A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL LIABILITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that patient safety
- 2 reforms are needed to ensure that adverse medical events and
- 3 errors are reported, tracked, and analyzed. These reforms
- 4 enable physicians and hospitals to identify system weaknesses
- 5 and learn from their mistakes before more consequential events
- 6 occur. These reforms encourage open, frank communications
- 7 between patients and physicians, apologies, and quick resolution
- 8 of claims through mediation to avoid bitter and protracted
- 9 lawsuits.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to require:
- 11 (1) Health care workers and medical facilities to report
- serious medical events to the department of health and
- each medical facility's patient safety committee to
- enable systemic correction of the problem leading to
- 15 the event;
- 16 (2) Health care workers and medical facilities to notify
- 17 patients and their families of serious medical events
- through open and frank communications; and



Medical facilities to develop a mediation model to 1 (3) 2 encourage the exchange of information and the settlement of claims at an early opportunity. 3 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 5 6 to read as follows: 7 "PART PATIENT SAFETY \$321-A Scope. This part relates to the reduction of 8 medical errors for the purpose of ensuring patient safety. 9 §321-B Definitions. The following words and phrases when 10 used in this part shall have the meanings given to them in this 11 section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: 12 "Department" means the department of health. 13 "Health care worker" means an employee, independent 14 contractor, licensee, or other individual authorized to provide 15 services in a medical facility. 16 "Incident" means an event, occurrence, or situation 17 involving the clinical care of a patient in a medical facility 18 that could have injured the patient but did not either cause an 19 unanticipated injury or require the delivery of additional 20 health care services to the patient. The term does not include 21 22 a serious event.

- "Infrastructure" means structures related to the physical
 plant and service delivery systems necessary for the provision
- 3 of health care services in a medical facility.
- 4 "Infrastructure failure" means an undesirable or unintended
- 5 event, occurrence, or situation involving the infrastructure of
- 6 a medical facility or the discontinuation or significant
- 7 disruption of a service that could seriously compromise patient
- 8 safety.
- 9 "Licensee" means an individual who is all of the following:
- 10 (1) Licensed or certified by the department or the State
- 11 to provide professional services in the State; and
- 12 (2) Employed by or authorized to provide professional
- services in a medical facility.
- "Medical facility" means a health care facility that has
- 15 been issued a certificate of need under chapter 323D.
- 16 "Patient safety officer" means an individual designated by
- 17 a medical facility under section 321-F.
- "Serious event" means an event, occurrence, or situation
- 19 involving the clinical care of a patient in a medical facility
- 20 that results in death or compromises patient safety and results
- 21 in an unanticipated injury requiring the delivery of additional

health care services to the patient. The term does not include 1 an incident. 2 \$321-C Department responsibilities. The department shall: 3 Review and approve patient safety plans in accordance 4 (1)with section 321-D; 5 Receive reports of serious events and infrastructure (2) 6 failures under section 321-I; 7 Investigate serious events and infrastructure 8 (3) failures; and 9 10 Analyze and evaluate existing health care procedures. (4)§321-D Patient safety plans. (a) Each medical facility 11 shall develop, implement, and comply with an internal patient 12 safety plan that shall be established for the purpose of 13 improving the health and safety of patients. The plan shall be 14 developed in consultation with the licensees providing health 15 care services in the medical facility. 16 A patient safety plan shall: 17 (b) Designate a patient safety officer as set forth in (1)18 section 321-F; 19

Establish a patient safety committee as set forth in

section 321-G;

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1	(3)	Establish a system for the health care workers of a
2		medical facility to report serious events and
3		incidents, which shall be accessible twenty-four hours
4		a day, seven days a week;

- (4) Prohibit any retaliatory action against a health care worker for reporting a serious event or incident in accordance with section 378-62; and
- 8 (5) Provide for written notification to patients in9 accordance with section 321-E(b).
- (c) Within sixty days from the effective date of this section, a medical facility shall submit its patient safety plan to the department for approval consistent with the requirements of this section. Unless the department approves or rejects the plan within sixty days of receipt, the plan shall be deemed approved.
- 16 (d) Upon approval of the patient safety plan, a medical
 17 facility shall notify all health care workers of the medical
 18 facility of the patient safety plan. Compliance with the
 19 patient safety plan shall be required as a condition of
 20 employment or credentialing at the medical facility.
- 21 §321-E Reporting and notification. (a) A health care22 worker who reasonably believes that a serious event or incident

- 1 has occurred shall report the serious event or incident
- 2 according to the patient safety plan of the medical facility,
- 3 unless the health care worker knows that a report has already
- 4 been made. The report shall be made immediately or as soon
- 5 thereafter as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than
- 6 twenty-four hours after the occurrence or discovery of a serious
- 7 event or incident.
- 8 (b) A medical facility through an appropriate designee
- 9 shall provide written notification to a patient affected by a
- 10 serious event or, with the consent of the patient, to an
- 11 available family member or designee, within seven days of the
- 12 occurrence or discovery of a serious event. If the patient is
- 13 unable to give consent, the notification shall be given to an
- 14 adult member of the immediate family. If an adult member of the
- 15 immediate family cannot be identified or located, notification
- 16 shall be given to the closest adult family member. For
- 17 unemancipated patients who are under eighteen years of age, the
- 18 parent or guardian shall be notified in accordance with this
- 19 subsection. The notification requirements of this subsection
- 20 shall not be subject to section 321-H(a). Notification under
- 21 this subsection shall not constitute an acknowledgment or
- 22 admission of liability.

1	(c) A health care worker who reports the occurrence of a
2	serious event or incident in accordance with subsection (a) or
3	(b) shall not be subject to any retaliatory action for reporting
4	the serious event or incident and shall have the protections and
5	remedies set forth in section 378-62.
6	(d) Nothing in this section shall limit a medical
7	facility's ability to take appropriate disciplinary action
8	against a health care worker for failure to meet defined
9	performance expectations or to take corrective action against a
10	licensee for unprofessional conduct, including making false
11	reports or failure to report serious events under this chapter.
12	§321-F Patient safety officer. A patient safety officer
13	of a medical facility shall do all of the following:
14	(1) Serve on the patient safety committee;
15	(2) Ensure the investigation of all reports of serious
16	events and incidents;
17	(3) Take such action as is immediately necessary to ensure
18	patient safety as a result of any investigation; and
19	(4) Report to the patient safety committee regarding any

action taken to promote patient safety as a result of

investigations commenced pursuant to this section.

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§321-G Patient safety committee. (a) A hospital's 1 patient safety committee shall be composed of the medical 2 facility's patient safety officer, at least three health care 3 workers of the medical facility, and two residents of the 4 community served by the medical facility who are not agents, 5 employees, or contractors of the medical facility. No more than 6 one member of the patient safety committee shall be a member of 7 the medical facility's board of trustees. The committee shall 8 include members of the medical facility's medical and nursing 9 10 staff. The committee shall meet at least monthly. A patient safety committee of a medical facility shall 11 do all of the following: 12 Receive reports from the patient safety officer 13 (1)pursuant to section 321-F; 14 Evaluate investigations and actions of the patient (2) 15 safety officer on all reports; 16 Review and evaluate the quality of patient safety 17 (3) measures utilized by the medical facility. A review 18 shall include the consideration of reports made under 19 sections 321-D(b)(3) and 321-E(a); 20

Make recommendations to eliminate future serious

events and incidents; and

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Report to the administrative officer and governing 1 (5) body of the medical facility on a quarterly basis 2 regarding the number of serious events and incidents 3 and its recommendations to eliminate future serious 4 events and incidents. 5 6 §321-H Confidentiality and compliance. (a) Any documents, materials, or information solely prepared or created 7 for the purpose of compliance with section 321-G(b) or of 8 reporting under section 321-C, 321-D(b)(3), 321-E(a), 321-F(4), 9 10 321-G(b)(5), or 321-I that arise out of matters reviewed by either the patient safety committee or the governing board of a 11 medical facility pursuant to section 321-G(b) are confidential 12 and shall not be discoverable or admissible as evidence in any 13 civil or administrative action or proceeding. Any documents, 14 materials, records, or information that would otherwise be 15 available from original sources shall not be construed as immune 16 from discovery or use in any civil or administrative action or 17 proceeding merely because they were presented to the patient 18 safety committee or governing board of a medical facility. 19 No person who performs responsibilities for or 20 participates in meetings of the patient safety committee or 21 governing board of a medical facility pursuant to section 321-22

- 1 G(b) shall be allowed to testify as to any matters within the
- 2 knowledge gained by the person's responsibilities or
- 3 participation on the patient safety committee or governing board
- 4 of a medical facility; provided that the person shall be allowed
- 5 to testify as to any matters within the person's knowledge that
- 6 was gained outside of the persons' responsibilities or
- 7 participation on the patient safety committee or governing board
- 8 of a medical facility pursuant to section 321-G(b).
- 9 (c) The confidentiality protections set forth in
- 10 subsections (a) and (b) shall only apply to the documents,
- 11 materials, or information prepared or created pursuant to the
- 12 responsibilities of the patient safety committee or governing
- 13 board of a medical facility set forth in section 321-G(b).
- 14 (d) Except as set forth in subsection (f), any documents,
- 15 materials, or information received by the department from the
- 16 medical facility, health care worker, patient safety committee,
- 17 or governing board of a medical facility solely prepared or
- 18 created for the purpose of compliance with section 321-G(b) or
- 19 of reporting under section 321-C, 321-D(b)(3), 321-E(a),
- 20 321-F(4), 321-G(b)(5) or 321-I shall not be discoverable or
- 21 admissible as evidence in any civil or administrative action or
- 22 proceeding. Any records received by the department from the

- 1 medical facility, health care worker, patient safety committee,
- 2 or governing board of a medical facility pursuant to the
- 3 requirements of this part shall not be discoverable from the
- 4 department in any civil or administrative action or proceeding.
- 5 Documents, materials, records, or information may be used by the
- 6 department to comply with the reporting requirements under
- 7 subsection (f).
- 8 (e) No current or former employee of the department shall
- 9 be allowed to testify as to any matters gained by reason of the
- 10 employee's review of documents, materials, records, or
- 11 information submitted to the department by the medical facility
- 12 or health care worker pursuant to the requirements of this part;
- 13 provided that the prohibition to testify does not apply to
- 14 findings or actions by the department that are public records.
- 15 (f) The department shall have access to the information
- 16 under section 321-I(a) or (c) and may use that information for
- 17 the sole purpose of any licensure or corrective action against a
- 18 medical facility; provided that this exemption shall not be used
- 19 to permit the disclosure of any information obtained under
- 20 section 321-I(a) or (c) for any other purpose. The board of
- 21 medical examiners shall have access to the information under
- 22 section 321-I(a) and may use that information for the sole

- 1 purpose of any licensure or disciplinary action against a health
- 2 care worker; provided that this exemption shall not be used to
- 3 permit the disclosure of any information obtained under section
- 4 321-I(a) for any other purpose.
- 5 (q) In the event an original source document as set forth
- 6 in subsection (a) is determined by a court of competent
- 7 jurisdiction to be unavailable from the health care worker or
- 8 medical facility in a civil action or proceeding, then, in that
- 9 circumstance alone, the department may be required pursuant to a
- 10 court order to release that original source document to the
- 11 party identified in the court order.
- 12 (h) Any documents, materials, or information made
- 13 confidential by subsection (a) shall not be subject to requests
- 14 under chapter 92F.
- 15 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person
- 16 providing information or services to the patient safety
- 17 committee, governing board of a medical facility, or department
- 18 shall be held, by reason of having provided that information or
- 19 services, to have violated any criminal law or to be civilly
- 20 liable under any law, unless the information is false and the
- 21 person providing the information knew, or had reason to believe,

- 1 that the information was false and was motivated by malice
- 2 toward any person directly affected by that action.
- 3 §321-I Medical facility reports and notifications. (a) A
- 4 medical facility shall report the occurrence of a serious event
- 5 to the department within twenty-four hours of the medical
- 6 facility's confirmation of the occurrence of the serious event.
- 7 The report to the department shall be in the form and manner
- 8 prescribed by the department and shall not include the name of
- 9 any patient or any other identifiable individual information.
- 10 (b) A medical facility shall report the occurrence of an
- 11 incident to the department in a form and manner prescribed by
- 12 the department and shall not include the name of any patient or
- 13 any other identifiable individual information.
- 14 (c) A medical facility shall report the occurrence of an
- 15 infrastructure failure to the department within twenty-four
- 16 hours of the medical facility's confirmation of the occurrence
- 17 or discovery of the infrastructure failure. The report to the
- 18 department shall be in the form and manner prescribed by the
- 19 department.
- 20 (d) If a medical facility discovers that a licensee
- 21 providing health care services in the medical facility during a
- 22 serious event failed to report the event in accordance with



- 1 section 321-E(a), the medical facility shall notify the
- 2 licensee's licensing board of the failure to report.
- 3 (e) The department may impose an administrative penalty of
- 4 \$1,000 per day for failure to:
- 5 (1) Report a serious event or an infrastructure failure as
- 6 required by this section;
- 7 (2) Develop and comply with the patient safety plan in
- 8 accordance with section 321-D;
- 9 (3) Notify the patient in accordance with section 321-
- 10 E(b); or
- 11 (4) Notify a licensure board in accordance with this part.
- 12 §321-J Mediation. (a) Each medical facility shall
- 13 develop and implement a mediation model that:
- 14 (1) Encourages parties to participate in mediation as soon
- 15 practicable after a serious event;
- 16 (2) Incorporates a procedure that allows health care
- 17 professionals to meet directly with the patient or the
- patient's family members and a mediator to help the
- parties gain understanding, assess the strengths of
- their positions, explore non-economic proposals, and
- 21 either reach a mutually acceptable resolution to the

1		dispute or decide on another approach, including
2		litigation;
3	(3)	Affords the parties the opportunity to ask questions,
4		express their feelings, and exchange information;
5	(4)	Provides communications skills training to physicians
6		and other health care professionals; and
7	(5)	Prepares a core group of skilled and experienced staff
8		members at the medical facility who can help others
9		prepare for disclosure conversations.
10	(b)	Mediation statements or settlement offers tendered
11	shall not	be admitted into any subsequent proceedings involving
12	the case,	including a contested case hearing or a court
13	proceedin	g.
14	(c)	Mediation sessions shall not constitute a meeting for
15	purposes	of chapter 92. Mediator notes under this section shall
16	be exempt	from section 92-21 and chapter 92F. Section 91-10
17	shall not	apply to mediation proceedings."
18	SECT	ION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
19	matured,	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
20	begun, be	fore its effective date.

1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY: Rasalyn H Baker

Report Title:

Medical Liability; Medical Error Reporting

Description:

Requires the reporting of serious medical errors to the department of health and the medical facilities' patient safety committee. Requires open disclosure of serious medical errors to patients and their families. Requires medical facilities to develop a mediation model for handling serious medical errors.