THIRTY-FIRST DAY

Thursday, March 5, 1987

The Senate of the Fourteenth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 1987, convened at 11:38 o'clock a.m., with the President in the Chair.

The Divine Blessing was invoked by Sister Rose Lauren Earl of the Natural Family Planning Center, after which the Roll was called showing all Senators present.

The President announced that he had read and approved the Journal of the Thirtieth Day.

The following introductions were made to the members of the Senate:

Senator Fernandes Salling introduced a group of student participants of the Student Legislative Experience Program of the Kauai District Student Council, representing Kapaa High School, Kauai High School and Waimea High School, who were accompanied by Mr. Allen Yamada, Mr. James Kawamura and Ms. Janice Nitta, Student Activities Coordinators.

participants of the Family The Community (FCL) Leadership Career "Shadowing" Program, sponsored by the Extension Service of the Cooperative University of Hawaii and the Extension Homemaker Council, were then introduced by their respective Senators, as follows:

Senator Chang - Mary Lazarus and Barbara Muraoka; Senator Cobb - Alice Ching and Florence

Chow;

Senator Fernandes Salling - Pat Hunter-Williams;

Senator Hagino - Barbara MacDonald;

Senator Hee - Stephanie Pahia;

Senator Ikeda - Dorothy Valencia and Margaret Yang;

Senator A. Kobayashi - Mary Pickel and Mildred Tsuruda;

Senator B. Kobayashi - Diane Shin and Koko Shon;

Senator Matsuura - Carol Ikeda;

Senator McMurdo - Pam Kammier;

Senator Nakasato - Sarah Basquez and Agnes Yamauchi;

Senator Reed - Loudie Garcia and Marion Lundford;

Senator J. Wong - Louise Carpenter;

Senator Yamasaki - Cecilia Pacheco;

Senator Young - Doris Correia and Frances Henson;

Ms. Jean S.M. Young, State FCL Coordinator was also introduced by Senator Ikeda.

Senator Solomon, on behalf of Senators Matsuura, Henderson and herself, then introduced the Vulcans Basketball Team of Hilo College and their coach Bob Wilson and added that "the Vulcans defeated the Chaminade College Silverswords Team by a score of 76 to 67."

Senator Cobb then rose to make a presentation and stated:

"Mr. President, on behalf of the Consumer Protection and Commerce Committee, I'd like to make a very brief floor presentation.

"We had a hearing last week and one a couple of weeks ago on the problem involving computers and the lack of the real thing being sold in various computer stores and, lo and behold, within 48 hours after having our decision-making and within 24 hours of having passed the bill requiring full disclosure, we now have in the newspaper an ad for the real thing from MicroAge Computer Stores and it has everything but an IBM on it. And, since we have several Senators and several members of the House who bought IBM's and had a subsequent problem which was really the genesis of the bill in question that passed, I would like to take a very brief moment to present the original to the introducer of the bill, Senator Ann Kobayashi, and certified copies of the real thing to Senators Matsuura and Chang."

The Chair permitted Senator Cobb to make his presentations.

Senator A. Kobayashi responded:

"Mr. President, I'd just like to thank the chairman of the Consumer Protection Committee for being such an effective chairman in getting such good results so quickly."

HOUSE COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications from the House (Hse. Com. Nos. 5 to 19) were read by the Clerk and were disposed of as follows:

Hse. Com. No. 5, returning Senate Bill No. 263, S.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

Hse. Com. No. 6, transmitting House Bill No. 317, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 317, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 7, transmitting House Bill No. 318, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 318, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 8, transmitting House Bill No. 319, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 319, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 9, transmitting House Bill No. 320, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 320, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 10, transmitting House Bill No. 321, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 321, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 11, transmitting House Bill No. 322, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 322, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 12, transmitting House Bill No. 323, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 323, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 13, transmitting House Bill No. 324, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 324, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 14, transmitting House Bill No. 325, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 325, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 15, transmitting House Bill No. 326, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 326, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 16, transmitting House Bill No. 327, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 327, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 17, transmitting House Bill No. 328, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 328, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING COST ITEMS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 18, transmitting House Bill No. 418, H.D. 1, which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 418, H.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO STATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES EXCLUDED FROM COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER ADJUSTMENTS," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Labor and Employment, then to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Hse. Com. No. 19, transmitting House Bill No. 1173 which passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives on March 4, 1987, was placed on file.

On motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, H.B. No. 1173, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO DOG LICENSE," passed First Reading by title and was referred to the Committee on Government Operations.

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORTS

Senator Yamasaki, for the Committee on Ways and Means, presented a report (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 358) recommending that the

Senate advise and consent to the nomination of Russel S. Nagata as Comptroller, in accordance with Gov. Msg. No. 97.

In accordance with Senate Rule 33, action on Stand. Com. Rep. No. 358 and Gov. Msg. No. 97 was deferred until Friday, March 6, 1987.

Senator Yamasaki, for the Committee on Ways and Means, presented a report (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 359) recommending that the Senate advise and consent to the nomination of Yukio Takemoto as Director of Finance, in accordance with Gov. Msg. No. 98.

In accordance with Senate Rule 33, action on Stand. Com. Rep. No. 359 and Gov. Msg. No. 98 was deferred until Friday, March 6, 1987.

Senator Yamasaki, for the Committee on Ways and Means, presented a report (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 360) recommending that the Senate advise and consent to the nomination of Richard F. Kahle Jr. as Director of Taxation, in accordance with Gov. Msg. No. 99.

In accordance with Senate Rule 33, action on Stand. Com. Rep. No. 360 and Gov. Msg. No. 99 was deferred until Friday, March 6, 1987.

Senator Aki, for the Committee on Housing, Hawaiian Programs and Natural Resources, presented a report (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 361) recommending that Senate Bill No. 1556, as amended in S.D. 1, pass First Reading and be recommitted to the Committee on Housing, Hawaiian Programs and Natural Resources.

On motion by Senator Aki, seconded by Senator Solomon and carried, the report of the Committee was adopted and S.B. No. 1556, S.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL," passed First Reading and was recommitted to the Committee on Housing, Hawaiian Programs and Natural Resources.

Senator Yamasaki, for the Committee on Ways and Means, presented a report (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 362) recommending that Senate Bill No. 713, as amended in S.D. 1, pass Second Reading and be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

On motion by Senator Yamasaki, seconded by Senator Mizuguchi and carried, the report of the Committee was adopted and S.B. No. 713, S.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO A STATE CATASTROPHIC ILLNESS FUND," passed Second Reading and was recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

ORDER OF THE DAY

THIRD READING	Senate Bill	Referred to:		
Senate Bill No. 366, S.D. 1:	No. 490 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
On motion by Senator Cobb, seconded by Senator Blair and carried, S.B. No. 366, S.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT	No. 503 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
RELATING TO TIME SHARING," having been read throughout, passed Third Reading on the following showing of Ayes and Noes:	No. 703 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
Ayes, 24. Noes, none. Excused, 1 (Holt).	No. 705 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
Senate Bill No. 365, S.D. 1: On motion by Senator Cobb, seconded by	No. 1235 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
Senator Blair and carried, S.B. No. 365, S.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PHYSICAL THERAPY,"	No. 1242 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
having been read throughout, passed Third Reading on the following showing of Ayes and Noes:	No. 1478 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
Ayes, 24. Noes, none. Excused, 1 (Holt).	No. 1655 and Means	Committee	on	Ways
Senate Bill No. 25, S.D. 1: On motion by Senator Cobb, seconded by	No. 1766 and Means	Committee	on	Ways

At 11:52 o'clock a.m., the Senate stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

> The Senate reconvened at 11:56 o'clock a.m.

Senator Hee then rose on a matter of record as follows:

"Mr. President, for the record, I would like the Clerk to note that the amended notice of public hearing for the Judiciary Committee, scheduled for 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Friday, March 6, 1987, that the Senate drafts were not included on the agenda. The Judiciary staff has retyped the agenda to reflect that the same bills will be heard with the appropriate Senate draft number."

The Chair ordered the Clerk to so note the amended agenda.

Senator Aki, chairman of the Committee on Housing, Hawaiian Programs and Natural Resources, requested a waiver of the 48-hour Notice of a Public Hearing on S.B. No. 1686, and the President granted the waiver.

Senator Menor then rose on a point of personal privilege and remarked:

"Mr. President, as some of you know, I initiated a tour yesterday of the Halawa Medium Security Facility as the chairman of the Senate Corrections Committee. I conducted the tour because I had received information about certain structural and design problems at the facility. Moreover, I had also been informed about delays in

Senator Blair and carried, S.B. No. 25, S.D. 1, entitled: "A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE SALE OF GASOLINE," having been read throughout, passed Third Reading on the following showing of Ayes and Noes:

Ayes, 22. Noes, 2 (Chang and Hagino). Excused, 1 (Holt).

REFERRAL OF RESOLUTIONS

The President made the following referral of resolutions that were offered:

Senate Concurrent Resolution

Referred to:

Legislative Management

on Committee

Senate

Resolution

Referred to:

Committee on Legislative Management

Committee on Military and Civil Defense

Committee on Planning No. 38 and Environment

Committee on No. 39 Legislative Management

RE-REFERRAL OF SENATE BILLS

The President then made the following re-referral of Senate bills that were introduced:

putting together the administrative and organizational plans which are needed before the facility can become operational by the scheduled opening date in July or August of 1987.

"With the indulgence of this body, I would like to very briefly summarize the findings of my tour, not only because I think these findings will be helpful in your budget deliberations but also because I think that the problems I am about to summarize are symptomatic of a much larger problem of mismanagement within the corrections area.

"I would like to assure this body that I am not rising to speak today for the purposes of grandstanding. Although I have felt frustration with the management of the corrections division over the past three years that I have served as chairman of the House and Senate Corrections Committees, I have never taken the opportunity to publicly comment on the legislative floor about my concerns because I wanted to give corrections administrators an opportunity to work things out. But yesterday, when I toured the facility, my frustration reached the boiling point.

"In terms of the structural and design problems, the Halawa High Security administrators who led us through the tour and who, in fact, may be administering the facility pointed out a number flaws that could present security problems. For example, the guard stations in the residential modules which control the opening and closing of individual cell doors are left open and are not enclosed, which means that a guard, manning the station, could be overpowered by inmates who want to take control of the entire module.

"A second problem. The ceilings in some of these cells have trapdoors which could permit an inmate to hide contraband or climb into the ceiling to disrupt the electrical or plumbing system.

"Another problem. The cells, including those on the ground level, lack adequate security screens, which means that contraband could be snuck in to the inmates through the windows.

"Another problem. There are blindspots in a visiting area which would make it difficult for the guards to properly observe the activities of visitors.

"Another problem. There are overhead light fixtures throughout the facility which disruptive inmates can pull out and convert into weapons.

"I could go on and on about the facility's structural and design problems, but I have other concerns as well about the administration of the facility. Halawa

administrators informed me that there are administrative and operational problems which could preclude or delay the opening of the facility by August of 1987.

"For example, the reorganization plan which, for the information of this body, is a plan to set up the administrative team to operate the medium security facility is still being reviewed by the Department of Social Services and Housing (DSSH) and in fact has been the subject of review and revision for the past two and a half years.

"In addition, even after DSSH approves the plan, it is still going to have to be reviewed and approved by Budget and Finance and the Governor's Office. Once the plan is approved, job classifications for the administrative positions are going to have to be determined and approved by the Department of Personnel Services. Then the vacant positions are going to have to be advertised and filled. Based on the process that I have just described, I think you can see that there is going to be some time delay in terms of just getting the administrative team ready for the opening of the facility.

"Moreover, because corrections officials do not have an administrative team in place, important policies and procedures have still not been developed to operate the medium security facility. Furthermore, I have been informed that the activation team that will have the responsibility for monitoring the implementation and development of these policies and procedures is not even fully in place. There were supposed to be four members on that activation team. At present, only two people are serving on that team.

"I was also informed about possible understaffing problems. I had a conversation with the consultant who's been involved in the design of the facility, and I've also been in communication with the administrators from the Halawa High Security Facility. They indicated that, based on the executive budget, we may need an additional 51 positions to provide adequate security for that facility.

"In light of these real or potential problems, I am very skeptical about whether that facility is going to be ready for occupancy by the scheduled August opening date. I think we should be very concerned about any delays in the opening of the facility because as all of you know, the state is now under a consent decree which requires among other things, that the state move as expeditiously as possible to relocate inmates out of the Oahu Community Correctional Center to alleviate prison overcrowding.

"I also think that it's very unfortunate

that the state may have to make after-the-fact improvements to a facility that is near completion which could result in a greater expenditure of tax dollars then would have been required had the flaws been discovered earlier.

"All of the parties who participated in the tour yesterday, including the corrections administrator, recognized that these problems exist and have to be resolved. What is disturbing to me is not only that these problems exist, but the responses of the corrections administrator to these problems. For example, I take exception to the cavalier statement made by the corrections administrator that these problems could in no way have been identified during the planning and design process.

"It should be pointed out that the state has already committed and expended close to \$2 million in planning and designing that facility. In my opinion, it is inexcusable that such serious and obvious design flaws could not have been discovered during the planning and design process. Moreover, had corrections officials been in consultation with the Halawa High Security administrators, some of whom will be involved in the administration of the medium security facility, during the earlier stages of the planning process, all of these problems could have been identified much sooner.

"What I am especially concerned about is the fact that despite denials from the corrections administrator that he had any knowledge about these problems prior to yesterday, I have been informed that he knew about these problems as early as two months ago. At that point, the corrections administrator should have come forward, as any competent administrator would have, to inform the Legislature about the problems and recommend solutions. Had that been done in this particular situation, we as legislators would not be in the position that we find ourselves in now, of having to resolve these problems as a legislative body within a very short time period when important deadlines and the close of the legislative session are rapidly approaching.

"I recognize that the creation and establishment of a new Department of Corrections may partially resolve what I really believe are management problems within the corrections area. However, I also firmly believe that the fundamental issue in the corrections area, no matter what management structure we adopt, is leadership. Therefore, I strongly urge the governor that if leadership cannot be provided within the existing management team, then he make the necessary administrative changes to insure that the kind of leadership that we need in the

corrections area is the kind of leadership that we will have now.

"Thank you very much, Mr. President."

Senator Cobb also rose to speak on a point of personal privilege and remarked:

"Mr. President, I rise to speak in response to some of the pressure lobbying tactics that have taken place with respect to Senate Bill 34, S.D. 1, providing for banks and other other financial institutions to be allowed to enter into the insurance business.

"In doing so, to make every member of the Senate aware of this, including, most importantly, the chairman and members of the Ways and Means Committee where the bill now rests after having passed your Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce.

"Mr. President, anyone has a right, and I emphasize the word 'right,' to express an opinion to favor or oppose a bill or an idea. But, when threats are made, I think that goes too far. And I would like to share with you and members of the Senate some of these threats. I'm going to name names, name companies and then I'm going to provide copies of this to any interested parties, including the lobbyist who is not involved personally but who has asked me for copies.

"The first is from a Mr. Eugene S. Wakai of Principal Mutual and the threat, which I'm sure other members have heard, is that 'if you vote to pass Senate Bill 34, I will not vote for you again for any office.' Now he has the right to say that, even though I want that threat shared publicly, but there's more.

"From a Shirley C. Wong of Principal Mutual Life Insurance Company, myself and several other members of the committee have received the following, the closing statement at the end of the letter opposing the bill ... again, which they have a right to favor or oppose ... and I quote: 'If you vote to pass this bill, you will no longer have my support or vote as well as the support of my clients. Let me make you aware that I do not have clients who live only in one district of this state. My clientele live throughout the State of Hawaii (and on all islands).'

"In response to this kind of despicable lobbying, Mr. President, we have written what I consider to be a reasoned and rationed letter of response and I would like to share that with you very briefly.

'Dear "so and so":

Thank you for your letter of (date) concerning Senate Bill No. 34, Relating to Banking. You may be interested to learn of several amendments to the bill that I

proposed in committee:

- a) Provide that no financial institution may use funds on deposit as collateral for capitalization with which to form an insurance company.
- b) No financial institution may utilize any degree of coercion to induce a customer to purchase insurance from the institution as a condition for the approval of a loan.
- c) Any financial institution which sells insurance must be fully prepared to service the accounts thus established, and must employ qualified, licensed insurance agents for that purpose.

The genesis of Senate Bill No. 34 lay in comments made by various insurance company officials to the effect that the Legislature should enact laws agreeable to the insurance industry or it would pick up and leave Hawaii. In view of that I find it uncompromising position, appropriate to provide maximum stimulation and incentives to other companies such as banks, savings and loan associations, other financial institutions, and other interested companies to enter the insurance business in Hawaii.

I have never, and will not now, countenance such threats as above as a part of the legislative process.

I appreciate your past support and consideration, and I hope that this letter will help you to understand my thinking with respect to Senate Bill No. 34. The bill is intended neither to harm nor limit the functions of individual agents or responsible companies, but rather to foster business development, employment opportunities, and provide a greater range of choices for consumers in the purchase of insurance.

Sincerely, Steve Cobb, Senator.'

"Mr. President, most insurance agents that I know are friends and I have a very high regard for Mr. Steve O'Toole, their lobbyist. He has requested copies of the letters in question and I will be providing them to him.

"But I want to make it very clear at this point, I will not tolerate this kind of despicable, putrid, abhorrent, sleaze-bag, pressure-kind of lobbying, and when I get it, my reaction to threats like this is to support the bill more, not less.

"I want to put you and the members of the Ways and Means Committee on notice and on record today that Senate Bill No. 34 is now the number one priority of your Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce. It now rests in Ways and Means Committee.

"Thank you."

The Chair, at this time, made the following pronouncement:

"Members of the Senate, the Chair would like to request of all committee chairmen, with the weekend coming up, that as many of the bills that they intend to report out be taken to our Majority Research Office or to the Legislative Reference Bureau as soon as possible. We will ask the staff to stay over the weekend so that we can facilitate committee reports instead of waiting for the big rush on Tuesday.

"If possible, we'd like to see all chairmen bring down bills that they intend to report out — today, tomorrow, and even Saturday. We will hold the legislative backup staff here specifically for that purpose."

ADJOURNMENT

At 12:12 o'clock p.m., on motion by Senator Blair, seconded by Senator George and carried, the Senate adjourned until 11:30 o'clock a.m., Friday, March 6, 1987.