JAN 2 5 2006

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1		SECT	TION 1. The purpose of this bill is to amend chapter
2	329,	Hawa	aii Revised Statutes, by:
3		(1)	Adding and amending definitions to section 329-1,
4			Hawaii Revised Statutes, to be consistent with federal
5			law;
6		(2)	Establishing central fill pharmacies;
7		(3)	Clarifying the circumstances under which narcotics may
8			be used;
9		(4)	Clarifying the requirements of a controlled substance
10			prescription;
11		(5)	Clarifying the conditions for the transmittal of
12			prescriptions [via] by facsimile equipment;
13		(6)	Adding new violations of prohibited acts; and
14		(7)	Allowing the sharing of controlled substances
15			prescription information with other governmental
16			agencies.

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         SECTION 2. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by adding eight new definitions to be appropriately
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    inserted and to read as follows:
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         ""Address" means, with respect to prescriptions, the
5
    physical location where an individual resides such as:
6
              Street address, city and state;
         (1)
7
         (2)
              Tax map key number; or
8
         (3)
              The description of a physical location.
9
         "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy located in the
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    State which is registered pursuant to section 329-32 to prepare
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    and dispense controlled substance orders pursuant to a valid
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    prescription transmitted to it by a registered pharmacy. A
13
    central fill pharmacies shall be deemed authorized to fill
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    prescriptions on behalf of a pharmacy only if the pharmacy and
15
    the central fill pharmacy have a contractual relationship
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    providing for these activities, or share a common owner.
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         "Detoxification treatment" means the dispensing, for a
18
    specific period of time, of a narcotic drug in decreasing doses
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    to an individual to alleviate adverse physiological or
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    psychological effects incident to withdrawal from the continuous
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    or sustained used of a narcotic drug and as a method of bringing
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1 the individual to a narcotic drug-free state within a specified 2 period of time. For the purposes of this section: Short-term detoxification treatment means a period not 3 (1) 4 more than 30 days; 5 (2) Long-term detoxification treatment means a period of more than 30 days but not more than 180 days. 6 7 "Maintenance treatment" means the dispensing of a narcotic 8 drug in the treatment of an individual for dependence upon 9 heroin or other morphine-like drug, for a period of not more 10 than twenty-one days. 11 "Pharmacist" means a person who is licensed or holds a 12 permit under chapter 461 to practice pharmacy, including a 13 pharmacy intern who is under the immediate and direct 14 supervision of a licensed pharmacist. 15 "Prescribe" means to direct, designate, or order the use of a formula for the preparation of a drug and medicine for a 16 17 disease or illness and the manner of using them. "Prescriber" means one who is authorized to issue a 18 19 prescription. 20 "Prescription" means an order or formula issued by a 21 licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry,

1 dentistry, or veterinary medicine, for the compounding or 2 dispensing of drugs." 3 SECTION 3. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending the definitions of "identification number" 5 and "practitioner" to read as follows: 6 ""Identification number" means, with respect to a patient: (1) The unique $[\tau]$ number on the valid driver's license number or state identification card issued to [of] the 8 9 patient, followed by [the two-digit United States 10 Postal Service code] the abbreviation for the state 11 issuing the driver's license [or, if the patient is a 12 foreign patient, the patient's passport number. If 13 the patient does not have a driver's license, the 14 "identification number" means the patient's social 15 security number, followed by the patient's state of 16 residency code. If the patient is less than eighteen 17 years old and has no such identification, the 18 identification number means the unique number 19 contained on the valid driver's license of the patient's parent or guardian; or] or identification 20 21 card;

1	(2)	If the patient is a foreign patient, the patient's
2		<pre>passport number;</pre>
3	(3)	If the patient does not have a valid driver's license
4		or state identification card, the patient's social
5		security number, followed by the patient's state
6		abbreviation;
7	(4)	If the patient is less than eighteen years of age and
8		has none of the identification in paragraphs (1), (2),
9		or (3) of this section, the unique number on the valid
10		driver's license, state identification card, or
11		passport of the patient's parent on guardian; or
12	[-(2)-]	(5) If the controlled substance is obtained for an
13		animal, the unique number of the animal's owner as
14		described in [paragraph] paragraphs [(1), (2), or
15		(3) of [the animal's owner.] of this section.
16	"Prac	ctitioner" means:
17	(1)	A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
18		investigator, or other person licensed and registered
19		under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or
20		conduct research with respect to a controlled
21		substance in the course of professional practice or
22		research in this State[-]; and

1	(2)	A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed,
2		registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute,
3		dispense, conduct research with respect to or to
4		administer a controlled substance in the course of
5		professional practice or research in this State.
6	[-(3)-	Prescribe means: to direct, designate or order the use
7		of a formula for the preparation of a drug and
8		medicine for a disease or illness and the manner of
9		using them.
10	(4)	Prescriber means: one who is authorized to issue a
11		prescription.
12	(5)	Prescription means: an order or formula issued by a
13		licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy,
14		podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine, for the
15		compounding or dispensing of drugs.] "
16	SECT	ION 4. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended to	o read as follows:
18	"§32	9-38 Prescriptions. (a) No controlled substance in
19	schedule	II may be dispensed without a written prescription of a
20	practition	ner, except:
21	(1)	In the case of an emergency situation, a pharmacist
22		may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule

1	IΙ υ	upon receiving oral authorization from a
2	pres	scribing practitioner; provided that:
3	(A)	The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited
4		to the amount adequate to treat the patient
5		during the emergency period (dispensing beyond
6		the emergency period must be pursuant to a
7		written prescription signed by the prescribing
8		practitioner);
9	<u>(B)</u>	If the prescribing practitioner is not known to
10		the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall make a
11		reasonable effort to determine that the oral
12		authorization came from a registered
13		practitioner, which may include a callback to the
14		prescribing practitioner using the phone number
15		in the telephone directory or other good faith
16		efforts; and
17	[(B)]	(C) Within [seventy two hours] seven days after
18		authorizing an emergency oral prescription, the
19		prescribing practitioner shall cause a written
20		prescription for the emergency quantity
21		prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing
22		pharmacist. In addition to conforming to the

requirements of this subsection, the prescription
shall have written on its face "Authorization for
Emergency Dispensing". The written prescription
may be delivered to the pharmacist in person or
by mail, and if by mail, the prescription must be
postmarked within the [seventy two hour] seven-
day period. Upon receipt, the dispensing
pharmacist shall attach this prescription to the
oral emergency prescription, which had earlier
been reduced to writing. The pharmacist shall
notify the administrator if the prescribing
practitioner fails to deliver a written
prescription to the pharmacy within the allotted
time. Failure of the pharmacist to do so shall
void the authority conferred by this paragraph to
dispense without a written prescription of a
prescribing individual practitioner. Any
[physician] practitioner who fails to deliver a
written prescription within the [seventy two
hour] seven-day period shall be in violation of
section 329-41(a)(1); or

1	(2)	When dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than
2		a pharmacist, to the ultimate user. The practitioner
3		in dispensing a controlled substance in schedule II
4		shall affix to the package a label showing:
5		(A) The date of dispensing;
6		(B) The name, strength, and quantity [issued of] the
7		drug <u>dispensed</u> ;
8		(C) The dispensing practitioner's name and address;
9		(D) The name of the patient;
10		(E) The date the potency of the drug expires if that
11		date is available from the manufacturer or
12		principal labeler; and]
13		(E) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
14		(i) The expiration date on the manufacture's or
15		principal labeler's container; or
16		(ii) One year from the date the drug is
17		dispensed, whichever is earlier; and
18		(F) Directions for use, and cautionary statements, if
19		any, contained in the prescription or as required
20		by law.
21		A complete and accurate record of all schedule II
22		controlled substances ordered, administered,

1		prescribed, and dispensed shall be maintained for five
2		years. Prescriptions and records of dispensing shall
3		otherwise be retained in conformance with the
4		requirements of section 329-36. No prescription for a
5		controlled substance in schedule II may be refilled.
6	(b)	Nothing in this section shall authorize a central fill
7	pharmacy	to prepare prescriptions for a controlled substance
8	listed in	Schedule II.
9	(c)	A Schedule II controlled substance prescription shall:
10	(1)	be filled within three days following the date the
11		prescription was issued to the patient; and
12	(2)	Be supplied to a patient only if the prescription has
13		been filled and held by the pharmacy for no more than
14		seven days.
15	[-(b) -] (d) The transfer of original prescription
16	informati	on for a controlled substance listed in schedule III,
17	IV, or V	for the purpose of refill dispensing is permissible
18	between p	harmacies on a one time basis, subject to the following
19	requireme	nts:
20	(1)	The transfer shall be communicated directly between
21		two licensed pharmacists, and the transferring
22		pharmacist shall:

1		(A)	Write	e or otherwise place the word "VOID" on the
2			face	of the invalidated prescription;
3		(B)	Recor	rd on the reverse of the invalidated
4			preso	cription the name, address, and DEA
5			regis	stration number of the pharmacy to which it
6			was t	ransferred and the name of the pharmacist
7			recei	ving the prescription information; and
8		(C)	Recor	rd the date of the transfer and the name of
9			the p	pharmacist transferring the information;
10	(2)	The :	pharma	acist receiving the transferred prescription
11		info	rmatic	on shall:
12		(A)	Write	e or otherwise place the word "transfer" on
13			the f	ace of the transferred prescription;
14		(B)	Recor	rd all information required to be on a
15			presc	cription, including:
16			(i)	The date of issuance of original
17				prescription;
18			(ii)	The original number of refills authorized on
19				original prescription;
20		(:	iii)	The date of original dispensing;
21			(iv)	The number of valid refills remaining and
22				date of last refill;

1		(V) The pharmacy's name, address, DEA
2		registration number, and original
3		prescription number from which the
4		prescription information was transferred;
5		and
6		(vi) The name of transferor pharmacist;
7	(3)	Both the original and transferred prescription must be
8		maintained for a period of five years from the date of
9		last refill; [and]
10	(4)	The procedure allowing the transfer of prescription
11		information for refill purposes is permissible only
12		between pharmacies located on the same island in this
13		State[-]; and
14	(5)	Any pharmacy electronically accessing a prescription
15		record shall satisfy all information requirements of a
16		manual mode prescription transferal.
17	Fail	ure to comply with this subsection shall void the
18	authority	of the pharmacy to transfer prescriptions or receive a
19	transferr	ed prescription to or from another pharmacy.
20	<u>(e)</u>	A pharmacy and an authorized central fill pharmacy may
21	share info	ormation for initial and refill prescriptions of

1	schedule	III,	IV or V controlled substances. The following		
2	requireme	quirements shall apply:			
3	(1)	A ph	A pharmacy may electronically transmit, including by		
4		facs	simile, prescriptions for controlled substances		
5		list	ed in schedule III, IV or V to a central fill		
6		phar	macy. The pharmacy transmitting the prescription		
7		info	ermation shall:		
8		(A)	Ensure that all information required to be on a		
9			prescription pursuant to subsection (f) is		
10			transmitted to the central fill pharmacy either		
11			on the face of the prescription or		
12			electronically; and		
13		(B)	Keep a record of receipt of the filled		
14			prescription, including the date of receipt, the		
15			method of delivery (private, common or contract		
16			carrier) and the identity of the pharmacy		
17			employee accepting delivery.		
18	(2)	The	central fill pharmacy receiving the transmitted		
19		pres	cription must:		
20		(A)	Keep for five years a copy of a prescription		
21			received by facsimile and an electronic record or		
22			all the information transmitted by the pharmacy,		

1		including the name, address, and DEA registration
2		number of the pharmacy transmitting the
3		prescription;
4	(B)	Keep a record of the date of receipt of the
5		transmitted prescription, the name of the
6		licensed pharmacists filling the prescription,
7		and the dates the prescription was filled or is
8		to be refilled; and
9	(C)	Keep a record of the date the filled prescription
10		was shipped to the pharmacy.
11	[(c)] <u>(f)</u>	No controlled substance in schedule III, IV, or
12	V may be disper	nsed without a [written] written, including one
13	transmitted by	facsimile, or oral prescription of a
14	practitioner,	except when a controlled substance is dispensed
15	directly by a p	practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an
16	ultimate user.	The practitioner, in dispensing a controlled
17	substance in so	chedule III, IV, or V, shall affix to the package
18	a label showing	3:
19	(1) The α	date of dispensing;
20	(2) The I	name, strength, and quantity issued of the drug;
21	(3) The o	dispensing practitioner's name and business
22	addre	ess;

1	(4)	The name of the patient;	
2	[-(5) -	[The date the potency of the drug expires, if that	
3		date is available from the manufacturer or the	
4		<pre>principal labeler;</pre>	
5	(5)	The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:	
6		(A) The expiration date on the manufacturer's or	
7		principal labeler's container; or	
8		(B) One year from the date the drug is dispensed,	
9		whichever is earlier;	
10	(6)	Directions for use; and	
11	(7)	Cautionary statements, if any, contained in the	
12		prescription or as required by law.	
13	A complet	e and accurate record of all schedule III, IV, and V	
14	controlle	d substances administered, prescribed, and dispensed	
15	shall be	maintained for five years. Prescriptions and records	
16	of dispen	sing shall be retained in conformance with the	
17	requireme	nts of section 329-36 unless otherwise provided by law	
18	Prescript	ions may not be filled or refilled more than three	
19	months af	ter the date of the prescription or be refilled more	
20	than two	times after the date of the prescription, unless the	
21	prescription is renewed by the practitioner.		

1	[-(d)] (g) The effectiveness of a prescription for the
2	purposes	of this section shall be determined as follows:
3	(1)	A prescription for a controlled substance shall be
4		issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an
5		individual practitioner acting in the usual course of
6		the practitioner's professional practice. The
7		responsibility for the proper prescribing and
8		dispensing of controlled substances shall be upon the
9		prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding
10		responsibility shall rest with the pharmacist who
11		fills the prescription. An order purporting to be a
12		prescription issued not in the usual course of
13		professional treatment or for legitimate and
14		authorized research shall not be deemed a prescription
15		within the meaning and intent of this section, and the
16		person who knowingly fills such a purported
17		prescription, as well as the person who issues the
18		prescription, shall be subject to the penalties
19		provided for violations of this chapter;
20	(2)	A prescription may not be issued to allow an
21		individual practitioner to obtain controlled

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1		substances for supplying the individual practitioner
2		for the purpose of general dispensing to patients;
3	(3)	A prescription may not be issued for the dispensing of
4		narcotic drugs listed in any schedule for the purpose
5		of "detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
6		treatment"[. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
7		physician or authorized hospital staff from
8		administering or dispensing narcotic drugs in a
9		hospital to maintain or detoxify a person as an
10		incidental adjunct to medical or surgical treatment of
11		conditions other than addiction; and] except as
12		follows:
13		(A) The administering or dispensing directly (but not
14		prescribing) of narcotic drugs listed in any
15		schedule to a narcotic drug-dependent person for
16		"detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
17		treatment" shall be deemed to be "in the course
18		of a practitioner's professional practice or
19		research" so long as the practitioner is
20		registered with the department and the federal
21		Drug Enforcement Agency as required by section
22		329-32(e) and complies with Title 21 Code of

1		Federal Regulations section 823(g) and any other
2		federal or state regulatory standards relating to
3		treatment qualification, security, records, and
4		unsupervised use of drugs; and
5		(B) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
6		physician or authorized hospital staff from
7		administering or dispensing (but not prescribing)
8		narcotic drugs in a hospital to maintain or
9		detoxify a person as an incidental adjunct to
10		medical or surgical treatment of conditions other
11		than addiction.
12	(4)	An individual practitioner [may] shall not prescribe
13		or dispense a substance included in schedule II, III,
14		IV, or V for that individual practitioner's personal
15		use, except in a medical emergency [+]; and
16	<u>(5)</u>	A pharmacist shall not dispense a substance included
17		in schedule II, III, IV, or V for the pharmacist's
18		personal use.
19	[-(e)] (h) Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
20	issued on	ly as follows:
21	(1)	All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
22		originate from within the State and be dated as of,

1	and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
2	issued and shall [bear:] contain:
3	(A) The [full] first and last name and address of the
4	patient; and
5	[(B) The name, address, telephone number, and
6	registration number of the practitioner.]
7	(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
8	prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
9	prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
10	methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
11	shall record the medical need of the patient for
12	the prescription.
13	The controlled substance prescriptions shall be no
14	larger than [four] eight and one-half inches by [six
15	and one half] eleven inches and no smaller than [four]
16	three inches by [five] four inches.
17	A practitioner may sign a prescription in the same
18	manner as the practitioner would sign a check or legal
19	document (e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall
20	use both words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and
21	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
22	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance

1	to be dispensed. Where an oral order is not
2	permitted, prescriptions shall be written with ink or
3	indelible pencil or [by typewriter] typed, [and] shall
4	be manually signed by the practitioner[-], and shall
5	include the name, address, telephone number, and
6	registration number of the practitioner. The
7	prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
8	for the signature of the practitioner, but the
9	prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
10	the prescription does not conform in all essential
11	respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
12	pursuant to this chapter. A corresponding liability
13	shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription
14	not prepared in the form prescribed by this
15	section[+]. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing
16	address or change a patient's address on all
17	controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the
18	patient's identification and noting the identification
19	number on the back of the prescription. The
20	pharmacist shall not make changes to the patient's
21	name, the controlled substance being prescribed, the

ı <u>qu</u>	lantity of	the prescription,	the practitioner's	DEA
2 <u>nu</u>	umber, or	the practitioner's	signature.	

- (2) An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans

 Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans, exempted from registration under this chapter, shall include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
 - (A) The registration number of the hospital or other institution; and
 - (B) The special internal code number assigned to the physician by the hospital or other institution in lieu of the registration number of the practitioner required by this section.

The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy of this special internal code number list to the department as often as necessary to update the department with any additions or deletions. Failure to comply with this paragraph shall result in the suspension of that facility's privilege to fill controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies outside of the hospital or other institution. Each written prescription shall have the name of the

1		physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
2		well as the signature of the physician;
3	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
4		on all prescriptions issued by the official:
5		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
6		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and
7		(B) The official's service identification number, in
8		lieu of the registration number of the
9		practitioner required by this section. The
10		service identification number for a Public Health
11		Service employee shall be the employee's social
12		security identification number.
13		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
14		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
15		signature of the officer; and
16	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
17		controlled substances under the authorization of a
18		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
19		<u>substance</u> prescriptions issued:
20		(A) The DEA registration number of the supervising
21		physician; and

1	(B) The DEA registration number of the physician
2	assistant.
3	Each written controlled substance prescription issued
4	shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
5	printed name, address, and phone number of both the
6	supervising physician and physician assistant, and
7	shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
8	medical record of each written controlled substance
9	prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
10	reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
11	supervising physician within seven working days.
12	[(f)] <u>(i)</u> A prescription for controlled substances may
13	only be filled by a pharmacist acting in the usual course of the
14	pharmacist's professional practice and either registered
15	individually or employed in a registered pharmacy, central fill
16	pharmacy, or registered institutional practitioner.
17	[(g)] <u>(j)</u> Partial filling of controlled substance
18	prescriptions shall be determined as follows:
19	(1) The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
20	substance listed in schedule II is permissible if the
21	pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity
22	called for in a written or emergency oral prescription

1		and '	the pharmacist makes a notation of the quantity	
2		supp:	lied on the face of the written prescription (or	
3		writ	ten record of the emergency oral prescription).	
4		The :	remaining portion of the prescription may be	
5		fille	ed within seventy-two hours of the first partial	
6		fill	ing; provided that if the remaining portion is not	
7		or ca	annot be filled within the seventy-two-hour	
8		perio	od, the pharmacist shall notify the prescribing	
9		indi	vidual practitioner. No further quantity shall be	
10		supp	lied beyond seventy-two hours without a new	
11		pres	cription;	
12	(2)	The p	partial filling of a prescription for a controlled	
13		substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V is		
14		perm	issible; provided that:	
15		(A)	Each partial filling is recorded in the same	
16			manner as a refilling;	
17		(B)	The total quantity dispensed in all partial	
18			fillings does not exceed the total quantity	
19			prescribed;	
20		(C)	No dispensing occurs more than three months after	
21			the date on which the prescription was issued;	
22			and	

1	(D)	The prescription is refilled no more than two
2		times after the initial date of the prescription,
3		unless the prescription is renewed by the
4		practitioner; and

5 (3) A prescription for a schedule II controlled substance 6 written for a patient in a long-term care facility or for a patient with a medical diagnosis documenting a terminal illness may be filled in partial quantities 8 9 to include individual dosage units. If there is any **10** question whether a patient may be classified as having 11 a terminal illness, the pharmacist must contact the 12 practitioner prior to partially filling the 13 prescription. Both the pharmacist and the prescribing 14 practitioner have a corresponding responsibility to 15 assure that the controlled substance is for a 16 terminally ill patient. The pharmacist must record on the prescription whether the patient is "terminally 17 ill" or a "long-term care facility patient". For the 18 19 purposes of this section, "TI" means terminally ill 20 and "LTCF" means long-term care facility. A 21 prescription that is partially filled and does not 22 contain the notation "TI" or "LTCF patient" shall be

1	deemed to have been filled in violation of this
2	section. For each partial filling, the dispensing
3	pharmacist shall record on the back of the
4	prescription (or on another appropriate record,
5	uniformly maintained, and readily retrievable) the
6	date of the partial filling, quantity dispensed,
7	remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed, and the
8	identification of the dispensing pharmacist. The
9	total quantity of schedule II controlled substances
10	dispensed in all partial fillings must not exceed the
11	total quantity prescribed, nor shall a prescription be
12	partially filled more than three times after the
13	initial date of the prescription. Schedule II
14	controlled substance prescriptions for patients in a
15	long-term care facility or patients with a medical
16	diagnosis documenting a terminal illness shall be
17	valid for a period not to exceed thirty days from the
18	issue date unless sooner terminated by the
19	discontinuance of medication.
20	$\left[\frac{(h)}{(h)}\right]$ A prescription for a schedule II controlled
21	substance may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
22	practitioner's agent to a pharmacy [via] by facsimile equipment;

1	provided	that the original written, signed prescription is			
2	presented to the pharmacist for review prior to the actual				
3	dispensing of the controlled substance, except as noted in				
4	subsection	$n \left[\frac{(i), (j), or (k)}{(i), (i), (m), or (i)}\right]$ The original			
5	prescript	ion shall be maintained in accordance with section			
6	329-36.	A prescription for a schedule III, IV or V controlled			
7	substance	may be transmitted by the practitioner or the			
8	practition	ner's agent to a pharmacy by facsimile provided that:			
9	(1)	The information shall be communicated only between the			
10		prescribing practitioner or the prescriber's			
11		authorized agent and the pharmacy of the patient's			
12		<pre>choice;</pre>			
13	(2)	The information shall be communicated in a			
14		retrievable, recognizable format acceptable to the			
15		intended recipient and shall include the physician's			
16		oral code designation and the name of the recipient			
17		pharmacy;			
18	(3)	No electronic system, software, or other intervening			
19		mechanism or party shall alter the practitioner's			
20		prescription, order entry, selection, or intended			
21		selection without the practitioner's approval on a per			
22		prescription per order basis. Facsimile prescription			

1		information shall not be aftered by any system,
2		software, or other intervening mechanism or party
3		prior to receipt by the intended pharmacy;
4	(4)	The prescription information processing system shall
5		provide for confidentiality safeguards required by
6		federal or state law; and
7	<u>(5)</u>	Prescribing practitioners and pharmacists shall
8		exercise prudent and professional judgment regarding
9		the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of any
10		facsimile prescription information. The facsimile
11		shall serve as the original written prescription for
12		purposes of this section and shall be maintained in
13		accordance with section 329-36.
14	[(i)] (1) A prescription prepared in accordance with
15	subsection	n [(e)] <u>(h)</u> written for a narcotic listed in schedule
16	II to be	compounded for the direct administration to a patient
17	by parent	eral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or
18	intraspin	al infusion, but does not extend to the dispensing of
19	oral dosa	ge units of controlled substances, may be transmitted
20	by the pr	actitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacy
21	by facsim	ile. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the
22	facsimile	prescription in red ink "Home Infusion/IV" and this

- 1 facsimile shall serve as the original written prescription for
- 2 purposes of this section and it shall be maintained in
- 3 accordance with section 329-36.
- 4 [(j)] (m) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 5 subsection [(e)] (h) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 6 substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice care program
- 7 certified or paid for by medicare under Title XVIII or a hospice
- 8 program that is licensed by the State may be transmitted by the
- 9 practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing
- 10 pharmacy by facsimile. The practitioner or practitioner's agent
- 11 shall note on the prescription that the patient is a hospice
- 12 patient. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile
- 13 prescription in red ink "HOSPICE" and this facsimile shall serve
- 14 as the original written prescription for purposes of this
- 15 section and it shall be maintained in accordance with section
- **16** 329-36.
- 17 $\left[\frac{(k)}{(k)}\right]$ (n) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 18 subsection [(e)] (h) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 19 controlled substance for a resident of a state-licensed long-
- 20 term care facility may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
- 21 practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.
- 22 The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile

1 prescription in red ink "LTCF" and this facsimile shall serve as

2 the original written prescription for purposes of this section

3 and it shall be maintained in accordance with section 329-36."

4 SECTION 5. Section 329-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

5 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

6 "(a) It is unlawful for any person:

7 (1) Who is subject to part III to distribute, administer, 8 prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance in violation of section 329-38; however, a licensed 9 10 manufacturer or wholesaler may sell or dispense a 11 controlled substance to a master of a transpacific 12 ship or a person in charge of a transpacific aircraft upon which no physician is regularly employed, for the 13 14 actual medical needs of persons on board such ship or 15 aircraft when not in port; provided schedule I or II 16 controlled substances shall be sold to the master of 17 such ship or person in charge of such aircraft only in 18 accordance with the provisions set forth in 21 Code of 19 Federal Regulations, sections 1301, 1305, and 1307, 20 adopted pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, 21 section 821;

1	(2)	who is a registrant to manufacture a controlled
2		substance not authorized by the registrant's
3		registration or to distribute or dispense a controlled
4		substance not authorized by the registrant's
5		registration to another registrant or another
6		authorized person;
7	(3)	To refuse or fail to make available, keep, or furnish
8		any record, notification, order form, prescription,
9		statement, invoice, or information in patient charts
10		relating to the administration, dispensing, or
11		prescribing of controlled substances;
12	(4)	To refuse any lawful entry into any premises for any
13		inspection authorized by this chapter;
14	(5)	Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop,
15		warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat,
16		aircraft, or other structure or place for the purpose
17		of using these substances or which is used for keeping
18		or selling them in violation of this chapter or
19		chapter 712, part IV; or
20	(6)	Who is a practitioner or pharmacist to dispense a
21		controlled substance to any individual not known to
22		the practitioner or pharmacist, without first

1	obtaining proper identification and documenting, k	ΣУ
2	signature on a log book kept by the practitioner of	or
3	pharmacist, the identity of and the type of	
4	identification presented by the individual obtains	ing
5	the controlled substance. If the individual does	not
6	have any form of proper identification, the pharma	acist
7	shall verify the validity of the prescription and	
8	identity of the patient with the prescriber, or th	neir
9	authorized agent, before dispensing the controlled	£
10	substance. For the purpose of this section, "prop	per
11	identification" means government-issued identification	ation
12	containing the photograph, printed name, and signa	ature
13	of the individual obtaining the controlled substar	ıce."
14	SECTION 6. Section 329-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	3
15	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:	
16	"(a) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or	
17	intentionally:	
18	(1) To distribute as a registrant a controlled substar	ıce
19	classified in schedule I or II, except pursuant to	o an
20	order form as required by section 329-37;	
21	(2) To use in the course of the manufacture or	
22	distribution of a controlled substance a registrat	ion

1		numb	er that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or
2		issu	ed to another person;
3	(3)	Тос	btain or attempt to obtain any controlled
4		subs	tance or procure or attempt to procure the
5		admi	nistration of any controlled substance:
6		(A)	By fraud, deceit, misrepresentation,
7			embezzlement, theft;
8		(B)	By the forgery or alteration of a prescription or
9			of any written order;
10		(C)	By furnishing fraudulent medical information or
11			the concealment of a material fact; [or]
12		(D)	By the use of a false name, patient
13			identification number, or the giving of false
14			address;
15		<u>(E)</u>	By the unauthorized use of a physician's oral
16			call-in number; or
17		<u>(F)</u>	By the alteration of a prescription by the
18			addition of future refills.
19	(4)	To f	urnish false or fraudulent material information
20		in,	or omit any material information from, any
21		appl	ication, report, or other document required to be

1		kept or filed under this chapter, or any record
2		required to be kept by this chapter;
3	(5)	To make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, plate,
4		stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or
5		reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other
6		identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any
7		likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or
8		container or labeling thereof so as to render the drug
9		a counterfeit substance;
10	(6)	To misapply or divert to the person's own use or other
11		unauthorized or illegal use or to take, make away
12		with, or secrete, with intent to misapply or divert to
13		the person's own use or other unauthorized or illegal
14		use, any controlled substance that shall have come
15		into the person's possession or under the person's
16		care as a registrant or as an employee of a registrant
17		who is authorized to possess controlled substances or
18		has access to controlled substances by virtue of the
19		person's employment; or
20	(7)	To make, distribute, possess, or sell any prescription
21		form, whether blank, faxed, computer generated,

1		photocopied, or reproduced in any other manner without
2		the authorization of the licensed practitioner."
3	SECT	ION 7. Section 329-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
5	"(c)	This section shall not prevent the disclosure, at the
6	discretion	n of the administrator, of investigative information
7	to:	
8	(1)	Law enforcement officers, investigative agents of
9		federal, state, or county law enforcement agencies,
10		prosecuting attorneys, or the attorney general;
11		provided that the administrator has reasonable grounds
12		to believe that the disclosure of any information
13		collected under this part is in furtherance of an
14		ongoing criminal investigation or prosecution;
15	(2)	Registrants authorized under chapters 448, 453, 460,
16		and 463E who are registered to administer, prescribe,
17		or dispense controlled substances; provided that the
18		information disclosed relates only to the registrant's
19		own patient; or
20	(3)	Pharmacists, employed by a pharmacy registered under
21		section 329-32, who request prescription information

1	about a customer relating to a violation or possible		
2	violation of this chapter[-]; and		
3	(4) Other state governmental prescription-monitoring		
4	programs.		
5	Information disclosed to a registrant, $[\Theta r]$ pharmacist, or		
6	authorized government agency under this section shall be		
7	transmitted [by certified mail or a similar means requiring the		
8	registrant's or pharmacist's signature, respectively, for		
9	delivery of the information.] by a secure means determined by		
10	the designated agency."		
11	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
13	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.		
14			
	INTRODUCED BY: SABANNE CHUN Callans		

Report Title:

Controlled Substances

SB. NO. 3227

Description:

Clarifies the requirements for emergency call-in Schedule II prescriptions, the use of facsimile and telephonic prescriptions, and the appropriate use of narcotics to treat addiction. Creates central fill pharmacies. Allows limited information sharing. Adds new definitions.