JAN 25 2006

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURAL WATER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 In 1978, voters approved article XI, section 1, SECTION 1. 2 of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii, which establishes 3 the constitutional quidelines for state policies to promote the conservation and development of resources of the State. 4 Article XI, section 1, in its first paragraph, reads as follows: 5 "For the benefit of present and future generations, the 6 State and its political subdivisions shall conserve and 7 protect Hawaii's natural beauty and all natural resources, 8 including land, water, air, minerals and energy sources, 9 and shall promote the development and utilization of these 10 resources in a manner consistent with their conservation 11 and in furtherance of the self-sufficiency of the State." 12 The constitutional convention of 1978, defined the word 13 "conservation" to mean "the protection, improvement and use of 14 natural resources according to principles that will assure their 15 highest economic or social benefits." (Standing Committee 16 Report No. 77) The intent of the constitutional convention was 17 to conserve and protect all of Hawaii's natural resources and to 18

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- 1 provide for their protection, improvement, and use in a manner
- 2 that will yield the highest economic or social benefits.
- 3 Article XI, section 3, of the Constitution of the State of
- 4 Hawaii, mandates that the State shall provide for the
- 5 conservation and protection of agricultural lands and ensure the
- 6 availability of agriculturally suitable lands.
- 7 The legislature finds that the Hawaiian word 'aina which
- 8 conveys the sense of arable land, is derived from 'ai, meaning
- 9 food or to eat, with the substantive na added, so that it means
- 10 "that which feeds". The Hawaiian farmer considered the area
- 11 beyond or intersecting the kula lands, which are the plains or
- 12 sloping land without trees, as prime lands, which he favored for
- 13 habitation and subsistance. This area is the kahawai, "the
- 14 place [having] fresh water".
- 15 "Water, which gave life to food plants as well as to all
- 16 vegetation, symbolized bounty for the Hawaiian gardener for it
- 17 irrigated his staff of life -- taro." (E.S. Handy and E.G.
- 18 Handy, Native Planters in Old Hawaii, 1972.) Water, then, is
- 19 the source of life for the land and is essential for
- 20 agricultural production.
- The legislature finds that native planters of Hawaii had no
- 22 concept of the ownership of water, only the use of water and

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- 1 land. Article XI, section 1, of the Constitution of the State
- 2 of Hawaii, provides that the all public natural resources are
- 3 held in trust by the State for the benefit of the people.
- 4 However, in order to carry out the mandates of article XI,
- 5 section 3, which provides that the State shall "conserve and
- 6 protect agricultural lands, promote diversified agriculture,
- 7 increase agricultural self-sufficiency, and ensure the
- 8 availability of agriculturally suitable lands", the legislature
- 9 finds that provisions have to be made to ensure that adequate
- 10 agricultural water is available for agricultural endeavors on
- 11 agricultural lands.
- The legislature finds that the Hawaii supreme court in In
- 13 re Water Use Applications, 94 Haw. 97 (2000), held that, "water
- 14 use for diversified agriculture on land zoned for agriculture is
- 15 consistent with the public interest. Such use fulfills state
- 16 policies in favor of reasonable and beneficial water use,
- 17 diversified agriculture, conservation of agricultural lands, and
- 18 increased self-sufficiency of this state."
- 19 The purpose of this Act is to ensure the availability of
- 20 adequate agricultural water for agricultural lands with soils
- 21 classified by the land study bureau's detailed land
- 22 classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A

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| 1 | or B, and agricultural lands in active agricultural production | |
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| 2 | on January 1, 2007, with soil classified by the land study | |
| 3 | bureau's detailed land classification as overall (master) | |
| 4 | productivity rating class C, D, E, or U, that have been | |
| 5 | dedicated for agriculture pursuant to county ordinance. | |
| 6 | SECTION 2. Chapter 174C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is | |
| 7 | amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated | |
| 8 | and to read as follows: | |
| 9 | "§174C- Preservation of agricultural water. The | |
| 10 | commissio | n shall preserve water in such locations and quantities |
| 11 | contained in a declaration filed pursuant to section 174C-26, | |
| 12 | for agric | ultural use on: |
| 13 | (1) | Agricultural lands with soils classified by the land |
| 14 | | study bureau's detailed land classification as overall |
| 15 | | (master) productivity rating class A or B; and |
| 16 | (2) | Agricultural lands in active agricultural production |
| 17 | | on January 1, 2007, with soil classified by the land |
| 18 | | study bureau's detailed land classification as overall |
| 19 | | (master) productivity rating class C, D, E, or U, that |
| 20 | | have been dedicated for agriculture for a period of |
| 21 | | or more years pursuant to county |
| 22 | | ordinance." |

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- 1 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 2 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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SB LRB 06-0859.doc

Report Title:

Agricultural Water

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Description:

Preserves water for agricultural use on lands classified by the Land Study Bureau as class A or B or on lands dedicated to agricultural use.