A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 The Emergency Management Assistance Compact was ratified by Congress in 1996 as Public Law 104-321. To date, 2 forty-nine states, two territories, and the District of Columbia 3 have ratified the Emergency Management Assistance Compact. 4 only state that has not implemented the required legislation to 5 join the Emergency Management Assistance Compact is Hawaii. 6 only requirement for joining is for the legislature to ratify 7 8 the language of the compact. The purpose of this Act is to 9 enact the Emergency Management Assistance Compact. 10 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by adding 11 a new chapter to read as follows: 12 "CHAPTER ____ 13 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT Purposes and Authorities. This compact is made and 14 entered into by and between the participating member states 15 16 which enact this compact, hereinafter called party states. For the purposes of this agreement, the term "states" is taken to 17 mean the several states, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the 18

- 1 District of Columbia, and all U.S. territorial possessions. The
- purpose of this compact is to provide for mutual assistance
- 3 between the states entering into this compact in managing any
- 4 emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the governor of
- 5 the affected state(s), whether arising from natural disaster,
- 6 technological hazard, man-made disaster, civil emergency aspects
- 7 of resources shortages, community disorders, insurgency, or
- 8 enemy attack. This compact shall also provide for mutual
- 9 cooperation in emergency-related exercises, testing, or other
- 10 training activities using equipment and personnel simulating
- 11 performance of any aspect of the giving and receiving of aid by
- 12 party states or subdivisions of party states during emergencies,
- 13 such actions occurring outside actual declared emergency
- 14 periods. Mutual assistance in this compact may include the use
- of the states' National Guard forces, either in accordance with
- 16 the National Guard Mutual Assistance Compact or by mutual
- 17 agreement between states.
- 18 (B) General Implementation. Each party state entering
- 19 into this compact recognizes many emergencies transcend
- 20 political jurisdictional boundaries and that intergovernmental
- 21 coordination is essential in managing these and other
- 22 emergencies under this compact. Each state further recognizes

19

1	that there will be emergencies which require immediate access
2	and present procedures to apply outside resources to make a
3	prompt and effective response to such an emergency. This is
4	because few, if any, individual states have all the resources
5	they may need in all types of emergencies or the capability of
6	delivering resources to areas where emergencies exist. The
7	prompt, full, and effective utilization of resources of the
8	participating states, including any resources on hand or
9	available from the Federal Government or any other source, that
10	are essential to the safety, care, and welfare of the people in
11	the event of any emergency or disaster declared by a party
12	state, shall be the underlying principle on which all articles
13	of this compact shall be understood. On behalf of the governor
14	of each state participating in the compact, the legally
15	designated state official who is assigned responsibility for
16	emergency management will be responsible for formulation of the
17	appropriate interstate mutual aid plans and procedures necessary
18	to implement this compact.

- (C) Party State Responsibilities.
- i. It shall be the responsibility of each party
 state to formulate procedural plans and programs
 for interstate cooperation in the performance of

1	the	responsibilities listed in this article. In
2	form	ulating such plans, and in carrying them out,
3	the	party states, insofar as practical, shall:
4	(a)	Review individual state hazards analyses
5		and, to the extent reasonably possible,
6		determine all those potential emergencies
7		the party states might jointly suffer,
8		whether due to natural disaster,
9		technological hazard, man-made disaster,
10		emergency aspects of resource shortages,
11		civil disorders, insurgency, or enemy
12		attack;
13	(b)	Review party states' individual emergency
14		plans and develop a plan which will
15		determine the mechanism for the interstate
16		management and provision of assistance
17		concerning any potential emergency;
18	(C)	Develop interstate procedures to fill any
19		identified gaps and to resolve any
20		identified inconsistencies or overlaps in
21		existing or developed plans;

.1		(a)	Assist in warning communities adjacent to or
2			crossing the state boundaries;
3		(e)	Protect and assure uninterrupted delivery of
4			services, medicines, water, food, energy and
5			fuel, search and rescue, and critical
6		· 1 ₁	lifeline equipment, services, and resources,
7	and the second s		both human and material;
8		(f)	Inventory and set procedures for the
9		. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	interstate loan and delivery of human and
10			material resources, together with procedures
11			for reimbursement or forgiveness; and
12		(g)	Provide, to the extent authorized by law,
13			for temporary suspension of any statutes.
14	ii.	The a	authorized representative of a party state
15		may :	request assistance of another party state by
16		conta	acting the authorized representative of that
17		state	e. The provisions of this agreement shall
18		only	apply to requests for assistance made by and
19		to a	athorized representatives. Requests may be
20		verb	al or in writing. If verbal, the request
21		shall	l be confirmed in writing within 30 days of

1		the	verbal request. Requests shall provide the
2		foll	owing information:
3		(a)	A description of the emergency service
4			function for which assistance is needed,
5			such as but not limited to fire services,
6			law enforcement, emergency medical,
7			transportation, communications, public works
8			and engineering, building inspection,
9			planning and information assistance, mass
,10			care, resource support, health and medical
11			services, and search and rescue;
1,12		(b)	The amount and type of personnel, equipment,
13			materials and supplies needed, and a
14			reasonable estimate of the length of time
15			they will be needed; and
16		(C)	The specific place and time for staging of
17			the assisting party's response and a point
18			of contact at that location.
19	iii.	Ther	e shall be frequent consultation between
20		stat	e officials who have assigned emergency
21		mana	gement responsibilities and other appropriate
22		repr	esentatives of the party states with affected

1	jurisdictions and the United States Government,
2	with free exchange of information, plans, and
3	resource records relating to emergency
4	capabilities.
5	D. Limitations. Any party state requested to render
6	mutual aid or conduct exercises and training for mutual aid
7	shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make
8	available the resources covered by this compact in accordance
9	with the terms hereof; provided that it is understood that the
10	state rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent
11	necessary to provide reasonable protection for such state. Each
12	party state shall afford to the emergency forces of any party
13	state, while operating within its state limits under the terms
14	and conditions of this compact, the same powers (except that of
15	arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving state),
16	duties, rights, and privileges as are afforded forces of the
17	state in which they are performing emergency services. Emergency
18	forces will continue under the command and control of their
19	regular leaders, but the organizational units will come under
20	the operational control of the emergency services authorities of
21	the state receiving assistance. These conditions may be
22	activated, as needed, only subsequent to a declaration of a

- state of emergency or disaster by the governor of the party
 state that is to receive assistance or commencement of exercises
- 3 or training for mutual aid and shall continue so long as the
- 4 exercises or training for mutual aid are in progress, the state
- 5 of emergency or disaster remains in effect or loaned resources
- 6 remain in the receiving state(s), whichever is longer.
- 7 (E) Licenses and Permits. Whenever any person holds a
- 8 license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state party
- 9 to the compact evidencing the meeting of qualifications for
- 10 professional, mechanical, or other skills, and when such
- 11 assistance is requested by the receiving party state, such
- person shall be deemed licensed, certified, or permitted by the
- 13 state requesting assistance to render aid involving such skill
- 14 to meet a declared emergency or disaster, subject to such
- 15 limitations and conditions as the governor of the requesting
- 16 state may prescribe by executive order or otherwise.
- 17 (F) Liability. Officers or employees of a party state
- 18 rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be
- 19 considered agents of the requesting state for tort liability and
- 20 immunity purposes; and no party state or its officers or
- 21 employees rendering aid in another state pursuant to this
- 22 compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in

- good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on 1 account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies 2 in connection therewith. Good faith in this article shall not 3 include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness. 4 Supplementary Agreements. Inasmuch as it is probable 5 that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid 6 among two or more states may differ from that among the states that are party hereto, this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing herein contained shall preclude any state from entering into supplementary 10 11 agreements with another state or affect any other agreements 12 already in force between states. Supplementary agreements may comprehend, but shall not be limited to, provisions for 13 evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the 14 15 exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility, reconnaissance, welfare, transportation and communications 16 personnel, and equipment and supplies. **17**
- (H) Compensation. Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency forces of that state and representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid pursuant to this

- 1 compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the
- 2 injury or death were sustained within their own state.
- 3 (I) Reimbursement. Any party state rendering aid in
- "4 another state pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by
 - 5 the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or
 - 6 expense incurred in the operation of any equipment and the
 - 7 provision of any service in answering a request for aid and for
 - 8 the costs incurred in connection with such requests; provided,
 - 9 that any aiding party state may assume in whole or in part such
- 10 loss, damage, expense, or other cost, or may loan such equipment
- or donate such services to the receiving party state without
- charge or cost; and provided further, that any two or more party
- 13 states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a
- 14 different allocation of costs among those states. Article VIII
- 15 expenses shall not be reimbursable under this provision.
- 16 (J) Evacuation. Plans for the orderly evacuation and
- 17 interstate reception of portions of the civilian population as
- 18 the result of any emergency or disaster of sufficient
- 19 proportions to so warrant, shall be worked out and maintained
- 20 between the party states and the emergency management/services
- 21 directors of the various jurisdictions where any type of
- 22 incident requiring evacuations might occur. Such plans shall be

1	put into effect by request of the state from which evacuees come
2	and shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees, the
3	number of evacuees to be received in different areas, the manner
4	in which food, clothing, housing, and medical care will be
5	provided, the registration of the evacuees, the providing of
6	facilities for the notification of relatives or friends, and the
7	forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of
8	additional materials, supplies, and all other relevant factors.
9	Such plans shall provide that the party state receiving evacuees
10	and the party state from which the evacuees come shall mutually
11	agree as to reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in
12	receiving and caring for such evacuees, for expenditures for
13	transportation, food, clothing, medicines and medical care, and
14	like items. Such expenditures shall be reimbursed as agreed by
15	the party state from which the evacuees come. After the
16	termination of the emergency or disaster, the party state from
17	which the evacuees come shall assume the responsibility for the
18	ultimate support of repatriation of such evacuees.
19	(K) Implementation.
20	(i) The compact shall become operative immediately
21	upon its enactment into law by any two (2)
22	states; thereafter, this compact shall become

1		effective as to any other state upon its
2		enactment by such state.
3	(ii)	Any party state may withdraw from this Compact by
4		enacting a statute repealing the same, but no
5		such withdrawal shall take effect until 30 days
6		after the governor of the withdrawing state has
7		given notice in writing of such withdrawal to the
8		governors of all other party states. Such action
9		shall not relieve the withdrawing state from
10		obligations assumed hereunder prior to the
11		effective date of withdrawal.
12	(iii)	Duly authenticated copies of the compact and of
13		such supplementary agreements as may be entered
14		into shall, at the time of their approval, be
15		deposited with each of the party states and with
16		the Federal Emergency Management Agency and other
17		appropriate agencies of the United States
18		Government.
19	L. Valid	ity. If any provision of the compact is declared
20	unconstitution	al, or the applicability thereof to any person or
21	circumstances :	is held invalid, the constitutionality of the

1	remainder of this ACL and the applicability thereof to other
2	persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
3	M. Additional Provisions. Nothing in the compact shall
4	authorize or permit the use of military force by the National
5	Guard of a state at any place outside that state in any
6	emergency for which the President is authorized by law to call
7	into federal service the militia, or for any purpose for which
8	the use of the Army or the Air Force would in the absence of
9	express statutory authorization be prohibited under Section 1389
10	of title 18, United States Code."
11	SECTION 3. In codifying the new sections added by section
12	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
13	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
14	the new sections in this Act.
15	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
16	/
17	INTRODUCED BY: Color KY Any
18	BY REQUEST
	JAN 2 3 2006

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Defense

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EMERGENCY

MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT.

PURPOSE:

To enact and join the Emergency Management

Assistance Compact.

MEANS:

Add a new chapter to Hawaii Revised Statutes.

JUSTIFICATION:

The Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC) was ratified by Congress in 1996 as Public Law 104-321. The purpose of this compact is to provide mutual assistance between the states in managing any emergency or disaster that is declared by the Governor of the affected state(s), whether arising

from a natural or man-made disaster, technological hazard, community disorder,

insurgency or enemy attack.

EMAC is administered by the National Emergency Management Association (NEMA) and Hawaii is the only state that has not enacted

and joined the Compact.

Impact on the public: None.

Impact on the department and other agencies:

None.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

None.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.