## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH.

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## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that smoking is the

2 largest cause of morbidity and mortality in the nation that can

3 be easily prevented. Beyond harming individual health, use of

4 tobacco in the United States costs about \$7.18 for each pack of

5 cigarettes sold in terms of health care expenses and decreased

6 worker productivity. In Hawaii, this amounts to \$526,000,000 in

7 health care expenses and productivity losses.

8 Smoking is also associated with cancer, heart disease,

stroke, emphysema, bronchitis, low birth-weight babies, sudden

10 infant death syndrome, increased frequency of colds and ear

11 infections, and asthma in the household. Asthma is the largest

12 single cause of school absenteeism in the State.

13 The legislature further finds that increasing the tax on

cigarettes is the most effective way to prevent young people

15 from becoming daily smokers. It has been estimated that a ten

16 per cent increase in the price of cigarettes decreases the

number of youngsters who start smoking by three to seven per

18 cent in the long-term. The estimated decrease for adults is

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three per cent. Hawaii was once amongst the nation's leaders in 1 cigarette taxes. However, as of January 2005, the State ranks 2 only tenth in the nation in imposing \$1.40 in tax per pack of 3 cigarettes (7.00 cents per cigarette in a twenty-cigarette 4 pack). Rhode Island ranks first with \$2.46 per pack, New Jersey 5 6 ranks second with \$2.40 per pack, Michigan ranks third at \$2.00, 7 Montana is fourth with \$1.70, and Alaska is fifth at \$1.60 per pack. Tobacco taxes can be viewed as a user tax affecting the 8 9 17.3 per cent of Hawaii adults who are smokers and who do not 10 pay the full societal costs of their use of tobacco. The legislature further finds that allocating a significant 11 12 percentage of tobacco tax revenues to the cancer research center of Hawaii is the most appropriate and effective use of such 13 revenues. The cancer research center is a National Cancer 14 15 Institute-designated cancer center. This mark of excellence is given to cancer centers that conduct a combination of basic, 16 population sciences, and clinical research, but are not required 17 to offer patient care. The cancer research center is one of 18 several National Cancer Institute-designated Cancer Centers that 19

does not offer patient care. As a result, Hawaii residents must

travel to the mainland for access to clinical trials of drugs

and other cutting-edge cancer treatments. Such travel will

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- 1 become an increasing burden for state residents because the
- 2 number of cancer cases in Hawaii is expected to double by 2030.
- 3 Dedicating fifty per cent of the tobacco tax revenues to
- 4 the research and operating expenses of the cancer research
- 5 center of Hawaii will enable it to be considered for
- 6 classification as a National Cancer Institute-designated
- 7 Comprehensive Cancer Center. This classification requires the
- 8 cancer research center to dedicate its efforts to the
- 9 eradication of cancer through a comprehensive and multi-
- 10 disciplinary program of cancer research, treatment, patient
- 11 care, prevention, education, and community outreach. The
- 12 competition for this classification is highly competitive due to
- 13 the health advantages and economic advantages it brings. A
- 14 comprehensive cancer center could serve as the engine for
- 15 biotechnology development in the State, as cancer research and
- 16 treatment attracts the most biotechnology investment dollars.
- 17 The expanded center would also be a spur to increased health
- 18 tourism.
- 19 The dedication of funds would also enable the center to
- 20 expand to the neighbor islands and allow all Hawaii residents to
- 21 receive state-of-the-art cancer treatment at home.

1	The purpose of this Act is to discourage smoking,
2	especially by young people, by increasing the tax on cigarettes
3	and to allocate funds to effective sources in the prevention and
4	treatment of cancer caused by smoking.
5	SECTION 2. Section 245-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7	"(a) Every wholesaler or dealer, in addition to any other
8	taxes provided by law, shall pay for the privilege of conducting
9	business and other activities in the State:
10	[ <del>(1)</del> An excise tax equal to 5.00 cents for each cigarette
11	sold, used, or, possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
12	after-June 30, 1998, whether or not sold at wholesale,
13	or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
14	the wholesaler or dealer;
15	(2) An excise tax equal to 6.00 cents for each eigarette
16	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
17	after September 30, 2002, whether or not sold at
18	wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
19	the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
20	(3) An excise tax equal to 6.50 cents for each eigarette
21	sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer
22	after June 30, 2003, whether or not sold at wholesale,

1		or if not sold then at the same rate upon the use by
2		the wholesaler or dealer;
3	<del>(4)</del> ]	(1) An excise tax equal to 7.00 cents for each
4		cigarette sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or
5		dealer after June 30, 2004, whether or not sold at
6		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
7		the use by the wholesaler or dealer; [and]
8	(2)	An excise tax equal to 9.00 cents for each cigarette
9		sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
10		and after January 1, 2007, whether or not sold at
11		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
12		the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
13	(3)	An excise tax equal to 11.00 cents for each cigarette
14		sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
15		and after January 1, 2008, whether or not sold at
16		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
17		the use by the wholesaler or dealer;
18	(4)	An excise tax equal to 13.00 cents for each cigarette
19		sold, used, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer on
20		and after January 1, 2009, whether or not sold at
21		wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
22		the use by the wholesaler or dealer; and

1	(5) An excise tax equal to forty per cent of the wholesale
2	price of each article or item of tobacco products solo
3	by the wholesaler or dealer, whether or not sold at
4	wholesale, or if not sold then at the same rate upon
5	the use by the wholesaler or dealer.
6	Where the tax imposed has been paid on cigarettes or tobacco
7	products that thereafter become the subject of a casualty loss
8	deduction allowable under chapter 235, the tax paid shall be
9	refunded or credited to the account of the wholesaler or dealer.
10	The tax shall be applied to cigarettes through the use of
11	stamps."
12	SECTION 3. Section 245-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§245-15 Disposition of revenues. All moneys collected
15	pursuant to this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury
16	as state realizations to be kept and accounted for as provided
17	by law[-]; provided that, of the moneys collected under the tax
18	imposed pursuant to section 245-3(a) that represent the
19	difference between the 7 cents for each cigarette sold, used, or
20	possessed by a wholesaler or dealer under section 245-3(a)(1)
21	and the amounts of tax imposed and collected on each cigarette

1	sold, use	d, or possessed by a wholesaler or dealer under section
2	245-3 (a) (	2), (3), and (4):
3	(1)	Fifty per cent of the moneys shall be paid to the
4		cancer research center of Hawaii for research and
5		operating expenses;
6	(2)	Twenty-five per cent of the moneys shall be paid to
7		the department of health to be expended for health
8		promotion and disease prevention programs identified
9		by section 328L-4(2); and
10	(3)	Twenty-five per cent of the moneys shall be paid into
11		the Hawaii tobacco prevention and control trust fund
12		established pursuant to section 328L-5."
13	SECT	ION 4. Section 328L-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended t	o read as follows:
15	"[+]	§328L-4[]] Use of funds appropriated to the
16	departmen	t. The department, immediately upon receipt of the
17	thirty-fi	ve per cent of moneys appropriated pursuant to section
18	328L-2(b)	(2) shall:
19	(1)	Transfer up to ten per cent of the total moneys
20		received by the State from tobacco settlement moneys
21		to the department of human services for the children's
22		health insurance program; and

1	(2) Expend the remainder of the moneys received by the
2	department and the cigarette tax revenues designated
3	under section 245-15 for health promotion and disease
4	prevention programs, including but not limited to
5	maternal child health and child development programs,
6	promotion of healthy lifestyles (including fitness,
7	nutrition, and tobacco control), and prevention
8	oriented public health programs.
9	For purposes of paragraph (2), the director shall convene
10	an advisory group that shall be separate from the tobacco
11	prevention and control advisory board, to strategically plan the
12	development and implementation of preventive systems to achieve
13	measurable outcomes and to make recommendations for the
14	expenditure of these moneys. The advisory group shall be
15	composed of nine members with expertise in the programs under
16	paragraph (2), and shall be selected at the discretion of the
17	director."
18	SECTION 5. Section 328L-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by amending subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:
20	"(d) The Hawaii tobacco prevention and control trust fund
21	may receive appropriations, contributions, grants, endowments,
22	cigarette tax revenues pursuant to section 245-15, or gifts in

- 1 cash or otherwise from any source, including the State,
- 2 corporations or other businesses, foundations, government,
- 3 individuals, and other interested parties; provided that any
- 4 appropriations made by the State shall not supplant or diminish
- 5 the funding of existing tobacco prevention and control programs
- 6 or any health related programs funded in whole or in part by the
- 7 State.
- 8 (e) The assets of the Hawaii tobacco prevention and
- 9 control trust fund shall consist of:
- 10 (1) Moneys appropriated under section 328L-2(b)(3);
- 11 (2) Moneys appropriated to the Hawaii tobacco prevention
- and control trust fund by the state, including
- cigarette tax revenues earmarked under section 245-15,
- or by the county, or by the federal government;
- 15 (3) Private contributions of cash or property; and
- 16 (4) Income and capital gains earned by the trust fund."
- 17 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

## Report Title:

Health Research; Cigarette Tax Increase

## Description:

Increases tax per cigarette to 9 cents after 1/1/2007, 11 cents after 1/1/2008, and 13 cents after 1/1/2009. Earmarks 50% of tax to Cancer Research Center, 25% to DOH health promotion and disease prevention programs, and 25% to the Hawaii tobacco prevention and control trust fund. (SD1)