



EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

HONOLULU

LINDA LINGLE

GOV. MSG. NO. 622

May 11, 2006

The Honorable Robert Bunda, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Third State Legislature State Capitol, Room 003 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Mr. President and Members of the Senate:

This is to inform you that on May 11, 2006, the following bill was signed into law:

SB3111 SD1 HD1 CD1

A BILL FOR AN ACT ESTABLISHING A COMMISSION TO RECOGNIZE AND HONOR CONGRESSWOMAN PATSY T. MINK. (ACT 92)

Sincerely,

LINDA LINGLE

THE SENATE TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2006 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 3111 S.D. 1 H.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

ESTABLISHING A COMMISSION TO RECOGNIZE AND HONOR CONGRESSWOMAN PATSY T. MINK.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Congresswoman Patsy
- 2 Takemoto Mink made a tremendous impact on the people of Hawaii
- 3 and the nation through her illustrious career as an outstanding
- 4 public servant. During her political career, she served a total
- 5 of thirty-three years in the Hawaii territorial house, the
- 6 Hawaii territorial senate, the Hawaii state senate, the Honolulu
- 7 city council, and the United States House of Representatives.
- 8 A legislative trailblazer, Congresswoman Mink is known for
- 9 championing the rights of immigrants, minorities, women,
- 10 families, and children. Compassionate, articulate, and focused,
- 11 Congresswoman Mink overcame gender and racial discrimination to
- 12 become one of the most influential leaders of her generation.
- Born on December 6, 1927, in the Maui plantation community
- 14 of Paia, she began her unofficial political career during her
- 15 junior year in high school when she ran for student body
- 16 president against Elmer Cravalho, who later became speaker of
- 17 the Hawaii house of representatives. She won the very close

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- 1 election, graduated in 1944 as Maui high school's class
- 2 valedictorian, and began college at the University of Hawaii.
- 3 She transferred to the University of Nebraska, where she
- 4 experienced racial discrimination through a policy of segregated
- 5 student housing. Characteristic of her strong sense of justice
- 6 and equality, she brought together other students, their
- 7 parents, the community, and university trustees to end the
- 8 policy of segregated student housing. She later returned to the
- 9 University of Hawaii, graduating with degrees in zoology and
- 10 chemistry in 1948. However, after her graduation from the
- 11 university, none of the numerous medical schools to which she
- 12 applied would accept women as students.
- 13 As a result, Congresswoman Mink decided to study law,
- 14 instead of medicine, and was accepted by the University of
- 15 Chicago School of Law because she was considered a "foreign
- 16 student." She obtained her law degree in 1951, but could not
- 17 get hired at any law firm in Hawaii. She opened her own private
- 18 practice in 1953, becoming the first Japanese-American woman to
- 19 practice law in Hawaii.
- 20 She became active in the Democratic Party of Hawaii, and
- 21 was chosen president of the Young Democrats at the party's 1954
- 22 convention. Her political career as an elected official began

- 1 in 1956, when she was elected to the territorial house of
- 2 representatives. She was elected to the territorial senate in
- 3 1958, and the Hawaii state senate from 1962 to 1964, where she
- 4 chaired the education committee.
- 5 When she was elected to Congress in 1964 to an at-large
- $oldsymbol{6}$ position, Patsy T. Mink became the first non-white woman in the
- 7 United States House of Representatives. She was also the first
- 8 woman of Asian descent to serve in the United States Congress.
- 9 She served six consecutive terms in the United States House of
- 10 Representatives from 1965 to 1977. She was elected again in
- 11 1990 and served until her death in 2002.
- 12 Congresswoman Mink developed a reputation as a passionate
- 13 advocate, courageous critic, and eloquent speaker. Her tenure
- 14 in Congress is marked by many noteworthy achievements. She
- 15 introduced the first comprehensive Early Childhood Education Act
- 16 and authored the Women's Educational Equity Act.
- 17 Her most prominent accomplishment is the landmark Title IX
- 18 Amendment of the Higher Education Act, which she co-authored.
- 19 The Title IX Amendment of the Higher Education Act prohibits
- 20 gender discrimination by federally funded educational
- 21 institutions and guarantees equal federal support for women in
- 22 both academics and athletics. In addition to broadening

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- 1 educational opportunities for girls and women, the
- 2 groundbreaking law gave rise to women's athletic programs
- 3 throughout the nation's high schools and colleges and
- 4 universities. In June 2002, at a ceremony honoring the
- 5 thirtieth anniversary of Title IX legislation, Congresswoman
- 6 Mink was recognized as the National Organization of Women's
- 7 Woman of Vision. She was one of only two women in the
- 8 organization's history to receive the award. To further honor
- 9 her profound, successful efforts to bring gender equity to
- 10 education, the United States Congress renamed the Title IX
- 11 Amendment of the Higher Education Act as the Patsy T. Mink Equal
- 12 Opportunity in Education Act in October 2002.
- 13 Congresswoman Mink is also celebrated as one of America's
- 14 most important civil rights leaders. She joined the National
- 15 Association for the Advancement of Colored People in the early
- 16 days of the civil rights movement, and she had a nearly one
- 17 hundred per cent voting record on votes that were supported by
- 18 the American Civil Liberties Union, the American Federation of
- 19 State, County and Municipal Employees, and the League of
- 20 Conservation Voters. In 1992, McCall's magazine named her one
- 21 of the ten best politicians in Congress. Congresswoman Mink
- 22 received numerous awards and honorary degrees and has been

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- 1 honored for her positive impact on public policy statutes on
- 2 civil rights.
- 3 Congresswoman Mink's passion for social justice, public
- 4 education, and peace afforded her broad national exposure. Ar
- 5 early opponent of the Vietnam War, Congresswoman Mink's
- 6 contributions to the peace movement are well-recognized. To
- 7 demonstrate her strong desire for peace, she accompanied fellow
- 8 United States Representative Bella Abzug to Paris to meet with
- 9 participants in the Vietnam War peace talks.
- 10 Congresswoman Mink was also a leader in public access to
- 11 government information. When the Environmental Protection
- 12 Agency refused to provide records on underground nuclear tests
- 13 in the Aleutian Islands of Alaska, Congresswoman Mink filed suit
- 14 under the Freedom of Information Act to force the release of
- 15 relevant reports. The suit became the first case under the
- 16 Freedom of Information Act to be argued before the United States
- 17 Supreme Court. The case significantly expanded the public's
- 18 access to government information and was later cited as
- 19 precedent by the Supreme Court in its ruling ordering the
- 20 release of the Watergate tapes.
- 21 After twelve years in the United States House of
- 22 Representatives, Patsy T. Mink made an unsuccessful run for the

- 1 United States Senate in 1976. In 1977, President Jimmy Carter
- 2 appointed her as the Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans and
- 3 International, Environmental and Scientific Affairs. The
- 4 experience enhanced her advocacy for the protection and
- 5 conservation of the national resources of our nation and Hawaii.
- 6 When she was elected again to Congress in 1990, she helped
- 7 strengthen federal protection of whales and regulations of toxic
- 8 dumping and ocean mining. She later introduced legislation to
- 9 create the East Maui National Heritage Area, to expand the
- 10 Puuhonua O Honaunau National Historic Park, and to establish the
- 11 Kalaupapa National Historic Park. She was also involved in the
- 12 successful effort to reform laws permitting strip mining.
- 13 Congresswoman Mink left a lasting impression as a strong
- 14 environmental advocate, supporting energy policy issues of
- 15 regional, national, and global impact. For her accomplishments
- 16 in the area of environmental advocacy, she received the Friend
- 17 of the National Parks Award from the National Parks Conservation
- 18 Association.
- 19 After her service in the Carter administration, Mink
- 20 returned to Honolulu where she was elected to the Honolulu city
- 21 council and served from 1983 to 1987. She was elected by her
- peers on the council as chairwoman from 1983 to 1985. She ran

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- 1 for governor in 1986, but lost in the primary election. Two
- 2 years later, she ran for the office of Honolulu mayor and lost.
- 3 In 1990, she won a special election to the United States House
- 4 of Representatives, where she served until her death in 2002.
- 5 After a long and distinguished career in local, state, and
- 6 national public service, Congresswomen Patsy T. Mink passed away
- 7 on September 28, 2002, at the age of seventy-four.
- 8 The purpose of this Act is to establish a commission to
- 9 recognize and honor Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink.
- 10 SECTION 2. There is established a temporary commission to
- 11 be known as the Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink commission, which
- 12 shall have charge of all arrangements for recognizing and
- 13 honoring Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink. The commission shall be
- 14 placed within the office of the governor for administrative
- 15 purposes and shall cease to exist after December 31, 2009.
- 16 SECTION 3. The commission shall consist of fourteen
- 17 members who shall be appointed, without regard to section 26-34,
- 18 Hawaii Revised Statutes, as follows:
- 19 (1) Two by the speaker of the house of representatives;
- 20 (2) Two by the president of the senate;
- 21 (3) Two by the governor;
- 22 (4) One by the Maui county council;

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- 1 (5) One by the Honolulu city council;
- 2 (6) One by the Kauai county council; and
- 3 (7) One by the Hawaii county council.
- 4 The commission members shall include a member from the
- 5 family of Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink, the Japanese-American
- 6 community, labor unions, the feminist community, the civil
- 7 rights community, the American Civil Liberties Union, and the
- 8 Americans for Democratic Action. The Library of Congress is
- 9 requested to participate by sending to the governor a list of
- 10 names of nominees for a representative. The commission also
- 11 shall include two members from the public.
- 12 The speaker of the house of representatives shall select
- 13 the members representing the Japanese-American community and the
- 14 labor unions. The president of the senate shall select the
- 15 members representing the civil rights community and the feminist
- 16 community. The governor shall select the members representing
- 17 the Library of Congress and the Americans for Democratic Action.
- 18 The county councils shall select the members representing the
- 19 family of Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink, and the American Civil
- 20 Liberties Union, and two members representing the public.
- 21 The speaker of the house of representatives and the
- 22 president of the senate shall designate a chair pro tem by

- 1 mutual agreement from among the appointed members. The majority
- 2 of the members shall constitute a quorum. An individual
- 3 appointed to another state board or commission may be eligible
- 4 to be appointed as a member of this commission.
- 5 The members shall not receive compensation for their
- 6 services but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses,
- 7 including travel expenses, incurred in the performance of their
- 8 duties under this Act.
- 9 Any member of the commission shall be immune from civil
- 10 liability, as provided for under section 26-35.5, Hawaii Revised
- 11 Statutes.
- 12 SECTION 4. The commission shall research and recommend how
- 13 the State can honor Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink and shall submit
- 14 to the legislature, no later than twenty days prior to the
- 15 convening of the regular session of 2007, a written report of
- 16 its recommendations, including the following:
- 17 (1) A summary outlining the development, planning, and
- 18 coordination of the various program activities to be
- scheduled in honor of Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink;
- 20 (2) An identification of a nonprofit organization that
- 21 will be responsible for any moneys received or
- 22 expended for honoring Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink; and

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- 1 (3) A detailed plan on how to execute its recommendations.
- 2 In fulfilling its responsibilities, the commission shall
- 3 consult, cooperate with, and seek advice from appropriate
- 4 organizations and agencies. The department of accounting and
- 5 general services shall assist the commission and provide
- 6 administrative support.
- 7 The governor may direct any or as many employees from any
- 8 state executive agencies as the governor deems appropriate, to
- 9 staff the commission.
- 10 SECTION 5. The commission may seek grants from public and
- 11 private sources and may accept donations to finance the
- 12 projects, programs, and activities of the commission. Any funds
- 13 received by the commission shall be turned over to the nonprofit
- 14 organization responsible for any moneys received or expended for
- 15 honoring Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink.
- 16 All property acquired by the commission shall be deposited
- 17 for preservation in the Hawaii state public library system,
- 18 museums, and public archives or shall otherwise be disposed of
- 19 as directed by the commission.
- 20 SECTION 6. At the end of its term, the commission shall
- 21 submit to the governor and the legislature a final report of all
- 22 its activities, including an accounting of all moneys received

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| 1 | and | disbursed. | The | report | shall | include, | as | applicable, | а |
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- 2 description of:
- 3 (1) The production, publication, and distribution of
- 4 books, films, and other educational materials on the
- 5 life and experiences of Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink;
- 6 (2) Conferences, conventions, lectures, and seminars on
- 7 the life and experiences of Congresswoman Patsy T.
- 8 Mink; and
- 9 (3) Traveling exhibits, other exhibits, ceremonies,
- theatrical productions, and other special events
- honoring Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink.
- 12 SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general
- 13 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$10,000 or so much
- 14 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2006-2007 to be used
- 15 by the Congresswoman Patsy T. Mink commission for the purposes
- 16 of this Act.
- 17 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the governor for
- 18 the purposes of this Act.
- 19 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2006.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Approved this day: MAY | 1 2006

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 2, 2006 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate of the Twenty-third Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2006.

President of the Senate

Clerk of the Senate

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 2, 2006 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Twenty-third Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2006.

Speaker, House of Representative

Clerk, House of Representatives