A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO VEHICULAR EMISSIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

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SECTION 1. Hawaii depends on imported petroleum for one
hundred per cent of its transportation energy needs, leaving the
State extremely vulnerable to an oil embargo, supply disruption,
or other energy emergency. Hawaii's energy security can be
increased by diversifying Hawaii's transportation fuel needs so
that the State will be more reliant on alternative and renewable
fuels and vehicles.
Your Committees find that imposing an additional tax on
vehicles that weigh more, and proportionally consume more
petroleum fuel, will benefit all citizens of Hawaii and address
energy security problems that adversely affect the State.
The purpose of this Act is to:
(1) Increase the state vehicle excise tax on passenger
cars and pickup trucks weighing more than four
thousand pounds net weight up to and including ten
thousand pounds net weight;

(2) Allocate additional excise taxes received on each passenger car or pickup truck weighing over four

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1		thousand pounds net weight into a clean vehicle fund
2		that will be made available as a rebate on clean fuel
3		vehicles purchased in the State;
4	(3)	Require the director of finance to develop and
5		implement a plan to distribute the proceeds from the
6		clean vehicle fund by December 31, 2007;
7	(4)	Exempt the purchase of clean fuel vehicles and
8		electric vehicles from the state excise tax;
9	(5)	Define the term "clean fuel; and
10	(6)	Establish guidelines and objectives in the Hawaii
11		State Planning Act for renewable energy and fuels.
12	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
14	and to re	ad follows:
15	" <u>§23</u>	7- Clean fuel. (a) In addition to the tax levied
16	in sectio	n 237-13(2)(A), there shall be an additional tax levied
17	on the gr	oss proceeds of sales of passenger cars and pickup
18	trucks as	follows; provided that insofar as the sale of tangible
19	personal	property is at wholesale under section 237-4(a)(8)(B),
20	the sale	shall be subject to section 237-13.3. Upon every sale
21	of a pass	enger car or pickup truck:

1	(1)	Weighing over four thousand pounds net weight, up to
2		and including five thousand pounds net weight, there
3		shall be levied a tax equivalent to one per cent of
4		the gross proceeds of sales; and
5	(2)	Weighing over five thousand pounds net weight, up to
6		and including ten thousand pounds net weight, there
7		shall be levied a tax equivalent to two per cent of
8		the gross proceeds of sales;
9	provided	that this section shall not apply to a passenger car or
10	pickup tr	uck that is used solely for commercial or agricultural
11	purposes.	
12	(b)	The tax shall be collected and deposited into a clean
13	vehicle f	und that shall be used to provide rebates on vehicles
14	that oper	ate on clean fuel. The director of finance is
15	authorize	d and shall develop and implement a plan to distribute
16	the proce	eds from the clean vehicle fund by December 31, 2007.
17	<u>(c)</u>	For the purposes of this section:
18	(1)	"Clean fuel" means:
19		(A) Natural gas;
20		(B) Liquefied natural gas;
21		(C) Liquefied petroleum gas;
22		(D) 'Hydrogen;

1		(E) Electricity or hybrid driven; or
2		(F) Any other fuel at least eighty-five per cent of
3		which consists of one or more of the following:
4		methanol, ethanol, any other alcohol, or ether.
5	(2)	"Passenger car" shall have the same meaning as under
6		section 286-2.
7	(3)	"Pickup truck" shall have the same meaning as under
8		section 291-14.
9	(d)	The department shall adopt rules under chapter 91 to
10	implement	this section, which shall include criteria to
11	determine	what vehicles qualify as commercial or agricultural
12	vehicles.	ıı
13	SECT	ION 3. Section 226-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
15	"(c)	To further achieve the energy objectives, it shall be
16	the policy	y of this State to:
17	(1)	Support research and development as well as promote
18		the use of renewable energy sources;
19	(2)	Ensure that the combination of energy supplies and
20		energy-saving systems is sufficient to support the
21		demands of growth;

1	(3)	base decisions of reast-cost suppry-side and demand-
2		side energy resource options on a comparison of their
3		total costs and benefits when a least-cost is
4		determined by a reasonably comprehensive,
5		quantitative, and qualitative accounting of their
6		long-term, direct and indirect economic,
7		environmental, social, cultural, and public health
8		costs and benefits;
9	(4)	Promote all cost-effective conservation of power and
10		fuel supplies through measures including:
11		(A) Development of cost-effective demand-side
12		management programs;
13		(B) Education; and
14		(C) Adoption of energy-efficient practices and
15		technologies;
16	(5)	Ensure, to the extent that new supply-side resources
17		are needed, the development or expansion of energy
18		systems [utilizes] that utilize a diverse assortment
19		of the least-cost energy supply [option] options and
20		resources and [maximizes] maximize efficient
21		technologies;

1	(6)	Support research, development, and demonstration of			
2		energy efficiency, load management, and other demand-			
3		side management programs, practices, and technologies;			
4	(7)	Promote alternate fuels and energy efficiency by			
5		encouraging diversification of transportation <u>fuels</u> ,			
6		modes, and infrastructure;			
7	(8)	Support actions that reduce, avoid, or sequester			
8		greenhouse gases in utility, transportation, and			
9		industrial sector applications; [and]			
10	(9)	Support actions that reduce, avoid, or sequester			
11		Hawaii's greenhouse gas emissions through agriculture			
12		and forestry initiatives[+]; and			
13	(10)	Support a renewable fuels standard of ten per cent of			
14		highway fuel demand to be provided by renewable fuels			
15		by 2010, fifteen per cent by 2015, and twenty per cent			
16		by 2020. "Renewable fuels" include:			
17		(A) Ethanol, with each gallon of ethanol produced			
18		from cellulosic materials considered the			
19		equivalent of 2.5 gallons of noncellulosic			
20		ethanol;			
21		(B) Biodiesel; and			

1	_(Hydrogen or other liquid or gaseous fuels
2		produced either from renewable feedstocks,
3		including organic wastes, or from water, using
4		electricity from renewable energy sources."
5	SECTIO	ON 4. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to	read as follows:
7	"§237-	-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
8	apply to th	ne following amounts:
9	(1) F	Amounts received under life insurance policies and
10	C	contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
11	(2) <i>I</i>	Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
12	,	death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
13	C	or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
14	n	maturity or upon surrender of the contract;
15	(3)	Amounts received under any accident insurance or
16	ľ	nealth insurance policy or contract or under workers'
17	(compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
18		compensation for personal injuries, death, or
19	` \$	sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
20		other compensation received, whether as a result of
21	ć	action or by private agreement between the parties on
22	á	account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;

1	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
2		acquired by gift, bequest, or $\operatorname{devise}[_{\mathcal{T}}]$ and the value
3		of all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
4	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
5		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
6		character reputation, or received as compensatory
7		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
8		property, whether as the result of action or by
9 -		private agreement between the parties (provided that
10		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
11		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
12		gross income);
13	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
14		rendered by an employee to an employer;
15	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
16		and settlements;
17	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
18		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243[$_{ au}$] and the
19		amounts collected by such distributors as a fuel tax
20		imposed by any Act of the Congress of the United
21		States;

1	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
2		holding permits under that chapter;
3	(10)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
4		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
5		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
6		selling the products at wholesale;
7	(11)	Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
8		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
9		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
10	(12)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
11		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
12		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
13		the manufacturer to the federal government;
14	(13)	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
15		of gross income received by: any blind, deaf, or
16		totally disabled person engaging, or continuing, in
17		any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
18		within the State; a corporation all of whose
19		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
20		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
21		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
22		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally

1		aisa	bled; or a limited Hability Company, all of whose
2		memb	ers are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
3	(14)	Amou	nts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
4		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
5		wher	e:
6		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
7			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
8			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
9			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
10		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
11			and other products manufactured from the
12			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
13			levied on the manufacturer under section 237-
14			13(1) or (2);
15		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
16			dependent upon the actual value of the products
17			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
18			all similar products manufactured by the
19			manufacturer; and
20		(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
21			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
22			of the manufactured products;

1	(15)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-placing
2		organizations to foster parents for their care of
3		children in foster homes; [and]
4	(16)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing corporation
5		from its shareholders in reimbursement of funds paid
6		by such corporation for lease rental, real property
7		taxes, and other expenses of operating and maintaining
8		the cooperative land and improvements; provided that
9		such a cooperative corporation is a corporation:
10		(A) Having one and only one class of stock
11		outstanding;
12		(B) Each of the stockholders of which is entitled,
13		solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
14		of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
15		dwelling purposes a house $[au]$ or an apartment in a
16		building owned or leased by the corporation; and
17		(C) No stockholder of which is entitled (either
18		conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
19		distribution not out of earnings and profits of
20		the corporation except in a complete or partial
21		liquidation of the corporation $[-]$; and

1	<u>(17)</u> <u>Amou</u>	nts received from the sale of a passenger car (as
2	that	term is defined in section 286-2) or a pickup
3	truc	k (as that term is defined in section 291-14)
4	that	<u>:</u>
5	<u>(A)</u>	Are operated by "clean fuel" as that term is
6		defined in section 237- ; and
7	<u>(B)</u>	Obtains at least forty miles per gallon for a
8		passenger car or at least thirty miles per gallon
9		for a pickup truck based upon federal
10		Environmental Protection Agency combined
11		ratings."
12	SECTION 5	Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECTION 6	5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
15	provided that	sections 2 and 4 shall apply to taxable years
16	beginning afte	er December 31, 2005.

SB 3183 SD1 HD1

Report Title:

Renewable Energy and Fuels; Hawaii State Planning Act; Tax Incentives

Description:

Provides tax incentives for the purchase of clean fuel motor vehicles and penalizes less efficiently fueled motor vehicles. Also establishes guidelines and objectives in the Hawaii State Planning Act for renewable energy and fuels. (SB3183 HD1)