## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTION.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as of November 2002, 2 forty-one states passed "safe surrender" laws to protect newborn infants who might otherwise be abandoned to the environment. 3 4 The enactment of laws establishing a safe haven for newborn infants in Hawaii is long overdue. 5 6 Current law allows for the prosecution of parents who 7 abandon their newborn infants. These parents are often young mothers who are unable to deal with the harsh reality of 8 parenthood. Their solution is leaving the newborn in a 9 10 populated area with the hope that someone will find and care for 11 the child. Although the possibility of prosecution was intended 12 to deter mothers from taking such a careless approach, newborn 13 infants have suffered and died as the result of abandonment in 14 life-threatening situations. 15 Safe surrender laws take a different approach by making the child's needs the immediate concern, rather than focusing on the 16 mother's liability. The goal of these laws is to create a 17

system where parents can leave their newborns in a place of

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- 1 safety without fear of being prosecuted for child abandonment.
- 2 Anonymity, confidentiality, and freedom from prosecution for
- 3 parents may encourage them to leave a newborn infant at a
- 4 suitably safe place and thus save the newborn infant's life.
- 5 While established adoption procedures may be preferable,
- 6 safe-surrender laws provide an alternative that saves the lives
- 7 of newborns.
- 8 In 2003, the governor vetoed a nearly identical House Bill
- 9 No. 133, Conference Draft 1, objecting to the individual leaving
- 10 the baby without also leaving medical or genealogical history.
- 11 The legislature finds that the governor's objection is weak in
- 12 the face of current medical privacy laws that honor the
- 13 physician-patient privilege of nondisclosure to parents and
- 14 other family members. Nonetheless, to address the governor's
- 15 objection, this Act provides that the individual is allowed to
- 16 leave the baby if the individual also leaves any known family
- 17 medical history of major illnesses or diseases.
- 18 The purpose of this Act is to establish a safe haven for
- 19 newborns and provide for their future health and safety by:
- 20 (1) Providing immunity from prosecution for leaving an
- 21 unharmed newborn at a hospital, fire station, or
- 22 police station;

I	(2) Providing immunity from Liability for hospitals, fire	
2	stations, police stations, and their personnel who	
3	receive the newborn; and	
4	(3) Conditioning relinquishment on the requirement that	
5	the individual leave information on the family medical	
6	history of the child.	
7	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by	
8	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read	
9	as follows:	
10	"CHAPTER	
11	SAFE PLACE FOR NEWBORNS	
12	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:	
12 13	<pre>\$ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter: "Department" means the department of human services.</pre>	
13	"Department" means the department of human services.	
13 14	"Department" means the department of human services.  "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and	
13 14 15	"Department" means the department of human services.  "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and firefighters.	
13 14 15 16	"Department" means the department of human services.  "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and firefighters.  "Firefighter" means a member of a fire department whose	
13 14 15 16 17	"Department" means the department of human services.  "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and firefighters.  "Firefighter" means a member of a fire department whose principal duties are to prevent and fight fires.	
13 14 15 16 17 18	"Department" means the department of human services.  "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and firefighters.  "Firefighter" means a member of a fire department whose principal duties are to prevent and fight fires.  "Health care provider" means an individual licensed,	

- "Hospital" means a facility licensed as a hospital by the 1 2 department of health and accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations. 3 4 "Law enforcement officer or police officer": Means any public servant, whether employed by the 5 (1)State or any county, or by the United States, vested 6 7 by law with a duty to maintain public order, to make arrests for offenses, or to enforce the criminal laws, 8 9 whether that duty extends to all offenses or is limited to a specific class of offenses; and 10 11 Includes the attorney general, deputy attorneys (2) 12 general, county prosecuting attorneys, and deputy 13 prosecuting attorneys engaged in the enforcement of 14 criminal law. 15 "Police station" means a facility where police officers 16 daily report for assignments, paperwork, and other police **17** business. 18 "Unharmed condition" means no evidence of injury to a 19 child's physical health or welfare, as evidenced in any case
- 21 (1) The child exhibits no:

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where:

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                    Substantial or multiple skin bruising or any
               (A)
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                    other internal bleeding;
                    Injury to skin causing substantial bleeding;
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               (B)
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              (C)
                   Malnutrition;
                    Failure to thrive;
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              (D)
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              (E)
                    Burns;
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                    Symptoms from poisoning;
              (F)
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              (G)
                    Fracture of any bone;
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                    Subdural hematoma;
              (H)
                    Soft tissue swelling;
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              (I)
                  Extreme pain;
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              (J)
                   Extreme mental distress:
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              (K)
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              (L)
                   Gross degradation; or
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                   Death.
              (M)
             -2 Unharmed newborns left at hospitals, fire stations,
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    or police stations; avoidance of prosecution. A person may
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    leave a newborn child with the personnel of a hospital, fire
    station, or police station without being subject to prosecution
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    for abandonment of a child pursuant to section 709-902; provided
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    that:
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         (1) The newborn child was left at the hospital, fire
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              station, or police station within seventy-two hours of
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1		birth, as determined within a reasonable degree of
2		certainty;
3	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition;
4		and
5	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
6		information concerning any known family medical
7		history, including major illnesses and diseases.
8	\$	-3 Safe place for newborns. (a) The personnel of a
9	hospital,	fire station, or police station may receive a newborn
10	child; pro	ovided that:
11	(1)	The newborn child was left at the hospital, fire
12		station, or police station, within seventy-two hours
13		of birth, as determined within a reasonable degree of
14		certainty;
15	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition;
16		and
17	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
18		information concerning any known family medical
19		history, including major illnesses and diseases.
20	(d)	The personnel of the hospital, fire station, or police
21	station sl	nall ask the person leaving the newborn child for
22	informatio	on about the infant's parents, and shall inform the

- 1 person that the information shall be kept confidential, provided
- 2 the newborn child is unharmed when presented to the hospital,
- 3 fire station, or police station; provided that a person's
- 4 refusal to disclose this information shall not prevent personnel
- 5 from accepting a newborn. The personnel of the hospital, fire
- 6 station, or police station shall notify appropriate law
- 7 enforcement agencies that a newborn child was received, for
- 8 purposes of matching the child with missing children reports.
- 9 The personnel of the hospital, fire station, or police station
- 10 shall ask the person leaving the newborn child about the medical
- 11 history of the mother or newborn child. The personnel of the
- 12 hospital, fire station, or police station may provide the person
- 13 leaving the newborn child with information about how to contact
- 14 relevant social service agencies.
- (c) If a hospital, fire station, or police station
- 16 receives a newborn child pursuant to subsection (a), any health
- 17 care provider, firefighter, or police officer receiving the
- 18 child shall perform any act necessary, in accordance with
- 19 generally accepted standards of their professional practice, to
- 20 protect, preserve, or aid the physical health or safety of the
- 21 newborn child during the temporary physical custody.

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             -4 Reporting. Within twenty-four hours of receiving a
    newborn under section -3, the personnel of the hospital, fire
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    station, or police station shall inform the department that a
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    newborn has been left at the premises; provided however, that
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    the department shall not be informed before the person leaving
    the newborn leaves the premises.
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             -5 Immunity. (a) A hospital with responsibility for
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    performing duties under this chapter and any health care
    provider working at the hospital, a fire station and any
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    firefighter or fire personnel, and a police station and any
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    police officer or police personnel shall be immune from any
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    criminal liability that otherwise might result from their
    actions, if they are acting in good faith in receiving a newborn
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    child, and shall be immune from any civil liability that
    otherwise might result from merely receiving a newborn child.
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              A hospital performing duties under this chapter and
    any health care provider working at the hospital, a fire station
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    and any firefighter or fire personnel, and a police station and
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    any police officer or police personnel who are mandated
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    reporters under section 350-1.1 shall be immune from any
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    criminal or civil liability that otherwise might result from the
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- 1 failure to make a report under section 350-1.1 if the person is
- 2 acting in good faith in complying with this chapter.
- 3 § -6 Authority to reunite; placement. (a) Upon
- 4 receiving custody of a newborn child that has been discharged
- 5 from a hospital that received the newborn child pursuant to
- 6 section -3, the department may reunite the newborn with the
- 7 newborn's parents.
- **8** (b) The department may:
- 9 (1) Search for relatives of the newborn as a placement or
- permanency option; or
- 11 (2) Implement other placement requirements that give a
- 12 preference to relatives;
- 13 provided that the department has information as to the identity
- 14 of the newborn child, the newborn's mother, or the newborn's
- 15 father.
- 16 § -7 Status of child. Except as otherwise provided in
- 17 section 709-902, for purposes of proceedings under this chapter
- 18 and adoption proceedings, a newborn child left at a hospital,
- 19 fire station, or police station under section -2 shall be
- 20 considered an abandoned child."
- 21 SECTION 3. Section 709-902, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:

- 1 "§709-902 Abandonment of a child. (1) A person commits
- 2 the offense of abandonment of a child if, being a parent,
- 3 guardian, or other person legally charged with the care or
- 4 custody of a child less than fourteen years old, the person
- 5 deserts the child in any place with intent to abandon it.
- 6 (2) Leaving a newborn child at a hospital, fire station,
- 7 or police station pursuant to section -2 shall not constitute
- 8 a violation of this section.
- 9  $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$  (3) Abandonment of a child is a misdemeanor."
- 10 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 11 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 12 begun before its effective date.
- 13 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 15 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



## Report Title:

Abandoned Children; Immunity from Prosecution

## Description:

Provides immunity from prosecution for leaving an unharmed newborn at a hospital, fire station, or police station within seventy-two hours of its birth. Provides immunity for personnel receiving a newborn. Requires medical history from a person relinquishing a newborn. (SD2)