory
10 agencies of foreign countries, including the sharing
11 of confidential information, to facilitate the
12 regulation of the insurance industry.

13 PART I.

14 SECTION 2. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15 amended by adding a new section to article 2 to be appropriately
16 designated and to read as follows:

17 "§431:2-A Sales to members of the armed forces. Pursuant
18 to the Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act,
19 Public Law Number 109-290, the commissioner is authorized to
20 adopt rules to protect service members of the United States
21 Armed Forces to whom life insurance products are marketed from
22 dishonest and predatory insurance sales practices by declaring



1 certain practices, identified in the rules, to be false,
2 misleading, deceptive, or unfair."

3 PART II.

4 SECTION 3. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5 amended by adding two new sections to part I of article 10H to
6 be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

7 **"§431:10H-AAA Denial of claims; compliance requirements.**

8 (a) If a claim under a long-term care insurance contract is
9 denied, the issuer, within sixty days of the date of a written
10 request by the policyholder or certificate holder, or a
11 representative thereof, shall:

12 (1) Provide a written explanation of the reasons for the
13 denial; and

14 (2) Make available all information directly related to the
15 denial.

16 (b) Any policy or rider advertised, marketed, or offered
17 as long-term care or nursing home insurance shall comply with
18 this article.

19 **§431:10H-BBB Delivery of the contract or certificate of**
20 **insurance.** If an application for a long-term care insurance
21 contract or certificate is approved, the issuer shall deliver



1 the contract or certificate of insurance to the applicant no
2 later than thirty days after the date of approval."

3 SECTION 4. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4 amended by adding seven new sections to part II of article 10H
5 to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

6 **"§431:10H-CCC Electronic enrollment for group policies.**

7 (a) In the case of a group defined in paragraph (1) of the
8 definition of "group long-term care insurance" in section
9 431:10H-104, any requirement that a signature of an insured be
10 obtained by an agent or insurer shall be deemed satisfied if:

11 (1) The signature is obtained by electronic enrollment by
12 the group policyholder or insurer; provided that a
13 verification of enrollment information shall be
14 provided to the enrollee;

15 (2) The electronic enrollment provides necessary and
16 reasonable safeguards to assure the accuracy,
17 retention, and prompt retrieval of records; and

18 (3) The electronic enrollment provides necessary and
19 reasonable safeguards to assure that the
20 confidentiality of individually identifiable
21 information and privileged information is maintained.



1 (b) The insurer shall make available, upon request of the
2 commissioner, records that will demonstrate the insurer's
3 ability to confirm enrollment and coverage amounts.

4 **§431:10H-DDD Required disclosure of rating practices to**
5 **consumers.** (a) This section shall apply as follows:

6 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section
7 applies to any long-term care policy or certificate
8 issued in this State after December 31, 2007; and

9 (2) For policies or certificates issued after June 30,
10 2007, under a group long-term care insurance policy as
11 defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "group
12 long-term care insurance" in section 431:10H-104,
13 which policy was in force on July 1, 2007, this
14 section shall apply on the policy anniversary
15 following July 1, 2007.

16 (b) Other than for policies for which no applicable
17 premium rate or rate schedule increases can be made, insurers
18 shall provide all of the information listed in this subsection
19 to the applicant at the time of application or enrollment;
20 unless the method of application does not allow for delivery at
21 that time. In such a case, an insurer shall provide all of the
22 information listed in this subsection to the applicant no later



1 than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate as
2 follows:

3 (1) A statement that the policy may be subject to rate
4 increases in the future;

5 (2) An explanation of potential future premium rate
6 revisions and the policyholder's or certificate
7 holder's option in the event of a premium rate
8 revision;

9 (3) The premium rate or rate schedules applicable to the
10 applicant that will be in effect until a request is
11 made for an increase;

12 (4) A general explanation for applying premium rate or
13 rate schedule adjustments that shall include:

14 (A) A description of when premium rate or rate
15 schedule adjustments will be effective (e.g.,
16 next anniversary date or next billing date); and

17 (B) The right to a revised premium rate or rate
18 schedule as provided in paragraph (3) if the
19 premium rate or rate schedule is changed;

20 (5) With respect to disclosure of premium rate increases:

21 (A) Information regarding each premium rate increase
22 on this policy form or similar policy forms over



1 the past ten years for this State or any other
2 state that, at a minimum, identifies:

3 (i) The policy forms for which premium rates
4 have been increased;

5 (ii) The calendar years when the policy form was
6 available for purchase; and

7 (iii) The amount or per cent of each increase.

8 The percentage may be expressed as a
9 percentage of the premium rate prior to the
10 increase and may also be expressed as
11 minimum and maximum percentages if the rate
12 increase is variable by rating
13 characteristics;

14 (B) The insurer, in a fair manner, may provide
15 additional explanatory information related to the
16 rate increases;

17 (C) An insurer may exclude from the disclosure
18 premium rate increases that only apply to blocks
19 of business acquired from other nonaffiliated
20 insurers or the long-term care policies acquired
21 from other nonaffiliated insurers when those
22 increases occurred prior to the acquisition;



- 1 (D) If an acquiring insurer files for a rate increase
2 on a long-term care policy form acquired from
3 nonaffiliated insurers or a block of policy forms
4 acquired from nonaffiliated insurers on or before
5 the later of July 1, 2007, or the end of a
6 twenty-four-month period following the
7 acquisition of the block or policies, the
8 acquiring insurer may exclude that rate increase
9 from the disclosure. However, the nonaffiliated
10 selling company shall include the disclosure of
11 that rate increase in accordance with
12 subparagraph (A); and
- 13 (E) If the acquiring insurer in subparagraph (D)
14 files for a subsequent rate increase, even within
15 the twenty-four-month period, on the same policy
16 form acquired from nonaffiliated insurers or
17 block of policy forms acquired from nonaffiliated
18 insurers referenced in subparagraph (D), the
19 acquiring insurer shall make all disclosures
20 required by this paragraph, including disclosure
21 of the earlier rate increase referenced in
22 subparagraph (D).



1 (c) An applicant shall sign an acknowledgment at the time
2 of application, unless the method of application does not allow
3 for signature at that time, that the insurer made the disclosure
4 required under subsection (b)(1) to (5). If due to the method
5 of application the applicant cannot sign an acknowledgment at
6 the time of application, the applicant shall sign no later than
7 at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate.

8 (d) An insurer shall use the forms in Appendices B and F
9 of the April, 2002, NAIC Model Long-Term Care Insurance Model
10 Regulation to comply with the requirements of subsections (b)
11 and (c).

12 (e) An insurer shall provide notice of an upcoming premium
13 rate schedule increase to all policyholders or certificate
14 holders, if applicable, at least forty-five days prior to the
15 implementation of the premium rate schedule increase by the
16 insurer. The notice shall include the information required by
17 subsection (b) when the rate increase is implemented.

18 **§431:10H-EEE Initial filing requirements.** (a) This
19 section applies to any long-term care policy issued in this
20 State after December 31, 2007.



1 (b) An insurer shall provide the information listed in
2 this subsection to the commissioner thirty days prior to making
3 a long-term care insurance form available for sale as follows:

4 (1) A copy of the disclosure documents required in section
5 431:10H-221; and

6 (2) An actuarial certification consisting of at least the
7 following:

8 (A) A statement that the initial premium rate
9 schedule is sufficient to cover anticipated costs
10 under moderately adverse experience and that the
11 premium rate schedule is reasonably expected to
12 be sustainable over the life of the form with no
13 future premium increases anticipated;

14 (B) A statement that the policy design and coverage
15 provided have been reviewed and taken into
16 consideration;

17 (C) A statement that the underwriting and claims
18 adjudication processes have been reviewed and
19 taken into consideration;

20 (D) A complete description of the basis for contract
21 reserves that are anticipated to be held under
22 the form, to include:



- 1 (i) Sufficient detail or sample calculations
2 provided so as to have a complete depiction
3 of the reserve amounts to be held;
- 4 (ii) A statement that the assumptions used for
5 reserves contain reasonable margins for
6 adverse experience;
- 7 (iii) A statement that the net valuation premium
8 for renewal years does not increase (except
9 for attained-age rating where permitted);
10 and
- 11 (iv) A statement that the difference between the
12 gross premium and the net valuation premium
13 for renewal years is sufficient to cover
14 expected renewal expenses; or if such a
15 statement cannot be made, a complete
16 description of the situations where this
17 does not occur; provided that an aggregate
18 distribution of anticipated issues may be
19 used as long as the underlying gross
20 premiums maintain a reasonably consistent
21 relationship; provided further that if the
22 gross premiums for certain age groups are



1 inconsistent with this requirement, the
2 commissioner may request a demonstration
3 under subsection (c) based on a standard age
4 distribution; and

5 (E) With respect to premium rate schedules:

6 (i) A statement that the premium rate schedule
7 is not less than the premium rate schedule
8 for existing similar policy forms also
9 available from the insurer except for
10 reasonable differences attributable to
11 benefits; or

12 (ii) A comparison of the premium schedules for
13 similar policy forms that are currently
14 available from the insurer with an
15 explanation of the differences.

16 (c) The commissioner may request an actuarial
17 demonstration that benefits are reasonable in relation to
18 premiums. The actuarial demonstration shall include either
19 premium and claim experience on similar policy forms, adjusted
20 for any premium or benefit differences, or relevant and credible
21 data from other studies, or both. If the commissioner asks for
22 additional information under this provision, the period in



1 subsection (b) does not include the period during which the
2 insurer is preparing the requested information.

3 §431:10H-FFF Licensing. A producer is not authorized to
4 sell, solicit, or negotiate with respect to long-term care
5 insurance except as authorized by article 9A.

6 §431:10H-GGG Premium rate schedule increases. (a) This
7 section shall apply as follows:

- 8 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section
9 applies to any long-term care policy or certificate
10 issued in this State after December 31, 2007; and
11 (2) For certificates issued after June 30, 2007, under a
12 group long-term care insurance policy, as defined in
13 paragraph (1) of the definition of "group long-term
14 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, which policy
15 was in force on July 1, 2007, this section shall apply
16 on the policy anniversary following July 1, 2007.

17 (b) An insurer shall provide notice of a pending premium
18 rate schedule increase, including an exceptional increase, to
19 the commissioner at least thirty days prior to the notice to the
20 policyholders and shall include:

- 21 (1) Information required by section 431:10H-221;
22 (2) A certification by a qualified actuary that:



- 1 (A) If the requested premium rate schedule increase
2 is implemented and the underlying assumptions,
3 which reflect moderately adverse conditions, are
4 realized, no further premium rate schedule
5 increases are anticipated; and
- 6 (B) The premium rate filing is in compliance with
7 this section;
- 8 (3) An actuarial memorandum justifying the rate schedule
9 change request that includes:
- 10 (A) Lifetime projections of earned premiums and
11 incurred claims based on the filed premium rate
12 schedule increase and the method and assumptions
13 used in determining the projected values,
14 including reflection of any assumptions that
15 deviate from those used for pricing other forms
16 currently available for sale; provided that:
- 17 (i) Annual values for the five years preceding
18 and the three years following the valuation
19 date shall be provided separately;
- 20 (ii) The projections shall include the
21 development of the lifetime loss ratio,



- 1 unless the rate increase is an exceptional
2 increase;
- 3 (iii) The projections shall demonstrate compliance
4 with subsection (c); and
- 5 (iv) For exceptional increases, the projected
6 experience should be limited to the
7 increases in claims expenses attributable to
8 the approved reasons for the exceptional
9 increase. If the commissioner determines,
10 as provided in paragraph (4) of the
11 definition of "exceptional increase" in
12 section 431:10H-104, that offsets may exist,
13 the insurer shall use appropriate net
14 projected experience;
- 15 (B) Disclosure of how reserves have been incorporated
16 in this rate increase whenever the rate increase
17 will trigger a contingent benefit upon lapse;
- 18 (C) Disclosure of the analysis performed to determine
19 why a rate adjustment is necessary, which pricing
20 assumptions were not realized and why, and what
21 other actions taken by the company have been
22 relied on by the actuary;



1 (D) A statement that policy design, underwriting, and
2 claims adjudication practices have been taken
3 into consideration; and

4 (E) If it is necessary to maintain consistent premium
5 rates for new certificates and certificates
6 receiving a rate increase, the insurer will need
7 to file composite rates reflecting projections of
8 new certificates;

9 (4) A statement that renewal premium rate schedules are
10 not greater than new business premium rate schedules
11 except for differences attributable to benefits,
12 unless sufficient justification is provided to the
13 commissioner; and

14 (5) Sufficient information for the review of the premium
15 rate schedule increase by the commissioner.

16 (c) All premium rate schedule increases shall be
17 determined in accordance with the following requirements:

18 (1) Exceptional increases shall provide that seventy per
19 cent of the present value of projected additional
20 premiums from the exceptional increase shall be
21 returned to policyholders in benefits;



- 1 (2) Premium rate schedule increases shall be calculated so
2 that the sum of the accumulated value of incurred
3 claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves,
4 and the present value of future projected incurred
5 claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves,
6 will not be less than the sum of the following:
- 7 (A) The accumulated value of the initial earned
8 premium times fifty-eight per cent;
- 9 (B) Eighty-five per cent of the accumulated value of
10 prior premium rate schedule increases on an
11 earned basis;
- 12 (C) The present value of future projected initial
13 earned premiums times fifty-eight per cent; and
- 14 (D) Eighty-five per cent of the present value of
15 future projected premiums not in subparagraph (C)
16 on an earned basis;
- 17 (3) If a policy form has both exceptional and other
18 increases, the values in paragraph (2) (B) and (D)
19 shall also include seventy per cent for exceptional
20 rate increase amounts; and
- 21 (4) All present and accumulated values used to determine
22 rate increases shall use the maximum valuation



1 interest rate for contract reserves, as applicable, as
2 specified in sections 431:5-303 and 431:5-307. The
3 actuary shall disclose as part of the actuarial
4 memorandum the use of any appropriate averages.

5 (d) For each rate increase that is implemented, the
6 insurer shall file for review by the commissioner updated
7 projections, as provided in subsection (b)(3)(A), annually for
8 the next three years, and include a comparison of actual results
9 to projected values. The commissioner may extend the period to
10 greater than three years if actual results are not consistent
11 with projected values from prior projections. For group
12 insurance policies that meet the conditions in subsection (k),
13 the projections required by this subsection shall be provided to
14 the policyholder in lieu of filing with the commissioner.

15 (e) If any premium rate in the revised premium rate
16 schedule is greater than two hundred per cent of the comparable
17 rate in the initial premium schedule, lifetime projections, as
18 provided in subsection (b)(3)(A), shall be filed for review by
19 the commissioner every five years following the end of the
20 required period in subsection (d). For group insurance policies
21 that meet the conditions in subsection (k), the projections



1 required by this subsection shall be provided to the
2 policyholder in lieu of filing with the commissioner.

3 (f) If the commissioner has determined that the actual
4 experience following a rate increase does not adequately match
5 the projected experience and that the current projections under
6 moderately adverse conditions demonstrate that incurred claims
7 will not exceed proportions of premiums specified in subsection
8 (c), the commissioner may require the insurer to implement any
9 of the following:

- 10 (1) Premium rate schedule adjustments; or
11 (2) Other measures to reduce the difference between the
12 projected and actual experience.

13 In determining whether the actual experience adequately
14 matches the projected experience, consideration should be given
15 to subsection (b)(3)(E), if applicable.

16 (g) If the majority of the policies or certificates to
17 which the increase is applicable are eligible for the contingent
18 benefit upon lapse, the insurer shall file:

- 19 (1) A plan, subject to the commissioner's approval, for
20 improved administration or claims processing designed
21 to eliminate the potential for further deterioration
22 of the policy form requiring further premium rate



1 schedule increases, or both, or to demonstrate that
2 appropriate administration and claims processing have
3 been implemented or are in effect; otherwise the
4 commissioner may impose the condition in subsection
5 (h); and

6 (2) The original anticipated lifetime loss ratio and the
7 premium rate schedule increase that would have been
8 calculated according to subsection (c), had the
9 greater of the original anticipated lifetime loss
10 ratio or fifty-eight per cent been used in the
11 calculations described in subsection (c) (2) (A) and
12 (C).

13 (h) For a rate increase filing that meets the following
14 criteria, the commissioner shall review, for all policies
15 included in the filing, the projected lapse rates and past lapse
16 rates during the twelve months following each increase to
17 determine if significant adverse lapsing has occurred or is
18 anticipated:

19 (1) The rate increase is not the first rate increase
20 requested for the specific policy form or forms;

21 (2) The rate increase is not an exceptional increase; and



1 (3) The majority of the policies or certificates to which
2 the increase is applicable are eligible for the
3 contingent benefit upon lapse.

4 If significant adverse lapsing has occurred, is anticipated
5 in the filing, or is evidenced in the actual results as
6 presented in the updated projections provided by the insurer
7 following the requested rate increase, the commissioner may
8 determine that a rate spiral exists. Following the
9 determination that a rate spiral exists, the commissioner may
10 require the insurer to offer, without underwriting, to all in
11 force insureds, subject to the rate increase, the option to
12 replace existing coverage with one or more reasonably comparable
13 products being offered by the insurer or its affiliates;
14 provided that the offer shall be subject to the approval of the
15 commissioner, be based on actuarially sound principles but not
16 on attained age, and provide that maximum benefits under any new
17 policy accepted by an insured shall be reduced by comparable
18 benefits already paid under the existing policy.

19 The insurer shall maintain the experience of all the
20 replacement insureds separate from the experience of insureds
21 originally issued the policy forms. In the event of a request
22 for a rate increase on the policy form, the rate increase shall



1 be limited to the lesser of the maximum rate increase determined
2 based on the combined experience or the maximum rate increase
3 determined based only on the experience of the insureds
4 originally issued the form plus ten per cent.

5 (i) If the commissioner determines that the insurer has
6 exhibited a persistent practice of filing inadequate initial
7 premium rates for long-term care insurance, the commissioner, in
8 addition to subsection (h), may prohibit the insurer from either
9 of the following:

10 (1) Filing and marketing comparable coverage for a period
11 of up to five years; or

12 (2) Offering all other similar coverages and limiting
13 marketing of new applications to the products subject
14 to recent premium rate schedule increases.

15 (j) Subsections (a) to (i) shall not apply to policies for
16 which the long-term care benefits provided by the policy are
17 incidental, as defined in section 431:10H-104, if the policy
18 complies with all of the following provisions:

19 (1) The interest credited internally to determine cash
20 value accumulations, including long-term care, if any,
21 are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum



1 guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations
2 without long-term care set forth in the policy;

3 (2) The portion of the policy that provides insurance
4 benefits, other than long-term care coverage, meets
5 the nonforfeiture requirements as applicable in any of
6 the following:

7 (A) Section 431:10D-104; and

8 (B) Section 431:10D-107;

9 (3) The policy meets the disclosure requirements of
10 sections 431:10H-113 and 431:10H-114;

11 (4) The portion of the policy that provides insurance
12 benefits, other than long-term care coverage, meets
13 the requirements as applicable in the following:

14 (A) Policy illustrations as required by part IV of
15 article 10D; and

16 (B) Disclosure requirements, as applicable, in
17 article 431:10D; and

18 (5) An actuarial memorandum is filed with the insurance
19 division that includes:

20 (A) A description of the basis on which the long-term
21 care rates were determined;

22 (B) A description of the basis for the reserves;



- 1 (C) A summary of the type of policy, benefits,
2 renewability, general marketing method, and
3 limits on ages of issuance;
- 4 (D) A description and a table of each actuarial
5 assumption used. For expenses, an insurer shall
6 include per cent of premium dollars per policy
7 and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;
- 8 (E) A description and a table of the anticipated
9 policy reserves and additional reserves to be
10 held in each future year for active lives;
- 11 (F) The estimated average annual premium per policy
12 and the average issue age;
- 13 (G) A statement as to whether underwriting is
14 performed at the time of application. The
15 statement shall indicate whether underwriting is
16 used and, if used, the statement shall include a
17 description of the type or types of underwriting
18 used, such as medical underwriting or functional
19 assessment underwriting. Concerning a group
20 policy, the statement shall indicate whether the
21 enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten
22 and when that underwriting occurs; and



1 (H) A description of the effect of the long-term care
2 policy provision on the required premiums,
3 nonforfeiture values, and reserves on the
4 underlying insurance policy, both for active
5 lives and those in long-term care claim status.

6 (k) Subsections (f) and (h) shall not apply to group
7 insurance policies as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition
8 of "group long-term care insurance" in section 431:10H-104
9 where:

10 (1) The policies insure two hundred fifty or more persons
11 and the policyholder has five thousand or more
12 eligible employees of a single employer; or

13 (2) The policyholder, and not the certificate holders,
14 pays a material portion of the premium, which shall
15 not be less than twenty per cent of the total premium
16 for the group in the calendar year prior to the year a
17 rate increase is filed.

18 (l) "Exceptional increase" for purposes of this section
19 shall be as defined in section 431:10H-104.

20 §431:10H-HHH Additional standards for benefit triggers for
21 qualified long-term care insurance contracts. (a) For purposes
22 of this section, the following definitions apply:



1 "Chronically ill individual" has the meaning prescribed for
2 this term by section 7702B(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code
3 of 1986, as amended. Under this provision, a chronically ill
4 individual means any individual who has been certified by a
5 licensed health care practitioner as:

- 6 (1) Being unable to perform (without substantial
7 assistance from another individual) at least two
8 activities of daily living for a period of at least
9 ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity;
10 (2) Having a level of disability similar (as determined
11 under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the
12 Treasury in consultation with the Secretary of Health
13 and Human Services) to the level of disability
14 described in paragraph (1); or
15 (3) Requiring substantial supervision to protect the
16 individual from threats to health and safety due to
17 severe cognitive impairment.

18 "Chronically ill individual" shall not include an individual
19 otherwise meeting these requirements unless within the preceding
20 twelve-month period a licensed health care practitioner has
21 certified that the individual meets these requirements.



1 "Licensed health care practitioner" means a physician, as
2 defined in section 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act, and
3 any registered professional nurse, licensed social worker, or
4 other individual who meets requirements prescribed by the
5 Secretary of the Treasury.

6 "Maintenance or personal care services" means any care the
7 primary purpose of which is the provision of needed assistance
8 with any of the disabilities as a result of which the individual
9 is a chronically ill individual (including the protection from
10 threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive
11 impairment).

12 "Qualified long-term care services" means services that
13 meet the requirements of section 7702B(c)(1) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows: necessary
15 diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curative, treatment,
16 mitigation and rehabilitative services, and maintenance or
17 personal care services which are required by a chronically ill
18 individual and are provided pursuant to a plan of care
19 prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.

20 (b) A qualified long-term care insurance contract shall
21 pay only for qualified long-term care services received by a



1 chronically ill individual provided pursuant to a plan of care
2 prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.

3 (c) A qualified long-term care insurance contract shall
4 condition the payment of benefits on a determination of the
5 insured's inability to perform activities of daily living for an
6 expected period of at least ninety days due to a loss of
7 functional capacity or to severe cognitive impairment.

8 (d) Certifications regarding activities of daily living
9 and cognitive impairment required pursuant to subsection (c)
10 shall be performed by a licensed health care practitioner.

11 (e) Certifications required pursuant to subsection (d) may
12 be performed by a licensed health care practitioner at the
13 direction of the carrier as is reasonably necessary with respect
14 to a specific claim, except that when a licensed health care
15 practitioner has certified that an insured is unable to perform
16 activities of daily living for an expected period of at least
17 ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity and the insured
18 is claiming payment of benefits, the certification may not be
19 rescinded and additional certifications may not be performed
20 until after the expiration of the ninety-day period.



1 (f) Qualified long-term care insurance contracts shall
2 include a clear description of the process for appealing and
3 resolving disputes with respect to benefit determinations.

4 **§431:10H-III Penalties.** In addition to any other
5 penalties provided by the laws of this State, any insurer or
6 producer found to have violated any requirement of this State
7 relating to the regulation of long-term care insurance or the
8 marketing of long-term care insurance shall be subject to a fine
9 of up to three times the amount of any commissions paid for each
10 policy involved in the violation or up to \$10,000, whichever is
11 greater."

12 SECTION 5. Section 431:10H-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13 is amended by adding three new definitions to read as follows:

14 "Exceptional increase" means only those increases filed by
15 an insurer that are extraordinary and for which the commissioner
16 determines the need for the premium rate increase is justified:

17 (1) Due to:

18 (A) Changes in laws or rules applicable to long-term
19 care coverage in this State; or

20 (B) Increased and unexpected utilization that affects
21 the majority of insurers of similar products;



1 (2) Except as provided in section 431:10H-232, exceptional
2 increases are subject to the same requirements as
3 other premium rate schedule increases;

4 (3) The commissioner may request a review by an
5 independent actuary or a professional actuarial body
6 of the basis for a request that an increase be
7 considered an exceptional increase; and

8 (4) The commissioner, in determining that the necessary
9 basis for an exceptional increase exists, shall also
10 determine any potential offsets to higher claims
11 costs.

12 "Incidental", as used in section 431:10H-GGG(j), means that
13 the value of the long-term care benefits provided is less than
14 ten per cent of the total value of the benefits provided over
15 the life of the policy. These values shall be measured as of
16 the date of issue.

17 "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally
18 tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract" means an
19 individual or group insurance contract that meets the
20 requirements of section 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of
21 1986, as amended, as follows:



- 1 (1) The only insurance protection provided under the
2 contract is coverage of qualified long-term care
3 services. A contract shall not fail to satisfy the
4 requirements of this paragraph by reason of payments
5 being made on a per diem or other periodic basis
6 without regard to the expenses incurred during the
7 period to which the payments relate;
- 8 (2) The contract does not pay or reimburse expenses
9 incurred for services or items to the extent that the
10 expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII of the
11 Social Security Act, as amended, or would be so
12 reimbursable but for the application of a deductible
13 or coinsurance amount. The requirements of this
14 paragraph do not apply to expenses that are
15 reimbursable under Title XVIII of the Social Security
16 Act only as a secondary payor. A contract shall not
17 fail to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph by
18 reason of payments being made on a per diem or other
19 periodic basis without regard to the expenses incurred
20 during the period to which the payments relate;



- 1 (3) The contract is guaranteed renewable, within the
2 meaning of section 7702B(b) (1) (C) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- 4 (4) The contract does not provide for a cash surrender
5 value or other money that can be paid, assigned,
6 pledged as collateral for a loan, or borrowed except
7 as provided in paragraph (5);
- 8 (5) All refunds of premiums and all policyholder dividends
9 or similar amounts under the contract are to be
10 applied as a reduction in future premiums or to
11 increase future benefits, except that a refund on the
12 event of death of the insured or a complete surrender
13 or cancellation of the contract cannot exceed the
14 aggregate premiums paid under the contract; and
- 15 (6) The contract meets the consumer protection provisions
16 set forth in section 7702B(g) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code of 1986, as amended.
- 18 "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax-
19 qualified long-term care insurance contract" also means the
20 portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term
21 care insurance coverage by rider or as part of the contract and



1 that satisfies the requirements of section 7702B(b) and (e) of
2 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended."

3 SECTION 6. Section 431:10H-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4 is amended by amending the definition of "long-term care
5 insurance" to read as follows:

6 "Long-term care insurance" means any insurance policy or
7 rider advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide
8 coverage for not less than twelve consecutive months for each
9 covered person on an expense incurred, indemnity, prepaid, or
10 other basis, for one or more necessary or medically necessary
11 diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative,
12 maintenance, or personal care services, provided in a setting
13 other than an acute care unit of a hospital. The term includes
14 group and individual annuities and life insurance policies or
15 riders that provide directly or that supplement long-term care
16 insurance. The term also includes a policy or rider that
17 provides for payment of benefits based upon cognitive impairment
18 or loss of functional capacity. The term shall also include
19 qualified long-term care insurance contracts. Long-term care
20 insurance may be issued by insurers, fraternal benefit
21 societies, nonprofit health, hospital, and medical service
22 corporations, prepaid health plans, health maintenance



1 organizations, or any similar organization to the extent they
2 are otherwise authorized to issue life or health insurance.

3 Long-term care insurance shall not include any insurance
4 policy [~~which~~] that is offered primarily to provide basic
5 medicare supplement coverage, basic hospital expense coverage,
6 basic medical-surgical expense coverage, hospital confinement
7 indemnity coverage, major medical expense coverage, disability
8 income or related asset-protection coverage, accident only
9 coverage, specified disease or specified accident coverage, or
10 limited benefit health coverage.

11 With regard to life insurance, this term does not include
12 life insurance policies [~~which~~] that accelerate the death
13 benefit specifically for one or more of the qualifying events of
14 terminal illness, medical conditions requiring extraordinary
15 medical intervention, or permanent institutional confinement,
16 and [~~which~~] that provide the option of a lump-sum payment for
17 those benefits and in which neither the benefits nor the
18 eligibility for the benefits is conditioned upon the receipt of
19 long-term care.

20 Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein, any
21 product advertised, marketed, or offered as long-term care
22 insurance shall be subject to this article."



1 SECTION 7. Section 431:10H-111, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
2 is amended to read as follows:

3 "[f]§431:10H-111[+] **Right to return; free look provision.**

4 Long-term care insurance applicants shall have the right to
5 return the policy or certificate within thirty days of its
6 delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination
7 of the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for
8 any reason. Long-term care insurance policies and certificates
9 shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or
10 attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall
11 have the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty
12 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after
13 examination of the policy or certificate, other than a
14 certificate issued pursuant to a policy issued to a group
15 defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "group long-term
16 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, the applicant is not
17 satisfied for any reason. This section shall also apply to a
18 denial of an application for a long-term care contract. Any
19 refund shall be made within thirty days of the return or
20 denial."

21 SECTION 8. Section 431:10H-112, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
22 is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:



- 1 "(b) The outline of coverage shall include:
- 2 (1) A description of the principal benefits and coverage
3 provided in the policy;
- 4 (2) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions,
5 and limitations contained in the policy;
- 6 (3) A statement of the terms under which the policy or
7 certificate, or both, may be continued in force or
8 discontinued, including any reservation in the policy
9 of a right to change premium. Continuation or
10 conversion provisions of group coverage shall be
11 specifically described;
- 12 (4) A statement that the outline of coverage is a summary
13 only, not a contract of insurance, and that the policy
14 or group master policy contains governing contractual
15 provisions;
- 16 (5) A description of the terms under which the policy or
17 certificate may be returned and premium refunded;
18 ~~[and]~~
- 19 (6) A brief description of the relationship of costs of
20 care and benefits~~[-]~~; and
- 21 (7) A statement that discloses to the policyholder or
22 certificate holder whether the policy is intended to



1 be a federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance
2 contract under section 7702B(b) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended."

4 SECTION 9. Section 431:10H-114, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
5 is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

6 "(a) At the time of policy delivery, a policy summary
7 shall be delivered for an individual life insurance policy that
8 provides long-term care benefits within the policy~~[-]~~ or by
9 rider. In the case of direct response solicitations, the
10 insurer shall deliver the policy summary upon the applicant's
11 request, but regardless of the request shall make delivery no
12 later than at the time of policy delivery. In addition to
13 complying with all applicable requirements, the policy summary
14 shall also include:

15 (1) An explanation of how the long-term care benefit
16 interacts with other components of the policy,
17 including deductions from death benefits;

18 (2) An illustration of the amount of benefits, the length
19 of benefit, and the guaranteed lifetime benefits if
20 any, for each covered person;

21 (3) Any exclusions, reductions, and limitations on
22 benefits of long-term care;



- 1 (4) A statement that any long-term care inflation
2 protection option required by section 431:10H-220 is
3 not available under this policy;
- 4 (5) If applicable to the policy type, the summary shall
5 also include a disclosure of the effects of exercising
6 other rights under the policy, a disclosure of
7 guarantees related to long-term care costs of
8 insurance charges, and current and projected maximum
9 lifetime benefits; and
- 10 (6) The provisions of the policy summary listed above may
11 be incorporated into a basic illustration required to
12 be delivered or into the life insurance policy summary
13 ~~[which]~~ that is required to be delivered."

14 SECTION 10. Section 431:10H-201, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
15 is amended to read as follows:

16 "[~~+~~]**\$431:10H-201**[~~+~~] **Policy definitions.** (a) No long-term
17 care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this
18 State shall use the terms set forth in this section, unless the
19 terms are defined in the policy and the definitions satisfy the
20 following requirements:

21 "Activities of daily living" means at least bathing,
22 continence, dressing, eating, toileting, and transferring.



1 "Acute condition" means that the individual is medically
2 unstable. This individual requires frequent monitoring by
3 medical professionals such as physicians and registered nurses,
4 in order to maintain the individual's health status.

5 "Adult day care" means a program for six or more
6 individuals, of social and health-related services provided
7 during the day in a community group setting for the purpose of
8 supporting frail, impaired elderly or other disabled adults who
9 can benefit from care in a group setting outside the home.

10 "Bathing" means washing oneself by sponge bath, or in
11 either a tub or shower, including the task of getting into or
12 out of the tub or shower.

13 "Cognitive impairment" means a deficiency in a person's
14 short- or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place, and
15 time, deductive or abstract reasoning, or judgment as it relates
16 to safety awareness.

17 "Continence" means the ability to maintain control of bowel
18 and bladder function, or when unable to maintain control of
19 bowel or bladder function, the ability to perform associated
20 personal hygiene (including caring for catheter or colostomy
21 bag).



1 "Dressing" means putting on and taking off all items of
2 clothing and any necessary braces, fasteners, or artificial
3 limbs.

4 "Eating" means feeding oneself by getting food into the
5 body from a receptacle (such as a plate, cup, or table) or by a
6 feeding tube or intravenously.

7 "Hands-on assistance" means physical assistance (minimal,
8 moderate, or maximal) without which the individual would not be
9 able to perform the activity of daily living.

10 "Home health care services" means medical and nonmedical
11 services, provided to ill, disabled, or infirm persons in their
12 residences. These services may include homemaker services,
13 assistance with activities of daily living, and respite care
14 services.

15 "Medicare" shall be defined as "The Health Insurance for
16 the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social Security Amendments of
17 1965 as Then Constituted or Later Amended," or Title I, Part I
18 of Public Law 89-97, as Enacted by the Eighty-Ninth Congress of
19 the United States of America and popularly known as the Health
20 Insurance for the Aged Act, as then constituted and any later
21 amendments or substitutes thereof, or words of similar import.



1 "Mental or nervous disorder" means neurosis,
2 psychoneurosis, psychopathy, psychosis, or mental or emotional
3 disease or disorder, and shall not be defined beyond these
4 terms.

5 "Personal care" means the provision of hands-on services to
6 assist an individual with activities of daily living.

7 "Skilled nursing care", [~~"intermediate care"~~], "personal
8 care", "home care", "specialized care", "assisted living care",
9 and other services shall be defined in relation to the level of
10 skill required, the nature of the care, and the setting in which
11 care must be delivered.

12 "Toileting" means getting to and from the toilet, getting
13 on and off the toilet, and performing associated personal
14 hygiene.

15 "Transferring" means moving into or out of a bed, chair, or
16 wheelchair.

17 (b) All providers of services, including but not limited
18 to a "skilled nursing facility", "extended care facility",
19 [~~"intermediate care facility"~~], "convalescent nursing home",
20 "personal care facility", [~~and~~] "assisted living facility",
21 "home care agency", "specialized care providers", shall be
22 defined in relation to the services and facilities required to



1 be available and the licensure, certification, registration, or
2 degree status of those providing or supervising the services.
3 The definition may require that the provider be appropriately
4 licensed ~~[or]~~, certified[-], or registered; provided that when
5 the definition so requires, it shall also state what
6 requirements a provider shall meet in lieu of licensure,
7 certification, or registration when the state in which the
8 service is to be furnished does not require a provider of these
9 services to be licensed, certified, or registered, or when the
10 state licenses, certifies, or registers the provider of services
11 under another name."

12 SECTION 11. Section 431:10H-202, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13 is amended to read as follows:

14 "[~~+~~]**§431:10H-202**[+] **Renewability.** (a) The terms
15 "guaranteed renewable" and "noncancellable" shall not be used in
16 any individual long-term care insurance policy without further
17 explanatory language in accordance with the disclosure
18 requirements of section 431:10H-211. A policy issued to an
19 individual shall not contain renewal provisions other than
20 guaranteed renewable or noncancellable.

21 (b) The term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only when
22 the insured has the right to continue the long-term care



1 insurance in force by the timely payment of premiums and when
2 the insurer has no unilateral right to make any change in any
3 provision of the policy or rider while the insurance is in
4 force, and cannot decline to renew, except that rates may be
5 revised by the insurer on a class basis.

6 (c) The term "noncancellable" means the insured has the
7 right to continue the long-term care insurance in force by the
8 timely payment of premiums during which period the insurer has
9 no right to unilaterally make any change in any provision of the
10 insurance or in the premium rate.

11 (d) The term "level premium" may only be used when the
12 insurer does not have the right to change the premium.

13 (e) In addition to the other requirements of this section,
14 a qualified long-term care insurance contract shall be
15 guaranteed renewable, within the meaning of section
16 7702B(b) (1) (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
17 amended."

18 SECTION 12. Section 431:10H-203, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
19 is amended to read as follows:

20 "[~~f~~]**\$431:10H-203**[~~]~~ **Limitations and exclusions.** (a) A
21 policy may not be delivered or issued for delivery in this State
22 as long-term care insurance if the policy limits or excludes



1 coverage by type of illness, treatment, medical condition, or
2 accident, except as follows:

3 (1) Preexisting conditions or diseases;

4 (2) Mental or nervous disorders; however, this shall not
5 permit exclusion or limitation of benefits on the
6 basis of Alzheimer's disease;

7 (3) Alcoholism and drug addiction;

8 (4) Illness, treatment, or medical condition arising out
9 of:

10 (A) War or act of war, whether declared or
11 undeclared;

12 (B) Participation in a felony, riot, or insurrection;

13 (C) Service in the armed forces or units auxiliary
14 thereto;

15 (D) Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide, or
16 intentionally self-inflicted injury; or

17 (E) Aviation (this exclusion applies only to non-
18 fare-paying passengers); [~~or~~]

19 (5) Treatment provided in a government facility (unless
20 required by law), services for which benefits are
21 available under medicare or other governmental program
22 (except medicaid), any state or federal workers'



1 compensation, employer's liability, or occupational
2 disease law, or any motor vehicle insurance law,
3 services provided by a member of the covered person's
4 immediate family, and services for which no charge is
5 normally made in the absence of insurance[-];

6 (6) Expenses for services or items available or paid under
7 another long-term care insurance or health insurance
8 policy; or

9 (7) In the case of a qualified long-term care insurance
10 contract, expenses for services or items to the extent
11 that the expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII
12 of the Social Security Act or would be so reimbursable
13 but for the application of a deductible or coinsurance
14 amount.

15 (b) This section is not intended to prohibit exclusions
16 and limitations by type of provider [~~or territorial~~
17 ~~limitations~~]. However, no long-term care issuer may deny a
18 claim because services are provided in a state other than the
19 state of policy issue under the following conditions:

20 (1) When the state other than the state of policy issue
21 does not have the provider licensing, certification,
22 or registration required in the policy, but where the



1 provider satisfies the policy requirements outlined
2 for providers in lieu of licensure, certification,
3 registration; or

4 (2) When the state other than the state of policy issue
5 licenses, certifies, or registers the provider under
6 another name.

7 For purposes of this subsection, "state of policy issue"
8 means the state in which the individual policy or certificate
9 was originally issued.

10 (c) This section is not intended to prohibit territorial
11 limitations."

12 SECTION 13. Section 431:10H-211, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13 is amended to read as follows:

14 "~~§~~**431:10H-211**~~§~~ **Disclosure; renewability.** (a)
15 Individual long-term care insurance policies shall contain a
16 renewability provision. The provision shall be appropriately
17 captioned, shall appear on the first page of the policy, and
18 shall clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability
19 and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is
20 issued and for which it may be renewed. This provision shall
21 not apply to policies that do not contain a nonrenewability



1 provision, and under which the right to nonrenew is reserved
2 solely to the policyholder.

3 (b) A long-term care insurance policy or certificate,
4 other than one where the insurer does not have the right to
5 change the premium, shall include a statement that premium rates
6 may change."

7 SECTION 14. Section 431:10H-216, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
8 is amended to read as follows:

9 "[+]§431:10H-216[+] **Disclosure of tax consequences.** With
10 regard to life insurance policies that provide for an
11 accelerated benefit for long-term care, a disclosure is required
12 at the time of application for the policy and at the time the
13 accelerated benefit payment request is submitted that receipt of
14 these accelerated benefits may be taxable, and that assistance
15 should be sought from a personal tax advisor. The disclosure
16 statement shall be prominently displayed on the first page of
17 the policy and any other related documents. This section shall
18 not apply to qualified long-term care insurance contracts."

19 SECTION 15. Section 431:10H-218, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
20 is amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

21 "(f) Every insurer or other entity selling or issuing
22 long-term care insurance benefits shall maintain a record of all



1 policy or certificate rescissions, both state and countrywide,
2 except those that the insured voluntarily effectuated. Every
3 insurer shall annually furnish this information to the insurance
4 commissioner in the format prescribed by the National
5 Association of Insurance Commissioners in Appendix A to the
6 ~~[July 1998]~~ April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model
7 Regulation."

8 SECTION 16. Section 431:10H-221, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
9 is amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as
10 follows:

11 "(c) Upon determining that a sale will involve
12 replacement, an insurer, other than an insurer using direct
13 response solicitation methods, or its producer, shall furnish
14 the applicant, prior to issuance or delivery of the individual
15 long-term care insurance policy, a notice regarding replacement
16 of accident and health or sickness or long-term care coverage.
17 One copy of the notice shall be retained by the applicant and an
18 additional copy signed by the applicant shall be retained by the
19 insurer. The required notice shall be provided in the same
20 manner as shown in ~~[Section 12(C) of the July 1998]~~ section 14C
21 of the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model
22 Regulation.



1 (d) Insurers using direct response solicitation methods
2 shall deliver a notice regarding replacement of accident and
3 health or sickness or long-term care coverage to the applicant
4 upon issuance of the policy. The required notice shall be
5 provided in the same manner as shown in [~~Section 12(D) of the~~
6 ~~July 1998]~~ section 14D of the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care
7 Insurance Model Regulation."

8 SECTION 17. Section 431:10H-222, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
9 is amended to read as follows:

10 "**§431:10H-222 Reporting requirements.** (a) Every insurer
11 shall maintain records for each producer of the producer's
12 amount of replacement sales as a per cent of the producer's
13 total annual sales and the amount of lapses of long-term care
14 insurance policies sold by the producer as a per cent of the
15 producer's total annual sales.

16 (b) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the ten
17 per cent of its producers with the greatest percentages of
18 lapses and replacements as measured in subsection (a). The form
19 shall be in the format contained in Appendix G to the April,
20 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

21 (c) Reported replacement and lapse rates do not alone
22 constitute a violation of insurance laws or necessarily imply



1 wrongdoing. The reports are for the purpose of reviewing more
2 closely producer activities regarding the sale of long-term care
3 insurance.

4 (d) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the
5 number of lapsed policies as a per cent of its total annual
6 sales and as a per cent of its total number of policies in force
7 as of the end of the preceding calendar year. The form shall be
8 in the format contained in Appendix G to the April, 2002, NAIC
9 Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

10 (e) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the
11 number of replacement policies sold as a per cent of its total
12 annual sales and as a per cent of its total number of policies
13 in force as of the end of the preceding calendar year. The form
14 shall be in the format contained in Appendix G to the April,
15 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

16 (f) For [~~purposes of this section, "policy" means only~~
17 ~~long-term care insurance and "report" means on a statewide~~
18 ~~basis.] qualified long-term care insurance contracts, every
19 insurer shall report annually by June 30, the number of claims
20 denied for each class of business, expressed as a percentage of
21 claims denied. The form shall be in the format contained in~~



1 Appendix E to the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance
2 Model Regulation.

3 (g) Reports required under this section shall be filed
4 with the commissioner.

5 (h) For purposes of this section:

6 "Claim" means a request for payment of benefits under an in
7 force policy regardless of whether the benefit claimed is
8 covered under the policy or any terms or conditions of the
9 policy have been met. Claims shall be subject to the definition
10 of "denied".

11 "Denied" means the insurer refuses to pay a claim for any
12 reason other than for claims not paid for failure to meet the
13 waiting period or because of an applicable preexisting
14 condition.

15 "Policy" means only long-term care insurance.

16 "Report" means on a statewide basis."

17 SECTION 18. Section 431:10H-226, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
18 is amended to read as follows:

19 "[~~§~~431:10H-226~~§~~] **Loss ratio.** (a) Benefits under long-
20 term care insurance policies shall be deemed reasonable in
21 relation to premiums; provided that the expected loss ratio is
22 at least sixty per cent, calculated in a manner that provides



1 for adequate reserving of the long-term care insurance risk. In
2 evaluating the expected loss ratio due consideration shall be
3 given to all relevant factors, including:

- 4 (1) Statistical credibility of incurred claims experience
5 and earned premiums;
- 6 (2) The period for which rates are computed to provide
7 coverage;
- 8 (3) Experienced and projected trends;
- 9 (4) Concentration of experience within early policy
10 duration;
- 11 (5) Expected claim fluctuation;
- 12 (6) Experience refunds, adjustments, or dividends;
- 13 (7) Renewability features;
- 14 (8) All appropriate expense factors;
- 15 (9) Interest;
- 16 (10) Experimental nature of the coverage;
- 17 (11) Policy reserves;
- 18 (12) Mix of business by risk classification, if applicable;
19 and
- 20 (13) Product features such as long elimination periods,
21 high deductibles, and high maximum limits.



1 (b) For purposes of this section, the commissioner shall
2 consult with a qualified long-term care actuary.

3 (c) Subsection (a) shall not apply to life insurance
4 policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care. A life
5 insurance policy that funds long-term care benefits entirely by
6 accelerating the death benefit is considered to provide
7 reasonable benefits in relation to premiums paid, if the policy
8 complies with all of the following provisions:

- 9 (1) The interest credited internally to determine cash
10 value accumulations, including long-term care, if any,
11 are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum
12 guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations
13 without long-term care set forth in the policy;
- 14 (2) The portion of the policy that provides life insurance
15 benefits meets the nonforfeiture requirements for life
16 insurance;
- 17 (3) The policy meets the disclosure requirements of
18 section 431:10H-114 as applicable;
- 19 (4) Any policy illustration that meets the applicable
20 requirements for policy illustration;
- 21 (5) An actuarial memorandum is filed with the insurance
22 division that includes:



- 1 (A) A description of the basis on which the long-term
2 care rates were determined;
- 3 (B) A description of the basis for the reserves;
- 4 (C) A summary of the type of policy, benefits,
5 renewability, general marketing method, and
6 limits on ages of issuance;
- 7 (D) A description and a table of each actuarial
8 assumption used. For expenses, an insurer shall
9 include per cent of premium dollars per policy
10 and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;
- 11 (E) A description and a table of the anticipated
12 policy reserves and additional reserves to be
13 held in each future year for active lives;
- 14 (F) The estimated average annual premium per policy
15 and the average issue age;
- 16 (G) A statement as to whether underwriting is
17 performed at the time of application. The
18 statement shall indicate whether underwriting is
19 used, and if used, the statement shall include a
20 description of the type or types of underwriting
21 used such as medical underwriting or functional
22 assessment underwriting. Concerning a group



1 policy, the statement shall indicate whether the
2 enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten
3 and when underwriting occurs; and

4 (H) A description of the effect of the long-term care
5 policy provision on the required premiums,
6 nonforfeiture values, and reserves on the
7 underlying life insurance policy, both for active
8 lives and those in long-term care claim status.

9 (d) This section shall apply to all long-term care
10 insurance policies or certificates except those covered under
11 sections 431:10H-EEE and 431:10H-GGG."

12 SECTION 19. Section 431:10H-229, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13 is amended to read as follows:

14 "**§431:10H-229 Standards for marketing.** (a) Every
15 insurer, health care service plan, or other entity marketing
16 long-term care insurance coverage in this State, directly or
17 through producers, shall:

18 (1) Establish marketing procedures to assure that any
19 comparison of policies by its producers will be fair
20 and accurate;

21 (2) Establish marketing procedures to assure excessive
22 insurance is not sold or issued;



- 1 (3) Display prominently by type, stamp, or other
2 appropriate means, on the first page of the outline of
3 coverage and policy the following:
4 "Notice to buyer: This policy may not cover all of
5 the costs associated with long-term care incurred by
6 the buyer during the period of coverage. The buyer is
7 advised to review carefully all policy limitations.";
- 8 (4) Inquire and otherwise make every reasonable effort to
9 identify whether a prospective applicant or enrollee
10 for long-term care insurance currently has long-term
11 care insurance and the types and amounts of any such
12 insurance[+], except that in the case of qualified
13 long-term care insurance contracts, an inquiry into
14 whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for long-
15 term care insurance has accident and sickness
16 insurance is not required;
- 17 (5) Every insurer or entity marketing long-term care
18 insurance shall establish auditable procedures for
19 verifying compliance with subsection (a);
- 20 (6) If the state in which the policy or certificate is to
21 be delivered or issued for delivery has a senior
22 insurance counseling program approved by the



1 commissioner, the insurer, at solicitation, shall
2 provide written notice to the prospective policyholder
3 or certificate holder of a state senior insurance
4 counseling program including the name, address, and
5 telephone number of the program; ~~and~~

6 (7) For long-term care health insurance policies and
7 certificates, use the terms "noncancellable" or "level
8 premium" only when the policy or certificate conforms
9 to section 431:10H-202~~[+]~~;

10 (8) Provide copies of the disclosure forms required in
11 section 431:10H-DDD(c) to the applicant; and

12 (9) Provide an explanation of contingent benefit upon
13 lapse provided for in section 431:10H-233(f).

14 (b) In addition to the acts or practices prohibited in
15 article 13 ~~[of this chapter]~~, all of the following acts and
16 practices are prohibited:

17 (1) Twisting. Knowingly making any misleading
18 representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison
19 of any insurance policies or insurers for the purpose
20 of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to
21 lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge,
22 assign, borrow on, or convert any insurance policy or



1 to take out a policy of insurance with another
2 insurer.

3 (2) High pressure tactics. Employing any method of
4 marketing having the effect of or tending to induce
5 the purchase of insurance through force, fright,
6 threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure
7 to purchase or recommend purchase of insurance.

8 (3) Cold lead advertising. Making use directly or
9 indirectly of any method of marketing which fails to
10 disclose in a conspicuous manner that a purpose of the
11 method of marketing is solicitation of insurance and
12 that contact will be made by an insurance producer or
13 insurance company.

14 (4) Misrepresentation. Falsifying a material fact in
15 selling or offering to sell a long-term care insurance
16 policy."

17 SECTION 20. Section 431:10H-230, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
18 is amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

19 "(f) The association shall also:

20 (1) At the time of the association's decision to endorse,
21 engage the services of a person with expertise in
22 long-term care insurance not affiliated with the



1 insurer to conduct an examination of the policies,
2 including benefits, features, and rates, and update
3 the examination thereafter in the event of material
4 change;

5 (2) Actively monitor the marketing efforts of the insurer
6 and its producers; and

7 (3) Review and approve all marketing materials or other
8 insurance communications used to promote sales or sent
9 to members regarding the policies or certificates.

10 This subsection shall not apply to qualified long-term care
11 insurance contracts."

12 SECTION 21. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13 is amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

14 "(c) To determine whether the applicant meets the
15 standards developed by the issuer, the producer and issuer shall
16 develop procedures that take the following into consideration:

17 (1) The ability to pay for the proposed coverage and other
18 pertinent financial information related to the
19 purchase of the coverage;

20 (2) The applicant's goals or needs with respect to long-
21 term care and the advantages and disadvantages of
22 insurance to meet these goals or needs; and



1 (3) The values, benefits, and costs of the applicant's
2 existing insurance, if any, when compared to the
3 values, benefits, and costs of the recommended
4 purchase or replacement.

5 The issuer, and where a producer is involved, the producer shall
6 make reasonable efforts to obtain the information set out above.
7 The efforts shall include presentation to the applicant, at or
8 prior to application, the "Long-Term Care Insurance Personal
9 Worksheet". The personal worksheet used by the issuer shall
10 contain, at a minimum, information in the format contained in
11 Appendix B of the [~~July 1998~~] April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care
12 Insurance Model Regulation, in not less than twelve-point type.
13 The issuer may request the applicant to provide additional
14 information to comply with its suitability standards. A copy of
15 the issuer's personal worksheet shall be filed with the
16 commissioner."

17 SECTION 22. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
18 is amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

19 "(e) The sale or dissemination outside the company or
20 agency by the issuer or producer of information obtained through
21 the personal worksheet in Appendix B of the [~~July 1998~~] April,



1 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation is
2 prohibited."

3 SECTION 23. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4 is amended by amending subsections (g) and (h) to read as
5 follows:

6 "(g) At the same time as the personal worksheet is
7 provided to the applicant, the disclosure form entitled "Things
8 You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance" shall
9 be provided. The form shall be in the format contained in
10 Appendix C to the [~~July 1998~~] December, 2006, NAIC Long-Term
11 Care Insurance Model Regulation, in not less than twelve-point
12 type.

13 (h) If the issuer determines that the applicant does not
14 meet its financial suitability standards, or if the applicant
15 has declined to provide the information, the issuer may reject
16 the application. In the alternative, the issuer shall send the
17 applicant a letter similar to the [~~July 1998~~] April, 2002, NAIC
18 Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation, Appendix D. However,
19 if the applicant has declined to provide financial information,
20 the issuer may use some other method to verify the applicant's
21 intent. Either the applicant's returned letter or a record of



1 the alternate method of verification shall be made part of the
2 applicant's file."

3 SECTION 24. Section 431:10H-233, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4 is amended to read as follows:

5 "[+]§431:10H-233[+] **Nonforfeiture benefit requirement.**

6 (a) This section does not apply to life insurance policies
7 containing accelerated long-term care benefits.

8 (b) To comply with the requirement to offer a
9 nonforfeiture benefit pursuant to section 431:10H-116, the
10 following shall be met:

11 (1) A policy or certificate offered with nonforfeiture
12 benefits shall have coverage elements, eligibility,
13 benefit triggers, and benefit length that are the same
14 as coverage to be issued without nonforfeiture
15 benefits. The nonforfeiture benefit included in the
16 offer shall be the benefit described in subsection
17 (h); and

18 (2) The offer shall be in writing if the nonforfeiture
19 benefit is not otherwise described in the outline of
20 coverage or other materials given to the prospective
21 policyholder.



1 (c) If the offer required to be made under section
2 431:10H-116 is rejected, the insurer shall provide the
3 contingent benefit upon lapse described in this section.

4 (d) After rejection of the offer required under section
5 431:10H-116, for individual and group policies without
6 nonforfeiture benefits issued after June 30, 2000, the insurer
7 shall provide a contingent benefit upon lapse.

8 (e) If a group policyholder elects to make the
9 nonforfeiture benefit an option to the certificate holder, a
10 certificate shall provide either the nonforfeiture benefit or
11 the contingent benefit upon lapse.

12 (f) The contingent benefit on lapse shall be triggered
13 every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level
14 which results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium
15 equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial
16 annual premium set forth in the table below based on the
17 insured's issue age, and the policy or certificate lapses within
18 one hundred twenty days of the due date of the premium so
19 increased. Unless otherwise required, policyholders and
20 certificate holders shall be notified at least thirty days prior
21 to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

22 Triggers for a Substantial Premium Increase



	<u>Issue Age</u>	<u>Per Cent Increase Over Initial Premium</u>
1		
2		
3	29 and under	200%
4	30-34	190%
5	35-39	170%
6	40-44	150%
7	45-49	130%
8	50-54	110%
9	55-59	90%
10	60	70%
11	61	66%
12	62	62%
13	63	58%
14	64	54%
15	65	50%
16	66	48%
17	67	46%
18	68	44%
19	69	42%
20	70	40%
21	71	38%
22	72	36%



1	73	34%
2	74	32%
3	75	30%
4	76	28%
5	77	26%
6	78	24%
7	79	22%
8	80	20%
9	81	19%
10	82	18%
11	83	17%
12	84	16%
13	85	15%
14	86	14%
15	87	13%
16	88	12%
17	89	11%
18	90 and over	10%

19 (g) On or before the effective date of a substantial
20 premium increase as defined in subsection (f), the insurer
21 shall:



1 (1) Offer to reduce policy benefits provided by the
2 current coverage without the requirement of additional
3 underwriting so that required premium payments are not
4 increased;

5 (2) Offer to convert the coverage to a paid-up status with
6 a shortened benefit period in accordance with the
7 terms of subsection (h). This option may be elected
8 at any time during the one-hundred-twenty-day period
9 referenced in subsection (f); and

10 (3) Notify the policyholder and certificate holder that a
11 default or lapse at any time during the one-hundred-
12 twenty-day period under subsection (f) shall be deemed
13 to be the election offer to convert in paragraph (2).

14 (h) Benefits continued as nonforfeiture benefits,
15 including contingent benefits upon lapse, are described in this
16 subsection, as follows:

17 (1) For purposes of this subsection, attained age rating
18 is defined as a schedule of premiums starting from the
19 issue date which increases age at least one per cent
20 per year prior to age fifty, and at least three per
21 cent per year beyond age fifty;



- 1 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the nonforfeiture
2 benefit shall be of a shortened benefit period
3 providing paid-up long-term care insurance coverage
4 after lapse. The same benefits (amounts and frequency
5 in effect at the time of lapse but not increased
6 thereafter) shall be payable for a qualifying claim,
7 but the lifetime maximum dollars or days of benefits
8 shall be determined as provided in paragraph (3);
- 9 (3) The standard nonforfeiture credit shall be equal to
10 one hundred per cent of the sum of all premiums paid,
11 including the premiums paid prior to any changes in
12 benefits. The insurer may offer additional shortened
13 benefit period options, as long as the benefits for
14 each duration equal or exceed the standard forfeiture
15 credit for that duration. However, the minimum
16 nonforfeiture credit shall not be less than thirty
17 times the daily nursing home benefit at the time of
18 lapse. In either event, the calculation of the
19 nonforfeiture credit is subject to the limitation of
20 subsection (i);
- 21 (4) The nonforfeiture benefit and contingent benefit upon
22 lapse shall begin not later than the end of the third



1 year following the policy or certificate issue date.

2 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, except for a
3 policy or certificate with a contingent benefit upon
4 lapse or a policy or certificate with attained age
5 rating, the nonforfeiture benefit shall begin the
6 earlier of:

7 (A) The end of the tenth year following the policy or
8 certificate issue date; or

9 (B) The end of the second year following the date the
10 policy or certificate is no longer subject to
11 attained age rating; and

12 (5) Nonforfeiture credits may be used for all care and
13 services qualifying for benefits under the terms of
14 the policy or certificate, up to the limits specified
15 in the policy or certificate.

16 (i) All benefits paid by the insurer while the policy or
17 certificate is in premium paying status and in paid up status
18 shall not exceed the maximum benefits which would be payable if
19 the policy or certificate had remained in premium paying status.

20 (j) There shall be no difference in the minimum
21 nonforfeiture benefits as required under this section for group
22 and individual policies.



1 (k) The requirements set forth in this section shall
2 become effective July 1, 2000, and shall apply as follows:

3 (1) This section shall apply to any long-term care policy
4 issued in this State after June 30, 2000; and

5 (2) For certificates issued after June 30, 2000, under a
6 group long-term care insurance policy as defined in
7 paragraph (1) under the definition of "group long-term
8 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, which policy
9 was in force on July 1, 2000, this section shall not
10 apply.

11 (1) Premiums charged for a policy or certificate
12 containing nonforfeiture benefits or contingent benefit on lapse
13 shall be subject to the loss ratio requirements of section
14 431:10H-226 or 431:10H-GGG, whichever is applicable, treating
15 the policy as a whole.

16 (m) To determine whether contingent nonforfeiture upon
17 lapse provisions are triggered under subsection (f), a replacing
18 insurer that purchases or assumes a block or blocks of long-term
19 care insurance policies from another insurer shall calculate the
20 percentage increase based on the initial annual premium paid by
21 the insured when the policy was first purchased from the
22 original insurer.



1 (n) A nonforfeiture benefit for qualified long-term care
2 insurance contracts that are level premium contracts shall be
3 offered that meets the following requirements:

4 (1) The nonforfeiture provision shall be appropriately
5 captioned;

6 (2) The nonforfeiture provision shall provide a benefit
7 available in the event of a default in the payment of
8 any premiums and shall state that the amount of the
9 benefit may be adjusted subsequent to being initially
10 granted only as necessary to reflect changes in
11 claims, persistency, and interest as reflected in
12 changes in rates for premium paying contracts approved
13 by the commissioner for the same contract form; and

14 (3) The nonforfeiture provision shall provide at least one
15 of the following:

16 (A) Reduced paid-up insurance;

17 (B) Extended term insurance;

18 (C) Shortened benefit period; or

19 (D) Other similar offerings approved by the
20 commissioner."

21 SECTION 25. Section 431:10H-235, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
22 is amended to read as follows:



1 " [†]§431:10H-235[†] **Standard format outline of coverage;**
2 **group and individual policies.** This section implements,
3 interprets, and makes specific, the provisions of section
4 431:10H-112 in prescribing a standard format and the content of
5 an outline of coverage, as follows:

- 6 (1) The outline of coverage shall be a freestanding
7 document, using no smaller than ten-point type;
- 8 (2) The outline of coverage shall contain no material of
9 an advertising nature;
- 10 (3) Text that is capitalized or underscored in the
11 standard format outline of coverage may be emphasized
12 by other means that provide prominence equivalent to
13 the capitalization or underscoring;
- 14 (4) Use of the text and sequence of text of the standard
15 format outline of coverage is mandatory, unless
16 otherwise specifically indicated; and
- 17 (5) The format for outline of coverage shall be
18 substantially similar to the Outline of Coverage in
19 ~~[Section 25]~~ section 29 of the ~~[July 1998]~~ April,
20 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation."



1 PART III.

2 SECTION 26. Section 431:2-209, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

4 "(e) The following records and reports on file with the
5 commissioner shall be confidential and protected from discovery,
6 production, and disclosure for so long as the commissioner deems
7 prudent:

8 (1) Complaints and investigation reports;

9 (2) Working papers of examinations, complaints, and
10 investigation reports;

11 (3) Proprietary information, including trade secrets,
12 commercial information, and business plans, which, if
13 disclosed may result in competitive harm to the person
14 providing the information;

15 (4) Any documents or information received from the National
16 Association of Insurance Commissioners, the federal
17 government, insurance regulatory agencies of foreign
18 countries, or insurance departments of other states,
19 territories, and commonwealths that are confidential in
20 other jurisdictions. The commissioner [~~shall be~~
21 ~~authorized to~~] may share information, including
22 otherwise confidential information, with the National



1 Association of Insurance Commissioners, the federal
2 government, insurance regulatory agencies of foreign
3 countries, or insurance departments of other states,
4 territories, and commonwealths so long as the statutes
5 or regulations of the other jurisdictions permit them
6 to maintain the same level of confidentiality as
7 required under Hawaii law."

8 PART IV.

9 SECTION 27. In codifying the new sections added by
10 sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
11 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
12 designating the new sections in this Act.

13 SECTION 28. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

15 SECTION 29. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.



Report Title:

Conforms statutes

Description:

Conforms current statutes to recommendations of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) with respect to: (1) the authority required to implement rules to carry out the directives of the federal Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act; (2) long-term care insurance; and (3) the sharing of information with the insurance regulatory agencies of foreign countries.

