THE

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

STATE OF HAWAII

REGULAR SESSION OF 1996

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE

FIRST DAY

Wednesday, January 17, 1996

In accordance with the provisions of Section 10 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii, the Senate of the Eighteenth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 1996, was called to order at 10:00 o'clock a.m., by the Honorable Norman Mizuguchi, President of the Senate.

At this time, the members of the Senate and guests rose to sing the National Anthem and "Hawaii Ponoi" led by Ms. Nalani Choy, Ms. Lehua Kalima and Ms. Angela Morales of "Na Leo Pilimehana."

The Divine Blessing was then invoked by the Reverend Alan Urasaki of the Aiea Hongwanji Buddhist Temple, who was escorted to the dais by Senators Fukunaga, McCartney and Anderson.

The President then directed the Senate Clerk to call the Roll. The Clerk called the Roll showing all Senators present.

At this time, the President addressed the members of the Senate and guests as follows:

"Governor Cayetano, Lieutenant Governor Hirono, U.S. Senator Akaka, Congressman Abercrombie, Congresswoman Mink, Mayor Harris, Mayor Yamashiro, Mayor Lingle, Mayor Kusaka, future leaders of Hawaii, student representatives of the Hawaii State YMCA, distinguished guests from here and abroad, members of the Senate, people of Hawaii:

"Aloha and welcome to your home! It's good to be back.

"All of us can draw hope and inspiration from this chamber and from this capitol, once judged by a nationwide study to be the most open and accessible capitol among all the states in the Union. We will keep it this way.

"As we begin our work and address the people's business, the State's budget crisis will continue to command much of our attention. We are faced with two overriding financial issues. First, we must do whatever is necessary to keep expenditures in line with revenues. Second, we must look beyond the current crisis, take actions to set our financial house in order, and thereby lay the foundation for a stronger financial future.

"The budget crisis developed -- not just because revenues failed to increase as expected -- but because state spending exceeded current revenues for a number of years. Large sums of general fund reserves were used to balance the budget and to fund capital investment projects. A once healthy general fund surplus has dwindled to a dangerously low level.

"There is a simple but important lesson to be learned here. In good times we must set aside and safeguard funds for the bad times that may be ahead. I propose that we apply this lesson by formally establishing a budget stabilization fund, better known as a rainy day fund, into which a good portion of any future surplus will automatically be deposited. The use of the rainy day fund would be subject to legislative appropriations for emergencies and certain specific purposes. The fund would conserve our resources, smooth out boom or bust cycles, and strengthen the State's position in the national financial markets.

"Other financial and budgetary improvements should be made, and these involve the essence of legislative authority -- the power to make appropriations, the 'power of the purse.' Over the years, the Legislature has allowed its power to be eroded through various provisions.

"One appropriation provision especially needs to be reconsidered. That is the provision which provides the administration with wide discretion to substitute general fund cash for capital improvements whenever bond financing is specified in the appropriation acts. In the recent past, hundreds of millions in general fund cash were used for capital improvements, which has certainly diminished the Legislature's capacity to fund the operating budget.

"Another aspect of capital improvements is that the Legislature must regain control of the capital improvements program. Today, there are hundreds of projects which have been authorized and are still on the books. No one can give us the whole picture of which projects are definitely going to be constructed, which projects are temporarily shelved, and which projects will never see the light of day.

"I recommend that we bring the capital improvements program back to reality. We will request the agencies to review all of their continuing appropriations, identify those that can be canceled, and submit updated timetables and rejustifications for those projects that are still needed.

"By taking these actions, we will strengthen the Legislature's authority, motivate better planning and implementation by state agencies, and enhance public accountability.

"We can do more. Hard times require sacrifices by all branches of government. Unfortunately, budget cuts loom largest for the executive branch. The legislative branch is the smallest branch. Still, it is the Legislature which has the power of the purse, and it is only fair that it should lead by example. I thank the members of the Senate for their rejection of the salary increase recommended by the Commission on Legislative Salary. I am now asking for your support in reducing the forthcoming appropriation to defray the expenses of the Senate.

"Hard times also severely restrict our ability to deal effectively with both old and emerging issues. However, at least one issue is so urgent, so needy of a solution, that it cannot be ignored. That issue is long-term care.

"We all know the conditions and circumstances which comprise the problem. Long-term care is priced out of the reach for all but the affluent. Most people needing long-term care have no option except to apply for Medicaid, which requires people to be poor before they can obtain care. Insurance is limited and expensive. No help is forthcoming from the federal level. Indeed, all signs point to a squeeze in Medicaid funding, with grave consequences for long-term care.

"The disabled, the infirm, the elderly -- the most vulnerable members of our communities -- deserve better than the prospect of economic insecurity and personal indignity. Many of you believe this. Many of you know how enormous the problem is for family and friends. That is why Family Hope -- a comprehensive program for long-term care -- was developed.

"The Legislature reluctantly placed Family Hope on the backburner, finding it too expensive to implement as a full-blown system. But we should not abandon it altogether. I propose that we arrange for funding sources which would not burden businesses or the general population. One possible source would be the earmarking of revenues from alcohol, tobacco and fireworks sales or a new source, such as shipboard gaming. I also propose that we first focus on those elements of long-term care which are less costly. These would include day care, home health care, and respite care. For the time being, we would postpone institutional care. Essentially, I am proposing a strategy of getting started, of doing now what is possible, instead of waiting for the complete solution at some distant time.

"I do not intend today to recite the whole litany of program issues deserving of your consideration, but I must address education. A quality public education system continues to be our most enduring -- yet elusive -- goal.

"Numerous schools are in various stages of implementing the concept of school-community based management. However, each school will eventually have to confront the problem and reality that its success is dependent on being able to plan for and control the use of its own school funds. A school cannot thrive under the Department of Education's system of funneling and controlling funds from the top down.

"The way to empower individual schools is to establish a system for school-by-school budgeting. Under school funding formulas, let each school plan and budget for the specific use of its resources, and provide each school with the widest possible latitude in implementing its budgets. This system must be supported by requiring DOE to make it easy for schools to procure and obtain resources and keep paperwork to a minimum. I will ask our Education Committee to develop a system of school-by-school budgeting for the next biennium.

"I will also ask the Education Committee to consider a program to put back on track those problem students who face expulsion from school and who are then greatly at risk of being lost to society. The program would offer incentives to private businesses to place these at-risk young people in useful and gainful employment while they complete their education through the G.E.D. adult education program. Through effective intervention, we can prevent future criminal behavior and help these young people to become law abiding and productive citizens.

"Our large unfinished business is auto insurance reform. While the Legislature passed a bill which we believe would have greatly reduced premiums, it was vetoed, and we must try again. The Committee on Consumer Protection will tackle the issue with public hearings right away, and the Senate will seek to reach agreement with the House and the administration on reforms to replace the present expensive system, which simply does not work in the public's interest.

"As with auto insurance, we will be looking for alternatives to those state programs that do not work and have not achieved the results expected. In these hard economic times, we will especially scrutinize those programs which are supposed to stimulate economic development. The bottom line is the creation of jobs, and programs that do not achieve this result will be redesigned, reduced or eliminated.

"In four short years, we will enter the 21st century. It can be a future of opportunity if we have the foresight to make adequate preparation and plans. My vision for Hawaii is that we will make a long-term commitment to human resources development, including the extensive upgrading of our educational institutions and job training centers, so that our people can develop to their potential and live rich, full lives.

"I suggest that we make plans for the convening of a Commission on Hawaii in the 21st Century to be comprised of scholars and business and labor leaders. The Commission would have the initial responsibility of planning and carrying out a series of activities similar to the impressive scope of the Commission on the Year 2000, which was so productive and challenging back in 1970. At the top of the Commission's agenda would be jobs and their creation in the new information age.

"Also looking to the future and the great potential of our ocean resources and opportunities, I propose that we convene an international ocean summit involving technologists and potential corporate investors. This ocean conference would focus on real projects for financing. In 1992, Hawaii hosted a blue-ribbon panel called 'Ocean Resources 2000.' The result was a national strategic plan for the ocean and recommendations for a number of ocean projects for the country. We should now move toward selecting what projects would be best for Hawaii and the Pacific.

"This morning I started my remarks with the unhappyy observation that we must set our financial house in order. I have ended them with a somewhat more hopeful look at the future.

"I cannot say with complete assurance that this is the year when pessimism will be replaced by optimism. But I can tell you that our outlook is positive, that our agenda is full and challenging, and that our resolve to succeed is great.

"Senators, let us begin! Thank you."

Senator Liu, Minority Leader of the Senate, then responded as follows:

"Mr. President, thank you for recognizing me. Greetings to you and to all those assembled here this morning; to those who may be watching, and most importantly, to those who are truly listening.

"Mr. President, these are very serious times indeed. We know that unemployment in the counties of Kauai (9.5 percent), Maui (6.7 percent), and Hawaii (8.6 percent) are way above the national average (5.4 percent) and lower unemployment on Oahu only masks the extent of underemployment in this state. The year 1995 ended as a record year for bankruptcies (for the fifth year in a row); foreclosures were up 27 percent; and evictions were at an all-time high.

"And although some economists have said that our current problems may appear worse than they are because we have been used to higher than normal growth rates, this patronizing analysis assumes that everyone was getting rich back then, when in fact, then as now, working people -- the middle class -- were living pay check to pay check, and that has not changed. The cost-of-living differential between here and the Mainland has not dropped appreciably. I challenge anyone to explain to a family of four, with mom and dad working, that they should be thankful that instead of 39 percent, it now only costs 34 percent more to live in Hawaii than it does on the Mainland.

"Mr. President, the price of paradise has not improved for Hawaii's people, and coupled with a limping economy, it should be no surprise that consumer and small business confidence is low. And that rightfully translates into a lack of public confidence in what goes on here, across the rotunda and on almost every level of this building. Because as bad as things may be today, January 17, 1996, they are not very different from the conditions on May 1, 1995, when this body passed a budget that the head of finances for the State characterized just last week, as one which was in balance, on perhaps for as long as 24 hours.

"On that day on the Senate floor, I warned that we had 'a budget that balances for the moment.' I said that 'it does not anticipate ... further slowing of revenues And it is a budget which relies on sucking another \$130 million out of the private sector economy to pay for ... big government ... which ... will only make it more difficult for most people to make ends meet and (more difficult to) support the private sector which needs those dollars free of any detours through government just to maintain the meager growth rate which exists right now.'

"But my words and all of the signs of economic hemorrhaging were effectively ignored, and instead of recognizing reality, a budget bigger, bigger than the last one, became law. This was a budget built on increased tax collections ... a budget built on failure, and thus itself doomed to fail.

"This is why, as serious as these times are, Mr. President, the public out there finds it hard to take us seriously.

"They ask how anyone in the Legislature can be serious about raising taxes.

"They ask how lawmakers can be serious about defending the 'high three' pension bonus to legislators picked for executive or judicial appointments.

"And they ask in all seriousness, how it is that Hawaii is on the verge of being the first in the nation to permit marriage between persons of the same sex without the ability to address that issue through the ballot box.

"They ask such questions, Mr. President, and in hearing very little to engage the mind or inspire the heart, I fear that for every person still listening, three, four, or more have given up caring altogether.

"Voting patterns show that Hawaii ranks at the bottom of people eligible to vote who took part in the 1994 elections. With every passing election, a smaller and smaller minority of people select the political leadership in our state.

"This is not the politics of blame, Mr. President, as some might charge. I am talking about political responsibility and leadership. People in Hawaii know

that Republicans have been consistent and clear in our support for smaller government; for helping small business; and cutting taxes and insurance costs which will lead to more money in the family budget and less money for the state budget.

"But it is less clear where the majority party stands ... some days sounding like Republicans, albeit without much conviction; and on others, sounding like throwbacks to the days of the 'Great Society' and its formulas for more taxes, and more of the same in government spending.

"This has confused, and added to those believing that it matters not what our state government does, since it cannot seem to chart a course; and therefore, institutions like the courts and external factors like the Japanese yen, California economy, Washington, D.C., or military branch relocations control our futures. This lack of direction leads people to the attitude that maybe elected state officials don't count ... to a sense that we will forever be reactive and scrambling to catch up.

"But, Mr. President, thank goodness that there are sources of power outside of these walls. I see that power in the voters on the Big Island, ready to create a new body politic in that county in November.

"There are nonprofit organizations like Kauai's Habitat for Humanity, that operate on principles based on entrepreneurship and community.

"And then there are the small businesses of Hawaii -the Ron and Judy Kimura's (Hawaii International
Movers); the Bill and Joyce Edwards' (The System
Center); the Wayne and Jean Fukuda's (Something
Special); the Desmond and Jo Byrne's (Honolulu
Information Service), who have, despite great odds,
provided jobs, services and products for Hawaii's people.

"These groups and individuals have survived in spite of, despite of and independent of the heavy hand of government. As much as has been within their power, they have seized the reins of their own destiny.

"So it is for these other 'sources of power' out there, Mr. President, rooted in the real world, and the thousands of others like them that I and other Republicans here will be relentless in trying to break the shackles of a plantation approach to government that is moribund, suffocating, and condemning Hawaii's future to that of a backwater of broken dreams and tired tales of what might have been.

"Ominously, darkly, Churchill, in commenting on his government's inertia and inaction, in 1935, said:

'When the situation was manageable it was neglected, and now that it is thoroughly out of hand, we apply too late remedies which then might have effected a cure. There is nothing new in this story ... want of foresight, unwillingness to act when action would be simple and effective, lack of clear thinking, confusion of counsel, until the emergency comes, until self-preservation strikes its jarring gong -- these are the features which constitute the endless repetition of history.'

"If these words ring true, then surely, Mr. President, it is time for us to change.

"And although I hold out little hope for such change, for all our sakes, prove me wrong in 1996, so that we may avoid history's repetition for our beloved Hawaii ... so that we may prepare, instead, to be at the forefront of opportunity and innovation in time for the beginning of the next millennium.

"Thank you, Mr. President."

At 10:40 o'clock a.m., the Senate stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair. At this time, the members of the Senate and their guests were entertained by "Na Leo Pilimehana," "The Brothers Cazimero" and Leinaala Heine.

The Senate reconvened at 11:23 o'clock a.m.

INTRODUCTION OF SENATE BILLS

On motion by Senator Ihara, seconded by Senator Liu and carried, the following bills passed First Reading by title, and were referred to committees:

Senate Bill

No. 2001 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senator Holt.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2002 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DUE PROCESS."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2003 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO FAMILY CHILD CARE."

Introduced by: Senators Iwase, Ige.

Referred to: Committee on Human Services, then to the Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2004 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CHILD SUPPORT."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2005 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HARASSMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2006 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO SENTENCING FOR HATE CRIMES." $\,$

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2007 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTORSPORTS INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2008 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PARKING FOR THE DISABLED."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase, by request.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2009 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LAND MANAGEMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2010 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase, by request.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2011 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2012 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC LAND."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2013 $\,$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE WATER CODE."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2014 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TIME SHARES."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

No. 2015 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE KAUAI FOOD BANK, INC."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Fernandes Salling.

Referred to: Committee on Human Services, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2016 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE MAUI FOOD BANK, INC."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Tanaka, Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Human Services, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2017 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Tanaka, Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Health, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2018 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MEDICAL TREATMENT DECISIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Chumbley,

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2019 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY RESPONSIBILITY."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Baker, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2020 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Baker, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2021 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PARENT-COMMUNITY NETWORKING CENTERS."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, McCartney, Ige, Bunda, Tam, Matsunaga, Kawamoto.

Referred to: Committee on Education

No. 2022 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE HAWAIIAN LANGUAGE IMMERSION PROGRAM."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, McCartney, Ige, Kawamoto, Bunda, Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

 $N_0,\,2023$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, McCartney, Ige, Kawamoto, Bunda, Tam, Matsunaga.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2024 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, McCartney, Ige, Bunda, Tam, Matsunaga, Mizuguchi, Kawamoto.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2025 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senator Chumbley.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2026 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR HANA AND KA'U SCHOOLS."

Introduced by: Senator Chumbley.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2027 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Baker, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Health, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2028 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR PINEAPPLE PEST CONTROL RESEARCH."

Introduced by: Senators Chumbley, Kanno, Baker, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2029 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE LICENSING OF OPERATORS OF HOISTING MACHINES."

Introduced by: Senator Iwase.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2030 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LEARNING SUPPORT CENTERS."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2031 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2032 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment

No. 2033 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF TRUSTEES."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2034 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO ELECTED INSURANCE COMMISSIONER."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2035 "A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLES III AND V OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION TO PROVIDE FOR AN ELECTIVE OFFICE OF INSURANCE COMMISSIONER."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection, then to the Committee on Judiciary

No. 2036 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES HEALTH FUND."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2037 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF PET LODGES."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2038 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR A REVIEW OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Aki.

Referred to: Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2039 "A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE V, SECTION 6, OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION RELATING TO LEGISLATORS."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2040 "A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE III, SECTION 5, OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION RELATING TO VACANCIES IN THE LEGISLATURE."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2041 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOUSING."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Jointly to the Committee on Housing and the Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2042 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO INSURANCE CONTRACTS."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Ikeda.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

No. 2043 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO COOPERATIVE HOUSING CORPORATIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Housing

No. 2044 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2045 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2046 "A BILL FOR AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR STUDENT LOCKERS AT CENTRAL INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Education, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2047 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Ikeda.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

No. 2048 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LIQUOR."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2049 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO KAHOOLAWE."

Introduced by: Senator Baker, by request.

Referred to: Committee on Hawaiian Affairs, then to the Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management

No. 2050 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LIQUOR LICENSE FEES."

Introduced by: Senators Baker, Chumbley, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2051 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2052 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LIQUOR."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

 $N_{\rm O},\,2053$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LIQUOR."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

No. 2054 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO LIQUOR."

Introduced by: Senators Baker, Tanaka.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

 $No.\ 2055$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO 'NO RULES COMBAT.'"

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Consumer Protection

No. 2056 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO AIR POLLUTION."

Introduced by: Senator Tam.

Referred to: Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2057 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES HEALTH FUND."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2058 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PLANT PESTS AND DISEASE."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment

No. 2059 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2060 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO POLICE CHAPLAINS."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2061 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS."

Introduced by: Senators Kanno, Iwase.

Referred to: Jointly to the Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management and the Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment

 $\mbox{No. 2062}$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS."

Introduced by: Senators Kanno, Iwase.

Referred to: Jointly to the Committee on Planning, Land and Water Use Management and the Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment

No. 2063 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO WORKERS COMPENSATION."

Introduced by: Senators Baker, Taniguchi, Kanno.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2064 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION."

Introduced by: Senators Baker, Kanno, Taniguchi.

Referred to: Committee on Agriculture, Labor, and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2065 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Education

No.,2066 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Education

No. 2067 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HIGHER EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Higher Education, Culture, and Arts

No. 2068 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOUSING."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Housing

 $N_0,\,2069$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOUSING."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Housing

 $N_0,\,2070$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOUSING."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Housing

No. 2071 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE CHILD PROTECTIVE ACT."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2072 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO JUVENILE JUSTICE."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2073 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO JUVENILE JUSTICE."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Judiciary

No. 2074 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2075 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2076 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2077 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION FINANCING."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs, then to the Committee on Ways and Means

No. 2078 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

No. 2079 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO COUNTIES."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

Referred to: Committee on Transportation and Government Affairs

INTRODUCTION OF SENATE BILLS

On motion by Senator Ihara, seconded by Senator Liu and carried, the following bills passed First Reading by title, and were deferred:

Senate Bill

No. 2080 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PESTICIDES."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, McCartney.

No. 2081 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, McCartney.

No. 2082 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR LIBRARY ASSISTANTS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Matsuura, McCartney.

No. 2083 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY."

Introduced by: Senators Tam, Matsuura, McCartney.

No. 2084 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR DETENTION FACILITIES."

Introduced by: Senator Mizuguchi, by request.

No. 2085 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO BUILDING VENTILATION."

Introduced by: Senator Mizuguchi, by request.

No. 2086 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO INDIVIDUAL WASTEWATER SYSTEMS."

Introduced by: Senator Mizuguchi, by request.

No. 2087 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS."

Introduced by: Senators Kawamoto, Chumbley.

No. 2088 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC MONEY AND CONTRACTS."

Introduced by: Senators Kawamoto, Matsunaga.

No. 2089 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PRIVATE PROPERTY."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

No. 2090 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PESTICIDES."

Introduced by: Senator Kanno.

No. 2091 "A BILL FOR AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A CIVIC CENTER/JUDICIARY COMPLEX, WAHIAWA, OAHU."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

No. 2092 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DENTAL CARE."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

No. 2093 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PUBLIC FUNDS."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

No. 2094 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

No. 2095 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE TORT THRESHOLDS AND LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

 $N_{\rm O}.~2096$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOME OWNERSHIP."

Introduced by: Senator Bunda.

No. 2097 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TAXATION."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2098 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO STATE FINANCES."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2099 "A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE VII OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF HAWAII, TO ESTABLISH A BUDGET STABILIZATION FUND."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2100 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO PROVIDE FOR THE EXPENSES OF THE LEGISLATURE, THE AUDITOR, THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, AND THE OMBUDSMAN."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2101 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2102 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO ATTORNEYS."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2103 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO ELECTIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2104 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2105 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2106 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2107 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2108 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO RULES."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2109 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DENTAL CARE."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

No. 2110 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION."

Introduced by: Senator Ikeda.

 $\mbox{No.\,2111}$ "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO GUARDS."

Introduced by: Senator Baker.

No. 2112 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX."

Introduced by: Senators Baker, Ikeda.

At this time, the President directed the Senate Clerk to return to respective committees all 1995 bills that were returned to the Clerk's desk after the Regular Session of 1995.

INTRODUCTION OF SENATE BILLS

On motion by Senator Ihara, seconded by Senator Liu and carried, the Clerk was authorized to receive bills for introduction prior to 4:30 o'clock p.m. In consequence thereof and subsequent to its recessing at 11:25 o'clock a.m., the following bills passed First Reading by title and were deferred:

Senate Bill

No. 2113 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CRIME."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2114 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE EXPANSION OF THE HAWAII YOUTH CORRECTIONAL FACILITY."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2115 "A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE I OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION, TO ADD A SECTION ON CRIME VICTIMS' RIGHTS."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2116 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MURDER."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2117 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2118 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO RESIDENTIAL ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2119 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO SENTENCING."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2120 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CORRECTIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2121 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO FORFEITURE."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2122 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO SENTENCING."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2123 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO SENTENCING."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2124 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DISPOSITION OF DEFENDANTS."

Introduced by: Senator Graulty, by request.

No. 2125 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO MOTORCYCLE INSURANCE."

Introduced by: Senator Anderson.

No. 2126 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO GAMBLING."

Introduced by: Senator Anderson.

No. 2127 "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR AN ECONOMETRIC STUDY BY THE HAWAII MARITIME INDUSTRY POLICY ADVISORY TASK FORCE."

Introduced by: Senator Anderson.

No. 2128 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS."

Introduced by: Senator Anderson.

No. 2129 "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PROCUREMENT."

Introduced by: Senator Anderson.

ADJOURNMENT

At 4:30 o'clock p.m., the Senate adjourned until 11:30 o'clock a.m., Thursday, January 18, 1996.