## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE STATE PLAN.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the United States
2	military has always had a significant presence in Hawaii.
3	Federal expenditures for the maintenance of military facilities
4	and personnel have always been a large part of our local
5	economy. Today, we are seeing massive increased investment into
6	our economy with improvements to Hickam Air Force Base to
7,	accommodate eight new C-17 transport planes, the proposed
8	improvements throughout the state to accommodate the enhanced
9	Stryker Brigade at Schofield Barracks, and the massive military
10	housing projects that are about to begin throughout Hawaii.
11	Hawaii is also under consideration as a home port for a multi-
12	ship aircraft carrier group and air wing.
13	The military is with us in every way and contributing every
14	day. Whether through the military performing volunteer work in
15	Hawaii's schools, or the infusion of construction dollars,
16	purchases and expenditures by military personnel and their
17	family members in the civilian economy, or the hiring of

thousands of civilian employees in a variety of capacities,

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- 1 Hawaii's military has long played and continues to play an
- 2 essential role in the State's economy. The legislature
- 3 recognizes that the military's need to not only train
- 4 appropriately, but to build, maintain, expand, and upgrade
- 5 facilities, living quarters, and communications, as well as
- 6 equipment, and the myriad of other components required to
- 7 sustain major, sophisticated operations, positively impacts our
- 8 State's economy.
- 9 This nation is now undergoing another round of painful
- 10 military base realignments and closings. More closures are sure
- 11 to follow. The loss of any of Hawaii's military facilities is
- 12 detrimental to our economy in a number of ways. Nevertheless,
- 13 the legislature is under no illusion that the enactment of any
- 14 state law will, of itself, influence, much less control, any
- 15 action of the federal government. More significantly, however,
- 16 the legislature sincerely believes that the military facilities
- 17 in this state play a critical role in the defensive posture of
- 18 this nation and deserve retention on their merits alone. The
- 19 legislature, for its part, seeks to ensure that Hawaii's
- 20 military facilities can continue to operate in an optimum manner
- 21 and thereby ensure their survival.

1	The purpose of this Act is to emphasize that another
2	objective and policy of the state plan is to promote the well-
3	being of federal military installations and investment in the
4	state and to fully support the continual operations of existing
5	installations.
6	SECTION 2. Section 225M-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
8	"(b) The office of planning shall gather, analyze, and
9	provide information to the governor to assist in the overall
10	analysis and formulation of state policies and strategies to
11	provide central direction and cohesion in the allocation of
12	resources and effectuation of state activities and programs $[\tau]$
13	and effectively address current or emerging issues and
14	opportunities. More specifically, the office shall engage in
15	the following activities:
16	(1) State comprehensive planning and program coordination.
17	Formulating and articulating comprehensive statewide
18	goals, objectives, policies, and priorities, and
19	coordinating their implementation through the
20	statewide planning system established in part II of
21	chapter 226;

1	(2)	Strategic planning. Identifying and analyzing
2		significant issues, problems, and opportunities
3		confronting the State, and formulating strategies and
4		alternative courses of action in response to
5		identified problems and opportunities by:
6		(A) Providing in-depth policy research, analysis, and
7		recommendations on existing or potential areas of
8		critical state concern;
9		(B) Examining and evaluating the effectiveness of
10		state programs in implementing state policies and
11		priorities;
12		(C) Monitoring through surveys, environmental
13		scanning, and other techniquescurrent social,
14		economic, and physical conditions and trends; and
15		(D) Developing, in collaboration with affected public
16		or private agencies and organizations,
17		implementation plans and schedules and, where
18		appropriate, assisting in the mobilization of
19		resources to meet identified needs;
20	(3)	Planning coordination and cooperation. Facilitating
21		coordinated and cooperative planning and policy
22		development and implementation activities among state

1		agen	cies $[ au]$ and between the state, county, and federal
2		gove	rnments, by:
3		(A)	Reviewing, assessing, and coordinating, as
4			necessary, major plans, programs, projects, and
5			regulatory activities existing or proposed by
6			state and county agencies; [and]
7		(B)	Formulating mechanisms to simplify, streamline,
8			or coordinate interagency development and
9			regulatory processes; and
10		<u>(C)</u>	Recognizing the defense and security presence in
11			the state as an area of important state concern;
12	(4)	Plan	ning information system. Collecting, analyzing,
13		main	taining, and disseminating data and information to
14		furt	her effective state planning, policy analysis and
15		deve	lopment, and delivery of government services by:
16		(A)	Assembling, organizing, evaluating, and
17			classifying existing data and performing
18			necessary basic research in order to provide a
19			common data base for governmental planning;
20		(B)	Planning, developing, implementing, and
21			coordinating a statewide planning and geographic
22			information system. The office shall be the lead

1		agency responsible for planning and coordinating
2		the establishment of a multi-agency, statewide
3		geographic information system and the development
4		of planning applications $\underline{ \prime }$ including spatial data
5		analyses to enhance decision making; and
6		(C) Maintaining a centralized depository of state and
7		national planning references;
8	(5)	Land use planning. Developing and presenting the
9		position of the State in all boundary change petitions
10		and proceedings before the land use commission,
11		assisting state agencies in the development and
12		submittal of petitions for land use district boundary
13		amendments, and conducting periodic reviews of the
14		classification and districting of all lands in the
15		State, as specified in chapter 205;
16	(6)	Coastal and ocean policy management. Carrying out the
17		lead agency responsibilities for the Hawaii coastal
18		zone management program, as specified in chapter 205A.
19		Also, developing and maintaining an ocean and coastal
20		resources information, planning, and management system
21		further developing and coordinating implementation of
22		the ocean resources management plan, and formulating

1	ocean policies with respect to the exclusive economic
2	zone, coral reefs, and national marine sanctuaries;
<b>3</b> (7)	Regional planning and studies. Conducting plans and
4	studies to determine:
5	(A) The capability of various regions within the
6	State to support projected increases in both
7	resident populations and visitors;
8	(B) The potential physical, social, economic, and
9	environmental impact on these regions resulting
10	from increases in both resident populations and
11	visitors;
12	(C) The maximum annual [visitor carrying] visitor-
13	carrying capacity for the State by region,
14	county, and island; and
15	(D) The appropriate guidance and management of
16	selected regions and areas of statewide critical
17	concern.
18	The studies in subparagraphs (A) to (C) shall be
19	conducted at appropriate intervals, but not less than
20	once every five years; and
21 (8)	Regional, national, and international planning.
22	Participating in and [assuring] ensuring that state

1		plans, policies, and objectives are consistent, to the
2		extent practicable, with regional, national, and
3		international planning efforts."
4	SECT	ION 3. Section 226-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
6	"(b)	To achieve the federal expenditures objective, it
7	shall be t	the policy of this State to:
8	(1)	Encourage the sustained flow of federal expenditures
9		in Hawaii that generates long-term government civiliar
10		employment[-];
11	(2)	Promote Hawaii's supportive role in national
12		defense[-], while remaining consistent with Hawaii's
13		social, environmental, and cultural goals;
14	(3)	Promote the development of federally supported
15		activities in Hawaii that respect [state-wide]
16		statewide economic concerns, are sensitive to
17		community needs, and minimize adverse impacts on
18		Hawaii's environment[-];
19	(4)	Increase opportunities for entry and advancement of
20		Hawaii's people into federal government service [-];
21	(5)	Promote federal use of local commodities, services,
22		and facilities available in Hawaii[-];

1	(6)	Strengthen federal-state-county communication and
2		coordination in all federal activities that affect
3		Hawaii[+]; and
4	(7)	Pursue the return of federally controlled lands in
5		Hawaii that are not required for either the defense of
6		the nation or for other purposes of national
7		importance, and promote the mutually beneficial
8		exchanges of land between federal agencies, the State,
9		and the counties."
10	SECT	ION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
11	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECT	ION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2006.

HB2457

## Report Title:

State Plan; Military Facilities; Active Encouragement

## Description:

Clarifies the policy of the State to recognize military presence in Hawaii as an area of important state concern. (HB2457 HD1)