A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Act 102, Session Laws of Hawaii 2002, relating 2 to leasing of public lands for renewable energy purposes, authorized the board of land and natural resources to lease 3 4 public lands to renewable energy producers through direct 5 negotiation. The intention of Act 102 was to encourage the 6 development of renewable energy projects and to reduce the 7 State's dependency on fossil fuels. 8 Act 95, Session Laws of Hawaii 2004, relating to renewable 9 energy, required electric utilities to meet a renewable 10 portfolio standard of fifteen per cent for 2015 and a goal of twenty per cent for 2020. Act 95 also included seawater 11 12 air-conditioning district cooling systems in the definition of 13 renewable energy technologies. 14 With the addition of seawater air-conditioning district 15 cooling systems to the definition of renewable energy, the 16 legislature recognized and codified an important precedent and

principal established by solar water heating, that the

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- 1 displacement of electrical use by thermal applications of
- 2 renewable energy technologies is just as important as
- 3 electricity generation from renewable resources.
- 4 The purpose of this Act is to amend the definition of
- 5 renewable energy producers to include producers of thermal
- 6 energy from renewable energy resources, including those who
- 7 produce cooling from seawater air conditioning district cooling
- 8 systems, so that they will be eligible for leases of public
- 9 land.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 171-95, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- "(c) For the purposes of this section, "renewable energy
- 13 producer" means any producer of electrical or thermal energy
- 14 produced by wind, solar energy, hydropower, landfill gas,
- 15 waste-to-energy, ocean thermal energy conversion, cold seawater,
- 16 wave energy, biomass including municipal solid waste, biofuels
- 17 or fuels derived from organic sources, hydrogen fuels derived
- 18 primarily from renewable energy, or fuel cells where the fuel is
- 19 derived primarily from renewable sources that [sell] sells all
- 20 of the net power produced from the demised premises to an
- 21 electric utility company regulated under chapter 269[-] or that
- 22 sells all of the thermal energy that the producer produces to

- 1 customers of district cooling systems. Up to twenty-five per
- 2 cent of the power produced by a renewable energy producer and
- 3 sold to the utility or to district cooling system customers may
- 4 be derived from fossil fuels."
- 5 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Renewable Energy

Description:

Clarifies definition of "renewable energy producer" to include thermal energy sold to customers of district cooling systems, for purposes of leasing public lands. (SD1)