A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1		SECT	ION 1. The purpose of this Act is to amend chapter
2	329,	Hawa	ii Revised Statutes, by:
3		(1)	Adding and amending definitions to section 329-1,
4			Hawaii Revised Statutes, to be consistent with federal
5			law;
6		(2)	Defining "central fill pharmacy";
7		(3)	Clarifying the circumstances under which narcotics may
8			be used;
9		(4)	Clarifying the requirements of a controlled substance
10			prescription;
11		(5)	Clarifying the conditions for the transmittal of
12			prescriptions by facsimile equipment;
13		(6)	Adding new violations of prohibited acts; and
14		(7)	Allowing the sharing of controlled substances
15			prescription information with other governmental
16			agencies.
17		SECT	ION 2. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

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amended as follows:

1 By adding eight new definitions to be appropriately 2 inserted and to read: 3 ""Address" means, with respect to prescriptions, the 4 physical location where an individual resides such as: 5 Street address, city, and state; (1)6 (2) Tax map key number; or 7 The description of a physical location. (3) 8 "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy located in the 9 state that is registered pursuant to section 329-32 to prepare **10** controlled substance orders for dispensing to the ultimate user 11 pursuant to a valid prescription transmitted to it by a **12** registered pharmacy. 13 "Detoxification treatment" means the dispensing, for a 14 specific period of time, of a narcotic drug in decreasing doses 15 to an individual to alleviate adverse physiological or 16 psychological effects incident to withdrawal from the continuous 17 or sustained use of a narcotic drug and as a method of bringing 18 the individual to a narcotic drug-free state within a specified 19 period of time. 20 "Long-term" means a period of more than thirty days but not

more than one hundred eighty days.

1 "Maintenance treatment" means the dispensing of a narcotic drug in the treatment of an individual for dependence upon 2 3 heroin or other morphine-like drug, for a period in excess of 4 twenty-one days. 5 "Pharmacist" means a person who is licensed or holds a 6 permit under chapter 461 to practice pharmacy, including a 7 pharmacy intern who is under the immediate and direct 8 supervision of a licensed pharmacist. "Prescribe" means to direct, designate, or order the use of 9 **10** a formula for the preparation of a drug and medicine for a 11 disease or illness and the manner of using them. **12** "Prescriber" means one who is authorized to issue a 13 prescription. 14 "Prescription" means an order for medication, which is dispensed to or for an ultimate user. "Prescription drug" shall 15 16 not include an order for medication that is dispensed for 17 immediate administration to the ultimate user, such as a chart order to dispense a drug to a bed patient for immediate 18 19 administration in a hospital. 20 "Short-term" means a period not more than thirty days."

2. By amending the definitions of "identification number"

and "practitioner" to read:

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1	""Id	entification number" means, with respect to a patient:
2	(1)	The patient's unique[$_{\tau}$] valid driver's license number
3		[of the patient,] or state identification card number,
4		followed by [the two-digit United States Postal
5		Service code for the abbreviation of the state
6		issuing the driver's license [or, if the patient is a
7		foreign patient, the patient's passport number. If
8		the patient does not have a driver's license, the
9		"identification number" means the patient's social
10		security number, followed by the patient's state of
11		residency code. If the patient is less than eighteen
12		years old and has no such identification, the
13		identification number means the unique number
14		contained on the valid driver's license of the
15		patient's parent or guardian; or or state
16		identification card, or the patient's military
17		identification number;
18	(2)	If the patient is a foreign patient, the patient's
19		<pre>passport number;</pre>
20	(3)	If the patient does not have a valid driver's license,
21		state identification card, or military identification,

1		the patient's social security number followed by the
2		abbreviation of the patient's state of residence;
3	(4)	If the patient is less than eighteen years of age and
4		has none of the identification referred to in
5		paragraph (1), (2), or (3), the unique number on the
6		valid driver's license, state identification card,
7		military identification, or passport of the patient's
8		parent or guardian; or
9	[(2)]	(5) If the controlled substance is obtained for an
10		animal, the unique number of the animal's owner as
11		described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) [of the
12		animal's owner]."
13	""Pra	actitioner" means:
14	(1)	A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
15		investigator, or other person licensed and registered
16		under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or
17		conduct research with respect to a controlled
18		substance in the course of professional practice or
19		research in this State[-]; and
20	(2)	A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed,
21		registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute,
22		dispense, conduct research with respect to or to

1		administer a controlled substance in the course of
2		professional practice or research in this State.
3	[(3)	Prescribe means: to direct, designate or order the use
4		of a formula for the preparation of a drug and
5		medicine for a disease or illness and the manner of
6		using them.
7	(4)	Prescriber means: one who is authorized to issue a
8		prescription.
9	(5)	Prescription means: an order or formula issued by a
10		licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy,
11		podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine, for the
12		compounding or dispensing of drugs.] "
13	SECT	ION 3. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended t	o read as follows:
15	"§32	9-38 Prescriptions. (a) No controlled substance in
16	schedule	II may be dispensed without a written prescription of a
17	practitio	ner, except:
18	(1)	In the case of an emergency situation, a pharmacist
19		may dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule
20		II upon receiving oral authorization from a
21		prescribing practitioner; provided that:

1	(A)	The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited
2		to the amount adequate to treat the patient
3		during the emergency period (dispensing beyond
4		the emergency period must be pursuant to a
5		written prescription signed by the prescribing
6		practitioner);
7	<u>(B)</u>	If the prescribing practitioner is not known to
8		the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall make a
9		reasonable effort to determine that the oral
10		authorization came from a registered
11		practitioner, which may include a callback to the
12		prescribing practitioner using the phone number
13		in the telephone directory or other good faith
14		efforts to identify the prescriber; and
15	[(B)]	(C) Within [seventy two hours] seven days after
16		authorizing an emergency oral prescription, the
17		prescribing practitioner shall cause a written
18		prescription for the emergency quantity
19		prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing
20		pharmacist. In addition to conforming to the
21		requirements of this subsection, the prescription
22		shall have written on its face "Authorization for

1		Emergency Dispensing". The written prescription
2		may be delivered to the pharmacist in person or
3		by mail, and if by mail, the prescription [must]
4		shall be postmarked within the [seventy-two hour]
5		seven-day period. Upon receipt, the dispensing
6		pharmacist shall attach this prescription to the
7		oral emergency prescription, which had earlier
8		been reduced to writing. The pharmacist shall
9		notify the administrator if the prescribing
10		practitioner fails to deliver a written
11		prescription to the pharmacy within the allotted
12		time. Failure of the pharmacist to do so shall
13		void the authority conferred by this paragraph to
14		dispense without a written prescription of a
15		prescribing individual practitioner. Any
16		[physician] <u>practitioner</u> who fails to deliver a
17		written prescription within the [seventy two
18		hour] seven-day period shall be in violation of
19		section 329-41(a)(1);
20		or
21	(2)	When dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than
22		a pharmacist, to the ultimate user. The practitioner

1	in dispensing a controlled substance in schedule II
2	shall affix to the package a label showing:
3	(A) The date of dispensing;
4	(B) The name, strength, and quantity [issued] of the
5	drug[+] dispensed;
6	(C) The dispensing practitioner's name and address;
7	(D) The name of the patient;
8	[(E) The date the potency of the drug expires if that
9	date is available from the manufacturer or
10	principal labeler; and]
11	(E) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
12	(i) The expiration date on the manufacture's or
13	principal labeler's container; or
14	(ii) One year from the date the drug is
15	dispensed, whichever is earlier;
16	and
17	(F) Directions for use, and cautionary statements, if
18	any, contained in the prescription or as required
19	by law.
20	A complete and accurate record of all schedule II
21	controlled substances ordered, administered,
22	prescribed, and dispensed shall be maintained for five

1		years. Prescriptions and records of dispensing shall
2		otherwise be retained in conformance with the
3		requirements of section 329-36. No prescription for a
4		controlled substance in schedule II may be refilled.
5	(b)	A schedule II controlled substance prescription shall:
6	(1)	Be filled within three days following the date the
7		prescription was issued to the patient; and
8	(2)	Be supplied to a patient only if the prescription has
9		been filled and held by the pharmacy for not more than
10		seven days.
11	[(b)	[(c) The transfer of original prescription
12	informati	on for a controlled substance listed in schedule III,
13	IV, or V	for the purpose of refill dispensing is permissible
14	between p	harmacies on a one time basis, subject to the following
15	requireme	nts:
16	(1)	The transfer shall be communicated directly between
17		two licensed pharmacists, and the transferring
18		pharmacist shall:
19		(A) Write or otherwise place the word "VOID" on the
20		face of the invalidated prescription;
21		(B) Record on the reverse of the invalidated
22		prescription the name, address, and DEA

1		regi	stration number of the pharmacy to which it
2		was	transferred and the name of the pharmacist
3		rece	iving the prescription information; and
4		(C) Reco	rd the date of the transfer and the name of
5		the	pharmacist transferring the information;
6	(2)	The pharm	acist receiving the transferred prescription
7		informati	on shall:
8		(A) Writ	e or otherwise place the word "transfer" on
9		the	face of the transferred prescription;
10		(B) Reco	rd all information required to be on a
11		pres	cription, including:
12		(i)	The date of issuance of original
13			prescription;
14		(ii)	The original number of refills authorized or
15			original prescription;
16		(iii)	The date of original dispensing;
17		(iv)	The number of valid refills remaining and
18			date of last refill;
19		(v)	The pharmacy's name, address, DEA
20			registration number, and original
21			prescription number from which the

1		prescription information was transferred;
2		and
3		(vi) The name of transferor pharmacist;
4	(3)	Both the original and transferred prescription [must]
5		shall be maintained for a period of five years from
6		the date of last refill; [and]
7	(4)	The procedure allowing the transfer of prescription
8		information for refill purposes is permissible only
9		between pharmacies located on the same island in this
10		State[-]; and
11	(5)	Any pharmacy electronically accessing a prescription
12		record shall satisfy all information requirements of a
13		manual mode prescription transferal.
14	Fail	ure to comply with this subsection shall void the
15	authority	of the pharmacy to transfer prescriptions or receive a
16	transferr	ed prescription to or from another pharmacy.
17	<u>(d)</u>	A pharmacy and an authorized central fill pharmacy may
18	share inf	ormation for initial and refill prescriptions of
19	schedule	III, IV, or V controlled substances. The following
20	requireme	nts shall apply:
21	(1)	A pharmacy may electronically transmit, including by
22		facsimile, prescriptions for controlled substances

1		list	ed in schedule III, IV, or V to a central fill	
2		pharmacy. The pharmacy transmitting the prescripti		
3		info	rmation shall:	
4		(A)	Ensure that all information required to be on a	
5			prescription pursuant to subsection (g) is	
6			transmitted to the central fill pharmacy either	
7			on the face of the prescription or	
8			electronically; and	
9		<u>(B)</u>	Keep a record of receipt of the filled	
10			prescription, including the date of receipt, the	
11			method of delivery (private, common, or contract	
12			carrier) and the identity of the pharmacy	
13			employee accepting delivery;	
14		and		
15	(2)	The	central fill pharmacy receiving the transmitted	
16		pres	cription shall:	
17		<u>(A)</u>	Keep for five years a copy of a prescription	
18			received by facsimile or an electronic record of	
19			all the information transmitted by the pharmacy,	
20			including the name, address, and DEA registration	
21			number of the pharmacy transmitting the	
22			prescription;	

1	<u>(B)</u>	Keep a record of the date of receipt of the
2		transmitted prescription, the name of the
3		licensed pharmacists filling the prescription,
4		and the dates the prescription was filled or is
5		refilled; and
6	<u>(C)</u>	Keep a record of the date the filled prescription
7		was shipped to the pharmacy.
8	[(c)] <u>(e)</u>	No controlled substance in schedule III, IV, or
9	V may be dispe	ensed without a written, facsimile of a written, or
10	oral prescript	ion of a practitioner, except when a controlled
11	substance is d	dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a
12	pharmacist, to	an ultimate user. The practitioner, in
13	dispensing a c	controlled substance in schedule III, IV, or V,
14	shall affix to	the package a label showing:
15	(1) The	date of dispensing;
16	(2) The	name, strength, and quantity issued of the drug;
17	(3) The	dispensing practitioner's name and business
18	addr	ress;
19	(4) The	name of the patient;
20	[(5) The	date the potency of the drug expires, if that date
21	is a	vailable from the manufacturer or the principal
22	labe	ler;]

1	(5) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
2	(A) The expiration date on the manufacturer's or
3	principal labeler's container; or
4	(B) One year from the date the drug is dispensed,
5	whichever is earlier;
6	(6) Directions for use; and
7	(7) Cautionary statements, if any, contained in the
8	prescription or as required by law.
9	A complete and accurate record of all schedule III, IV, and V
10	controlled substances administered, prescribed, and dispensed
11	shall be maintained for five years. Prescriptions and records
12	of dispensing shall be retained in conformance with the
13	requirements of section 329-36 unless otherwise provided by law
14	Prescriptions may not be filled or refilled more than three
15	months after the date of the prescription or be refilled more
16	than two times after the date of the prescription, unless the
17	prescription is renewed by the practitioner.
18	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ The effectiveness of a prescription for the
19	purposes of this section shall be determined as follows:
20	(1) A prescription for a controlled substance shall be
21	issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an
22	individual practitioner acting in the usual course of

1		the practitioner's professional practice. The
2		responsibility for the proper prescribing and
3		dispensing of controlled substances shall be upon the
4		prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding
5		responsibility shall rest with the pharmacist who
6		fills the prescription. An order purporting to be a
7		prescription issued not in the usual course of
8		professional treatment or for legitimate and
9		authorized research shall not be deemed a prescription
10		within the meaning and intent of this section, and the
11		person who knowingly fills such a purported
12		prescription, as well as the person who issues the
13		prescription, shall be subject to the penalties
14		provided for violations of this chapter;
15	(2)	A prescription may not be issued to allow an
16		individual practitioner to obtain controlled
17		substances for supplying the individual practitioner
18		for the purpose of general dispensing to patients;
19	(3)	A prescription may not be issued for the dispensing of
20		narcotic drugs listed in any schedule for the purpose
21		of "detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
22		treatment"[. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a

1	buys	ician of authorized hospital stall from
2	admi	nistering or dispensing narcotic drugs in a
3	hosp	ital to maintain or detoxify a person as an
4	inci	dental adjunct to medical or surgical treatment of
5	cond	itions other than addiction; and except as
6	foll	ows:
7	(A)	The administering or dispensing directly (but not
8		prescribing) of narcotic drugs listed in any
9		schedule to a narcotic drug-dependent person for
10		"detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
11		treatment" shall be deemed to be "in the course
12		of a practitioner's professional practice or
13		research" so long as the practitioner is
14		registered separately with the department and the
15		federal Drug Enforcement Agency as required by
16		section 329-32(e) and complies with Title 21 Code
17		of Federal Regulations Section 823(g) and any
18		other federal or state regulatory standards
19		relating to treatment qualification, security,
20		records, and unsupervised use of drugs; and
21	<u>(B)</u>	Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
22		physician or authorized hospital staff from

I		administering or dispensing (but not prescribing)
2		narcotic drugs in a hospital to maintain or
3		detoxify a person as an incidental adjunct to
4		medical or surgical treatment of conditions other
5		than addiction;
6	(4)	An individual practitioner [may] shall not prescribe
7		or dispense a substance included in schedule II, III,
8		IV, or V for that individual practitioner's personal
9		use, except in a medical emergency $[\cdot]$; and
10	(5)	A pharmacist shall not dispense a substance included
11		in schedule II, III, IV, or V for the pharmacist's
12		personal use.
13	[(e)	[] (g) Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
14	issued on	ly as follows:
15	(1)	All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
16		originate from within the state and be dated as of,
17		and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
18		issued and shall [bear: contain:
19		(A) The [full] first and last name and address of the
20		patient; and
21		[(B) The name, address, telephone number, and
22		registration number of the practitioner.

1	(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
2	prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
3	prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
4	methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
5	shall record on the face of the prescription the
6	medical need of the patient for the prescription.
7	The controlled substance prescriptions shall be no
8	larger than [four] eight and one-half inches by [six
9	and one half] eleven inches and no smaller than [four]
10	three inches by [five] four inches.
11	A practitioner may sign a prescription in the same
12	manner as the practitioner would sign a check or legal
13	document (e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall
14	use both words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and
15	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
16	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
17	to be dispensed. Where an oral order is not
18	permitted, prescriptions shall be written with ink or
19	indelible pencil or [by typewriter and] typed, shall
20	be manually signed by the practitioner $[-,]$, and shall
21	include the name, address, telephone number, and
22	registration number of the practitioner. The

1		prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
2		for the signature of the practitioner, but the
3		prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
4		the prescription does not conform in all essential
5		respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
6		pursuant to this chapter. A corresponding liability
7		shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription
8		not prepared in the form prescribed by this
9		$section[\div]$. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing
10		address or change a patient's address on all
11		controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the
12		patient's identification and noting the identification
13		number on the back of the prescription. The
14		pharmacist shall not make changes to the patient's
15		name, the controlled substance being prescribed, the
16		quantity of the prescription, the practitioner's DEA
17		number, or the practitioner's signature;
18	(2)	An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
19		a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
20		Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
21		exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
22		include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:

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2	institution; and
3	(B) The special internal code number assigned to the
4	physician by the hospital or other institution in
5	lieu of the registration number of the
6	practitioner required by this section.
7	The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
8	of this special internal code number list to the
9	department as often as necessary to update the
10	department with any additions or deletions. Failure
11	to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
12	suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
13	controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies
14	outside of the hospital or other institution. Each
15	written prescription shall have the name of the
16	physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
17	well as the signature of the physician;
18 (3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
19	on all prescriptions issued by the official:
20	(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
21	"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and

(A) The registration number of the hospital or other

1		(B) The official's service identification number, in
2		lieu of the registration number of the
3		practitioner required by this section. The
4		service identification number for a Public Health
5		Service employee shall be the employee's social
6		security identification number.
7		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
8		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
9		signature of the officer; and
10	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
11		controlled substances under the authorization of a
12		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
13		<pre>substance prescriptions issued:</pre>
14		(A) The DEA registration number of the supervising
15		physician; and
16		(B) The DEA registration number of the physician
17		assistant.
18		Each written controlled substance prescription issued
19		shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
20		printed name, address, and phone number of both the
21		supervising physician and physician assistant, and

shall be signed by the physician assistant. The

1	medical record of each written <u>controlled substance</u>
2	prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
3	reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
4	supervising physician within seven working days.
5	$[\frac{f}{f}]$ A prescription for controlled substances may
6	only be filled by a pharmacist acting in the usual course of the
7	pharmacist's professional practice and either registered
8	individually or employed in a registered pharmacy, central fill
9	pharmacy, or registered institutional practitioner. A central
10	fill pharmacy authorized to fill prescriptions on behalf of a
11	pharmacy shall have a contractual relationship with the pharmacy
12	that provides for this activity or shall share a common owner
13	with the pharmacy. A central fill pharmacy shall not prepare
14	prescriptions for any controlled substance listed in schedule
15	<u>II.</u>
16	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(i)}\right]$ Partial filling of controlled substance
17	prescriptions shall be determined as follows:
18	(1) The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
19	substance listed in schedule II is permissible if the
20	pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity
21	called for in a written or emergency oral prescription
22	and the pharmacist makes a notation of the quantity

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1		supplied on the face of the written prescription (or
2		written record of the emergency oral prescription).
3		The remaining portion of the prescription may be
4		filled within seventy-two hours of the first partial
5		filling; provided that if the remaining portion is not
6		or cannot be filled within the seventy-two-hour
7		period, the pharmacist shall notify the prescribing
8		individual practitioner. No further quantity shall be
9		supplied beyond seventy-two hours without a new
10		prescription;
11	(2)	The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
12		substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V is
13		permissible; provided that:
14		(A) Each partial filling is recorded in the same
15		manner as a refilling;
16		(B) The total quantity dispensed in all partial
17		fillings does not exceed the total quantity
18		prescribed;
19		(C) No dispensing occurs more than three months after
20		the date on which the prescription was issued;
21		and

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(:	D)	The prescription is refilled no more than two
		times after the initial date of the prescription,
		unless the prescription is renewed by the
		practitioner;

and

6 (3) A prescription for a schedule II controlled substance 7 written for a patient in a long-term care facility or 8 for a patient with a medical diagnosis documenting a 9 terminal illness may be filled in partial quantities **10** to include individual dosage units. If there is any 11 question whether a patient may be classified as having **12** a terminal illness, the pharmacist [must] shall 13 contact the practitioner prior to partially filling 14 the prescription. Both the pharmacist and the 15 prescribing practitioner have a corresponding 16 responsibility to assure that the controlled substance 17 is for a terminally ill patient. The pharmacist 18 [must] shall record on the prescription whether the 19 patient is "terminally ill" or a "long-term care **20** facility patient". For the purposes of this section, 21 "TI" means terminally ill and "LTCF" means long-term 22 care facility. A prescription that is partially

1	filled and does not contain the notation "TI" or "LTCF
2	patient" shall be deemed to have been filled in
3	violation of this section. For each partial filling,
4	the dispensing pharmacist shall record on the back of
5	the prescription (or on another appropriate record,
6	uniformly maintained, and readily retrievable) the
7	date of the partial filling, quantity dispensed,
8	remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed, and the
9	identification of the dispensing pharmacist. The
10	total quantity of schedule II controlled substances
11	dispensed in all partial fillings [must] shall not
12	exceed the total quantity prescribed, nor shall a
13	prescription be partially filled more than three times
14	after the initial date of the prescription. Schedule
15	II controlled substance prescriptions for patients in
16	a long-term care facility or patients with a medical
17	diagnosis documenting a terminal illness shall be
18	valid for a period not to exceed thirty days from the
19	issue date unless sooner terminated by the
20	discontinuance of medication.
21	$[\frac{h}{h}]$ $\underline{(j)}$ A prescription for a schedule II controlled
22	substance may be transmitted by the practitioner or the

1	practitioner's agent to a pharmacy $\lfloor \frac{v+a}{2} \rfloor$ py facsimile equipment,						
2	provided that the original written, signed prescription is						
3	presented	presented to the pharmacist for review prior to the actual					
4	dispensin	g of the controlled substance, except as noted in					
5	subsection	$n \left[\frac{(i), (j), or (k)}{(k), (l), or (m)} \right]$ The original					
6	prescript	ion shall be maintained in accordance with section					
7	329-36. A prescription for a schedule III, IV, or V controlled						
8	substance may be transmitted by the practitioner or the						
9	practitio	ner's agent to a pharmacy by facsimile; provided that:					
10	(1)	The information shall be communicated only between the					
11		prescribing practitioner or the prescriber's					
12		authorized agent and the pharmacy of the patient's					
13		<pre>choice;</pre>					
14	(2)	The information shall be communicated in a					
15		retrievable, recognizable format acceptable to the					
16		intended recipient and shall include the physician's					
17		oral code designation and the name of the recipient					
18		pharmacy;					
19	(3)	No electronic system, software, or other intervening					
20		mechanism or party shall alter the practitioner's					
21		prescription, order entry, selection, or intended					
22		selection without the practitioner's approval on a per					

1		prescription per order basis. Facsimile prescription
2		information shall not be altered by any system,
3		software, or other intervening mechanism or party
4		prior to receipt by the intended pharmacy;
5	(4)	The prescription information processing system shall
6		provide for confidentiality safeguards required by
7		federal or state law; and
8	(5)	Prescribing practitioners and pharmacists shall
9		exercise prudent and professional judgment regarding
10		the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of any
11		facsimile prescription information. The facsimile
12		shall serve as the original written prescription for
13		purposes of this section and shall be maintained in
14		accordance with section 329-36.
15	[(i)	(k) A prescription prepared in accordance with
16	subsectio	n [(e)] <u>(g)</u> written for a narcotic listed in schedule
17	II to be	compounded for the direct administration to a patient
18	by parent	eral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or
19	intraspin	al infusion, but does not extend to the dispensing of
20	oral dosa	ge units of controlled substances, may be transmitted
21	by the pr	actitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacy
22	by facsim	ile. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the

- 1 facsimile prescription in red ink "Home Infusion/IV" and this
- 2 facsimile shall serve as the original written prescription for
- 3 purposes of this section and it shall be maintained in
- 4 accordance with section 329-36.
- 5 [\(\(\frac{1}{2}\)\)] (1) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 6 subsection [(e)] (g) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 7 substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice care program
- 8 certified or paid for by medicare under Title XVIII or a hospice
- 9 program that is licensed by the State may be transmitted by the
- 10 practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing
- 11 pharmacy by facsimile. The practitioner or practitioner's agent
- 12 shall note on the prescription that the patient is a hospice
- 13 patient. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile
- 14 prescription in red ink "HOSPICE" and this facsimile shall serve
- 15 as the original written prescription for purposes of this
- 16 section and it shall be maintained in accordance with section
- **17** 329-36.
- 18 [(k)] (m) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 19 subsection [(e)] (g) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 20 controlled substance for a resident of a state-licensed long-
- 21 term care facility may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
- 22 practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.

- 1 The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile
- 2 prescription in red ink "LTCF" and this facsimile shall serve as
- 3 the original written prescription for purposes of this section
- 4 and it shall be maintained in accordance with section 329-36."
- 5 SECTION 4. Section 329-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 7 "(a) It is unlawful for any person:
- 8 Who is subject to part III to distribute, administer, 9 prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance in **10** violation of section 329-38; however, a licensed 11 manufacturer or wholesaler may sell or dispense a **12** controlled substance to a master of a transpacific 13 ship or a person in charge of a transpacific aircraft 14 upon which no physician is regularly employed, for the 15 actual medical needs of persons on board such ship or 16 aircraft when not in port; provided schedule I or II 17 controlled substances shall be sold to the master of 18 such ship or person in charge of such aircraft only in 19 accordance with the provisions set forth in 21 Code of **20** Federal Regulations, [sections] Sections 1301, 1305, 21 and 1307, adopted pursuant to Title 21, United States 22 Code, [section] Section 821;

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1	(2)	Who is a registrant to manufacture a controlled
2		substance not authorized by the registrant's
3		registration or to distribute or dispense a controlled
4		substance not authorized by the registrant's
5		registration to another registrant or another
6		authorized person;
7	(3)	To refuse or fail to make available, keep, or furnish
8		any record, notification, order form, prescription,
9		statement, invoice, or information in patient charts
10		relating to the administration, dispensing, or
11		prescribing of controlled substances;
12	(4)	To refuse any lawful entry into any premises for any
13		inspection authorized by this chapter;
14	(5)	Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop,
15		warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat,
16		aircraft, or other structure or place for the purpose
17		of using these substances or which is used for keeping
18		or selling them in violation of this chapter or
19		chapter 712, part IV; or
20	(6)	Who is a practitioner or pharmacist to dispense a
21		controlled substance to any individual not known to
22		the practitioner or pharmacist, without first

1	obtaining proper identification and documenting, by
2	signature on a log book kept by the practitioner or
3	pharmacist, the identity of and the type of
4	identification presented by the individual obtaining
5	the controlled substance. If the individual does not
6	have any form of proper identification, the pharmacist
7	shall verify the validity of the prescription and
8	identity of the patient with the prescriber, or their
9	authorized agent, before dispensing the controlled
10	substance. For the purpose of this section, "proper
11	identification means government-issued identification
12	containing the photograph, printed name, and signature
13	of the individual obtaining the controlled substance.
14	SECTION 5. Section 329-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
16	"(a) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or
17	intentionally:
18	(1) To distribute as a registrant a controlled substance
19	classified in schedule I or II, except pursuant to an
20	order form as required by section 329-37;
21	(2) To use in the course of the manufacture or

distribution of a controlled substance a registration

1		number that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or						
2		issu	issued to another person;					
3	(3)	To c	To obtain or attempt to obtain any controlled					
4		subs	tance or procure or attempt to procure the					
5		admi	nistration of any controlled substance:					
6		(A)	By fraud, deceit, misrepresentation,					
7			embezzlement, theft;					
8		(B)	By the forgery or alteration of a prescription or					
9			of any written order;					
10		(C)	By furnishing fraudulent medical information or					
11			the concealment of a material fact; [or]					
12		(D)	By the use of a false name, patient					
13			identification number, or the giving of false					
14			address;					
15		<u>(E)</u>	By the unauthorized use of a physician's oral					
16			call-in number; or					
17		<u>(F)</u>	By the alteration of a prescription by the					
18			addition of future refills;					
19	(4)	To f	urnish false or fraudulent material information					
20		in, or omit any material information from, any						
21		application, report, or other document required to be						

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1	kept or	filed	under	this	chapter,	or	any	record
2	required	l to be	e kept	by th	nis chapte	er;		

- (5) To make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling thereof so as to render the drug a counterfeit substance;
- **10** (6) To misapply or divert to the person's own use or other 11 unauthorized or illegal use or to take, make away 12 with, or secrete, with intent to misapply or divert to 13 the person's own use or other unauthorized or illegal 14 use, any controlled substance that shall have come 15 into the person's possession or under the person's 16 care as a registrant or as an employee of a registrant 17 who is authorized to possess controlled substances or 18 has access to controlled substances by virtue of the 19 person's employment; or
 - (7) To make, distribute, possess, or sell any prescription form, whether blank, faxed, computer generated,

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1	I photocopied, or re	eproduced in any other manner without
2	2 the authorization	of the licensed practitioner."
3	3 SECTION 6. Section 329	9-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	4 amended by amending subsect:	ion (c) to read as follows:
5	5 "(c) This section shall	ll not prevent the disclosure, at the
6	$oldsymbol{6}$ discretion of the administra	ator, of investigative information
7	7 to:	
8	8 (1) Law enforcement of	ficers, investigative agents of
9	9 federal, state, or	county law enforcement agencies,
10	0 prosecuting attorn	neys, or the attorney general;
11	1 provided that the	administrator has reasonable grounds
12	2 to believe that the	ne disclosure of any information
13	3 collected under th	nis part is in furtherance of an
14	4 ongoing criminal	investigation or prosecution;
15	5 (2) Registrants author	rized under chapters 448, 453, 460,
16	6 and 463E who are	registered to administer, prescribe,
17	7 or dispense contro	olled substances; provided that the
18	8 information disclo	osed relates only to the registrant's
19	9 own patient; [or]	
20	0 (3) Pharmacists, emplo	oyed by a pharmacy registered under
21	section 329-32, wh	no request prescription information

1	about a customer relating to a violation or possible
2	violation of this chapter[-]; or
3	(4) Other state-authorized governmental prescription-
4	monitoring programs.
5	Information disclosed to a registrant, [or] pharmacist, or
6	authorized government agency under this section shall be
7	transmitted [by certified mail or a similar means requiring the
8	registrant's or pharmacist's signature, respectively, for
9	delivery of the information.] by a secure means determined by
10	the designated agency."
11	SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
13	SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Controlled Substances

Description:

Clarifies requirements for emergency call-in Schedule II prescriptions, the use of facsimile and telephonic prescriptions, and the use of narcotics to treat addiction. Allows the use of central fill pharmacies and limited information sharing. Adds new definitions (HB2192 HD2).

HB2192 HD2.doc