A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature notes that section 1 431:10C-308.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, limits the charges and 2 frequency for medical treatment covered by personal injury 3 4 protection (PIP) benefits. In accordance with this limitation on charges, the motor vehicle insurer has an obligation to limit 5 6 payment of the insured's benefits for treatment. The legislature finds that, as a result of the Hawaii Supreme Court's ruling in Orthopedic Associates of Hawaii, Inc. 8 9 v. Hawaiian Insurance & Guaranty Co., Ltd., No. 24634, slip. op. 10 (Dec. 7, 2005), insurers have implemented a process of issuing 11 denial of benefits on all payments that are less than the amount 12 billed. Some of the larger insurers are issuing several thousand denials each month. Copies of these denials are given 13 14 to both the provider and the insured. This has prompted many calls from insureds who do not understand the process and are 15 concerned that the insurer might be denying them access to 16

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medical treatment.

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1 This Act is intended to clarify the process to be followed 2 in any billing adjustment or dispute where an insurer receives and does not dispute the treatment rendered but finds the 3 4 billing to exceed the permissible charges. This Act is not intended to affect the merits of the amount billed or the amount 5 owed under PIP. Specifically, this Act clarifies that any 6 7 adjustments to payment of the amount billed is an acceptance of 8 the treatment and not a denial of benefit. Therefore, section 431:10C-304(3), which requires a written denial of benefit, is 9 **10** not applicable to an adjustment to the amount payable under PIP 11 benefits. Rather than issue a denial, this Act clarifies that 12 the insurer's obligation is to "pay all undisputed charges" and 13 "negotiate in good faith with the provider on the disputed 14 charges." SECTION 2. Section 431:10C-308.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 15 16 is amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows: 17 In the event of a dispute between the provider and 18 the insurer over the amount of a charge or the correct fee or 19 procedure code to be used under the workers' compensation supplemental medical fee schedule, the insurer shall: 20 21 (1) Pay all undisputed charges within thirty days after

the insurer has received reasonable proof of the fact

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1		and amount of benefits accrued and demand for payment
2		thereof; and
3	(2)	Negotiate in good faith with the provider on the
4		disputed charges for a period up to sixty days after
5		the insurer has received reasonable proof of the fact
6		and amount of benefits accrued and demand for payment
7		thereof.
8	If the provider and the insurer are unable to resolve the	
9	dispute[7	-] after a period of sixty days pursuant to paragraph
10	(2), the provider, insurer, or claimant may submit the dispute	
11	to the commissioner, arbitration, or court of competent	
12	jurisdict	tion. The parties shall include documentation of the
13	efforts o	of the insurer and the provider to reach a negotiated
14	resolutio	on of the dispute. The requirements of this section
15	supersed	e the requirements of section 431:10C-304(3) with
16	respect to all disputes about the amount of a charge or the	
17	correct	fee and procedure code to be used under the workers'
18	compensa	tion medical fee schedule. An insurer who disputes the
19	amount of a charge or the correct fee or procedure code under	
20	this section shall not be deemed to have denied a claim for	
21	benefits	under section 431:10C-304(3)."

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1	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
2	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
3	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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	INTRODUCED BY:
	'IAN 2 4 2006

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Report Title:

Motor Vehicle Insurance; Medical Fee Schedule Payment Procedures

Description:

Clarifies the process of payments for benefits under automobile personal injury protection coverage where the bill for medical services submitted does not conform to the fee schedule or where there is a dispute between the medical provider and insurer on compliance.