FOURTH DAY

Monday, January 26, 1976

The Senate of the Eighth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 1976, convened at 10:45 o'clock a.m., with the President in the Chair.

The Divine Blessing was invoked by Reverend A. Keith Sears of Kaimuki Church of the Nazarene, after which the Roll was called showing all Senators present with the exception of Senator Kawasaki who was excused.

The President announced that he had read and approved the Journal of the Third Day.

At 10:49 o'clock a.m., the Senate stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

The Senate reconvened at 10:51 o'clock a.m.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions (S.C.R. Nos. 2 and 3) were read by the Clerk and were disposed of as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S.C.R. No. 2), entitled: "SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION URGING TIMELY ACTION TO FORESTALL A THREATENED STRIKE OF HOSPITAL NURSES", was jointly offered by Senators Ushijima, Chong, Hara, Taira, Takitani, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Ching, F. Wong, Young, Hulten, Yee, Anderson, Henderson, Leopold, Soares, R. Wong, O'Connor and Yim.

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, S.C.R. No. 2 was adopted.

A concurrent resolution (S.C.R. No. 3), entitled: "SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION EXPRESSING APPRECIATION TO THE HAWAIIAN OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT FOR ITS MEANINGFUL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PEOPLE OF HAWAII", was jointly offered by Senators Ushijima, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Takitani, Taira, Young, Anderson, Hulten, Hara, Ching, F. Wong, Chong, Kuroda, Yee, Henderson, R. Wong, Leopold, Soares, Yim and O'Connor.

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, S.C.R. No. 3 was adopted.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions (S.R.

Nos. 2 and 3) were read by the Clerk and were disposed of as follows:

A resolution (S.R. No. 2), entitled:
"SENATE RESOLUTION URGING TIMELY
ACTION TO FORESTALL A THREATENED
STRIKE OF HOSPITAL NURSES", was
jointly offered by Senators Ushijima,
Chong, Hara, Taira, Takitani, Yamasaki,
Nishimura, Ching, F. Wong, Young,
Hulten, Yee, Anderson, Henderson,
Soares, Toyofuku, Leopold, R. Wong,
O'Connor, King and Yim.

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, S.R. No. 2 was adopted.

A resolution (S.R. No. 3), entitled: "SENATE RESOLUTION EXPRESSING APPRECIATION TO THE HAWAIIAN OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT FOR ITS MEANINGFUL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PEOPLE OF HAWAII", was jointly offered by Senators Ushijima, Yamasaki, Taira, Kuroda, Takitani, Nishimura, Hulten, Hara, Ching, F. Wong, Chong, Young, Anderson, Yee, Toyofuku, Henderson, Soares, Leopold, R. Wong, O'Connor, King and Yim.

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, S.R. No. 3 was adopted.

INTRODUCTION OF SENATE BILLS

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, the following bills passed First Reading by title, were referred to print and were placed on the calendar for further consideration on Wednesday, January 28, 1976:

Senate Bills

No. 1766-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Horizontal Property Regimes."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Takitani, Kuroda, Hulten, King, Yamasaki, Taira and Kawasaki.

No. 1767-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Investments."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Takitani, Kuroda, Hulten, King, Yamasaki, Taira, R. Wong and Kawasaki.

No. 1768-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young,

F. Wong, Kurda, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, Chong, R. Wong, Hulten, Kawasaki, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1769-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to a Presumption of Prudence."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Yim, Takitani, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Kuroda, F. Wong, Hulten, Yamasaki, O'Connor, Taira, Hara, R. Wong and Kawasaki.

No. 1770-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, King, Yamasaki, Taira, Kuroda, O'Connor, Hulten, Kawasaki and Toyofuku.

No. 1771-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to a Constitutional Convention."

Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, F. Wong, Ching, Ushijima, Hara, Hulten, Chong, King, Kawasaki, Yamasaki, Takitani, Taira, Yim, R. Wong and Toyofuku.

No. 1772-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Disposition of Criminal Defendants Under the Hawaii Penal Code."

Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, Kuroda, Takitani, Ching, Yamasaki, Hulten, Toyofuku, Taira, Young, Kawasaki, O'Connor, R. Wong, King, Chong, F. Wong, Ushijima, Hara and Yim.

No. 1773-76 "A Bill for an Act Establishing a Development Corporation for Kakaako."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Nishimura, Taira, Ching and Kuroda.

No. 1774-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Yim, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda, Hulten, King, Yamasaki, Taira, Hara, R. Wong and Kawasaki.

No. 1775-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prepaid Legal Services."

Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Chong, Taira, Toyofuku, Young and Yamasaki.

No. 1776-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prepaid Health Care."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1777-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prepaid Health Care."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1778-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Vehicle Rentals."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1779-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Investigations by the Office of Consumer Protection."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1780-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Consumer Sales."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1781-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Disclosure of Significant Defects by Motor Vehicle Dealers and Salesmen."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1782-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Residential Landlord-Tenant Code."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1783-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Vehicles Left Unattended on Private Property."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1784-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Residential Landlord-Tenant Code".

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1785-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Civil Penalties for Violations of Injunctive Orders."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1786-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Restitution in Cases Filed by the Office of Consumer Protection."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1787-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Elections."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima,

by request.

No. 1788-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Expenditure of Public Money and Public Contracts."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1789-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Expenditure of Public Money and Public Contracts."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1790-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Expenditure of Public Money and Public Contracts."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1791-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Loans Insured by the Department of Agriculture."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1792-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Criminal Trespass."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1793-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to General Prohibition Against Water Pollution."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1794-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Notaries Public."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1795-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Expungement of Arrest Records."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1796-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Penal Responsibility Under the Hawaii Penal Code."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1797-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Costs and Fees Under the State Tort Liability Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1798-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating

to the State Tort Liability Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1799-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to General Obligation Bonds of the State of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1800-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Claims of Certain Persons Against the State and Providing Appropriations Therefor."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1801-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Compensation of Certain Persons Under the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act and Providing Appropriations Therefor."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1802-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Clarification of the Law on Rights Based on Sex."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1803-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Petty Cash Funds."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1804-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Stadiums and Amending Chapter 109, Hawaii Revised Statutes."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1805-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to State Bonds."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1806-76 "A Bill for an Act Making Appropriations for the Fiscal Biennium July 1, 1975, to June 30, 1977, and Authorizing the Issuance of Bonds."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1807-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Conversion of Certain Exempt Positions Within the Department of Defense to Permanent Civil Service Status."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima,

by request.

No. 1808-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Public Officers and Employees."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1809-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Agents of Private Schools and Correspondence Schools."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1810-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as Amended."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1811-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as Amended."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1812-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Sanitation and Reclamation Expert Under Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as Amended."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1813-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as Amended."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1814-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Smoking in Public Places."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1815-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to County Hospital Management Advisory Committees."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1816-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaii Occupational Safety and Health Law."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1817-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Prepaid Health Care Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1818-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating

to Workers' Compensation."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1819-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Workers' Compensation."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1820-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Prepaid Health Care Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1821-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Prepaid Health Care Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1822-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Conservation Districts."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1823-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Conservation, Management and Protection of Endangered or Threatened Species of Wildlife or Plants."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1824-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Appraisal of Public Lands."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1825-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Use of the Special Land and Development Fund."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1826-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Landowner's Liability."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1827-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Disposition of Easements."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1828-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Leases of Public Lands."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1829-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Disposition of Remnants of

Public Lands."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1830-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Initial Appointments."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1831-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Vacations of Public Officers and Employees."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1832-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Civil Service and Exemptions."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1833-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaii Capital Loan Program."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1834-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Fishing Vessel Loan Programs."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1835-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Incentives to Encourage Homeowners to Use Solar Energy Collector and Storage Systems for Hot Water Heating."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1836-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Department of Regulatory Agencies."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1837-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Audited Statements of Industrial Loan Companies Issuing Investment Certificates or Debentures."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1838-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaii Motor Vehicle Accident Reparations Act."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1839-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaii Insurance Law."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1840-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Motor Carrier Law."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1841-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Motor Carrier Law."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1842-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Escrows."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1843-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Fees Applicable to Practicing Psychologists."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1844-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Fees for Certain Professional and Vocational Licenses."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1845-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to State Rent Supplements."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1846-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing for Elderly Persons."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1847-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Offenses Against the Person."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1848-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prison Contraband."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1849-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property Taxes."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1850-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Income Tax."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1851-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Harbors, Shores, Beaches, and

Streams."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1852-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Public Money and Public Contracts."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1853-76 "A Bill for an act Relating to Bicycles."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1854-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to School Buses."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1855-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Driver's License Categories."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1856-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Detainment of Person Found to be Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1857-76 "A Bill for an Act Amending Act 179, Session Laws of Hawaii 1975, Relating to a Statewide Transportation Council and a Statewide Transportation Planning Program."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1858-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Vehicle Size and Weight."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1859-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Exemption of the Campus Center Special Fund, University of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1860-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Civil Service and Exemptions."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1861-76 "A Bill for an Act Establishing a Duplicating Services Revolving Fund for the University of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1862-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the University of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1863-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the University of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1864-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the University of Hawaii."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1865-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to a Real Property Tax Exemption for Solar Energy Devices."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, King, F. Wong, Ching, Ushijima, Hulten, Takitani, Toyofuku, R. Wong, Nishimura and Taira.

No. 1866-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to an Income Tax Deduction for Solar Energy Devices."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, King, F. Wong, Ching, Ushijima, Hulten, Takitani, Nishimura, R. Wong, Toyofuku and Taira.

No. 1867-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to County Impeachment Ordinances."

Introduced by: Senator Yim.

No. 1868-76 "A Bill for an Act Proposing Amendments to the Constitution to Limit the Term of Office of the Governor and the Office of Mayor."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, Chong, R. Wong and King.

No. 1869-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Impeachment of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor."

Introduced by: Senator Yim.

No. 1870-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to a Constitutional Convention."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, Chong, Young, Ushijima, Kawasaki, R. Wong, Hulten, King, Hara and Kuroda.

No. 1871-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Exemption from Real Property Taxation of Certain Persons."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, Chong, Kuroda and King.

No. 1872-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Real Property Home Exemption."

Introduced by: Senators Yim, Chong, Kuroda and King.

No. 1873-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Administrative Rules Adopted by the Board of Education."

Introduced by: Senator Yim.

No. 1874-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Taxation of Real Property."

Introduced by: Senator Yim.

No. 1875-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Real Property Home Exemption."

Introduced by: Senator Kawasaki.

No. 1876-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Motorcycle and Motor Scooter Protective Devices."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Yamasaki, Yim, Young, Soares, Taira, Hara, Saiki, Chong and Toyofuku.

No. 1877-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Motor Vehicles."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Yamasaki, Yim, Chong, Soares, Taira, Saiki and Toyofuku.

No. 1878-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Motor Vehicles."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Yamasaki, Yim, Taira, Toyofuku and Chong.

No. 1879-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Exemption of Certain Activities from the General Excise Tax."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Yamasaki, Yim, Chong, Soares, Taira, Hara, Saiki and Toyofuku.

No. 1880-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Paiko Lagoon Wildlife Refuge and Park, Oahu."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Nishimura, Soares and Saiki.

No. 1881-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Vehicle Regulation."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, Toyofuku, Ching, Kuroda, Leopold, Chong and Taira.

No. 1882-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Video Tape Equipment for the Public Access Channels of all C.A.T.V. Franchise Systems."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, Yim, Kuroda, Young, Yamasaki,

King, Takitani, O'Connor and Taira.

No. 1883-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prepaid Health Care."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, Takitani, Young, Yamasaki, Hara, King, Kuroda and Taira.

No. 1884-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Criminal Trespass by a Motor Vehicle."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, Takitani, Yim, Kuroda, Young, King, Ching and Taira.

No. 1885-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Medical Malpractice."

Introduced by: Senator Chong, by request.

No. 1886-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prescriptions."

Introduced by: Senator Chong, by request.

No. 1887-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Adoption of Children."

Introduced by: Senator Chong, by request.

No. 1888-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Health Services for Recent Immigrants."

Introduced by: Senator Chong, by request.

No. 1889-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Manoa Valley Planning District."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, Yim, Kuroda, King, Ching, Leopold and Yee.

No. 1890-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Sexually Dangerous Persons."

Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1891-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Landlord-Tenant Relations."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, Yim, Young, Yamasaki and Hulten.

No. 1892-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Public Purchases and Contracts."

Introduced by: Senators Yamasaki, Toyofuku, Soares, Young, Takitani, Henderson, Kuroda, Ching, Saiki, Leopold, Hulten, Taira, George, Chong, R. Wong and Nishimura.

No. 1893-76 "A Bill for an Act Making Appropriations to Provide the Expenses of the Legislature, the Legislative Auditor, the Legislative Reference Bureau, and the Ombudsman."

Introduced by: Senator Yamasaki.

No. 1894-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Public Employee Collective Bargaining."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Takitani, Yamasaki, Ching, Kuroda, Chong, O'Connor, Young, R. Wong, Nishimura, F. Wong and Hara.

No. 1895-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Employees' Retirement System."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Takitani, Yamasaki, O'Connor, F. Wong, R. Wong, Nishimura and Hara.

No. 1896-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Extension of the Demonstration Elderly Day Care Facility at Wilcox Memorial Hospital, Kauai."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Takitani, Yamasaki, O'Connor, Chong, Ching, Young, Nishimura, F. Wong, King, Hara and Kuroda.

No. 1897-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Establishment and Operation of the Office of Children and Youth, Office of the Governor."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Takitani, Yamasaki, Chong, Kawasaki, O'Connor, Ching, Young, Nishimura, F. Wong, King, Hara and Kuroda.

No. 1898-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Abolishment of the Office of Information and Youth Affairs, Office of the Governor."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, F. Wong, Nishimura, King, Hara, Kuroda, Takitani, Kawasaki, Chong, O'Connor, Ching, Young and R. Wong.

No. 1899-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Establishment of an Office of Children and Youth."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Takitani, Yamasaki, O'Connor, Chong, Ching, Young, F. Wong, R. Wong, Nishimura, King, Hara and Kuroda.

No. 1900-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Standards of Conduct, Including Disclosure of Financial Interests by Legislators, State Employees, and Candidates for Elective State Office." Introduced by: Senator Ushijima, by request.

No. 1901-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property Taxation of Improved Residential Lands."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, R. Wong, Taira, Kuroda, Ching, Yim, Chong, Toyofuku, Takitani, F. Wong, O'Connor, Nishimura, Ushijima and Saiki.

No. 1902-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Eminent Domain."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, Kawasaki, Yim, Chong, Toyofuku, Young, Takitani, F. Wong, Ching, O'Connor, Nishimura, Ushijima, R. Wong, Henderson and Saiki.

No. 1903-76 "A Bill for an Act Rélating to the Real Property Taxation of Residential Leaseholds."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, R. Wong, Taira, Kuroda, Ching, Kawasaki, Yim, Chong, Toyofuku, Yamasaki, Takitani, F. Wong, O'Connor, Nishimura, Ushijima and Saiki.

No. 1904-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Highway Projects."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, George and Anderson.

No. 1905-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Highway Improvements to Kailua Road."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, George and Anderson.

No. 1906-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Covered Walkways and a Sprinkler System for Waimanalo School, Oahu."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, George and Anderson.

No. 1907-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Kawa Stream Flood Control Project, Oahu."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, George and Anderson.

No. 1908-76 "A Bill for an Act Making Appropriations for the Windward School District."

Introduced by: Senators Hulten, George and Anderson.

No. 1909-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Schools in the Seventh Senatorial District." Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, O'Connor, Saiki, Soares and Hara.

No. 1910-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Environmental Impact Statements."

Introduced by: Senators King, Chong, Nishimura, Toyofuku, Kuroda, George, Leopold, Anderson, Ching, Saiki, Young, Soares, Henderson, Hulten and Yim.

No. 1914-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda and Hulten.

No. 1915-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaii Housing Authority."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda and Hulten.

No. 1916-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Community Planning and Design Centers."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Hulten, Kuroda and King.

No. 1917-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda and Hulten.

No. 1918-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, Kuroda, Hulten and King.

No. 1919-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Yim, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, Kuroda and Hulten.

No. 1920-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Yim, Toyofuku, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda, Hulten and King.

No. 1921-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Use Tax Law."

Introduced by: Senators Yamasaki, Kuroda, Ching, Toyofuku, Taira, Takitani, Nishimura, Henderson, Yee, Chong, O'Connor and Anderson.

No. 1922-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Acquisition of Lands to Expand Wildlife Sanctuary at Paiko Lagoon, Oahu."

Introduced by: Senators Yamasaki, Ching, Leopold, George, Takitani, Hara, Chong, Toyofuku, Nishimura, Kuroda and Taira.

No. 1923-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Schools in the Sixth Senatorial District."

Introduced by: Senators Chong, King, Yee and Leopold.

No. 1924-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Firearms."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1925-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Employment Security."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1926-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Twice-Annual Cleaning of the State Capitol Building."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1927-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Residential Landlord-Tenant Code."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1928-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Deletion of Mandatory Twenty-Four Hour Requirement Prior to Authorizing Towing of Unauthorized Vehicle at the Expense of the Owner of the Vehicle."

Introduced by: Senators Leopold and Yee.

No. 1929-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for Nutritional Programs for the Elderly."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1930-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Prepaid Legal Services for Public Employees."

Introduced by: Senators Leopold and Kuroda.

No. 1931-76 "A Bill for an Act Condominium Consumer Protection Act."

Introduced by: Senators Leopold,

George and Kuroda.

No. 1932-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Public Utilities."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1933-76 "A Bill for an Act Making an Appropriation for the Publication and Distribution of a Revised Booklet Explaining the Functions and Procedures of the Small Claims Court."

Introduced by: Senator Leopold.

No. 1934-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property Taxes."

Introduced by: Senators Henderson, George, Leopold, Soares and Saiki.

On motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, the following bills were referred to print and were placed on the calendar for further consideration on Wednesday, January 28, 1976:

Senate Bills

No. 1734-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Employment Security."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Taira, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Ching, Hulten, King, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1735-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Hours and Wages."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Hara, Ching, Hulten, Taira, King, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1736-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Unemployment Compensation."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Hara, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Ching, Hulten, Taira, King, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1737-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Employment Security."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Hara, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Ching, Hulten, Kawasaki, Taira, King, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1738-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Temporary Disability Insurance."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Hulten, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Hara, Ching, Taira, King, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1739-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Children."

Introduced by: Senators Toyofuku, Hara, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, Ching, Hulten, Taira, R. Wong, Kuroda and Chong.

No. 1740-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Unemployment and Making an Appropriation Therefor."

Introduced by: Toyofuku, Taira, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ching, Ushijima, F. Wong, Hara, Hulten, Chong, King, R. Wong and Kuroda.

No. 1741-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Public Utilities Commission and Program."

Introduced by: Senators Taira, Takitani, Yamasaki, Hara, Young, Ching, F. Wong, King, Toyofuku, Ushijima, Hulten, Chong, Kuroda, Nishimura, O'Connor, Yim, R. Wong and Kawasaki.

No. 1742-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Public Utilities Program."

Introduced by: Senators Taira, Takitani, Toyofuku, Hara, Hulten, Chong, Yamasaki, Ching, Kawasaki, Yim, R. Wong, Young, Ushijima, Kuroda, F. Wong, Nishimura, King and O'Connor.

No. 1743-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Special Funds."

Introduced by: Senators R. Wong, Yamasaki, Hara, Ching, Kuroda, Chong, Taira, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, F. Wong, O'Connor, Young, Hulten, Kawasaki and Toyofuku.

No. 1744-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property Taxes."

Introduced by: Senators R. Wong, Yamasaki, Ching, Hara, Taira, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Kuroda, Chong, F. Wong, Young, O'Connor, Hulten, King and Toyofuku.

No. 1745-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Transportation and Making an Appropriation Therefor."

Introduced by: Senators O'Connor, F. Wong, Hara, Taira, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Kuroda, Chong, R. Wong, Hulten, Toyofuku, Kawasaki and Ching.

No. 1746-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating

to Agriculture."

Introduced by: Senators F. Wong, Hara, Nishimura, Taira, Kuroda, King, Chong, R. Wong, Kawasaki, Hulten, Yamasaki, Takitani, Ushijima, Yim, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1747-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Historical Artifacts and Objects."

Introduced by: Senators King, Hulten, Nishimura, Takitani, Yamasaki, Chong, Ushijima, Taira, F. Wong, R. Wong, Kuroda, Toyofuku, Kawasaki and Ching.

No. 1748-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Historic Preservation."

Introduced by: Senators King, Hulten, F. Wong, Nishimura, Takitani, Ching, Kuroda, Kawasaki, Yamasaki, Chong, Ushijima, Taira and R. Wong.

No. 1749-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Environment."

Introduced by: Senators King, Hulten, Taira, Nishimura, Takitani, Yamasaki, Chong, Ushijima, F. Wong, Hara, R. Wong, Kuroda, Kawasaki and Ching.

No. 1750-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Recreational Opportunities."

Introduced by: Senators King, Ching, Hulten, Nishimura, Takitani, Yamasaki, Chong, Ushijima, F. Wong, Kawasaki, Taira, Hara, R. Wong, Kuroda and Toyofuku.

No. 1751-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Education."

Introduced by: Senators Hara, Ching, F. Wong, Ushijima, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Kawasaki, Hulten, Taira, Kuroda, King, R. Wong, Chong and Toyofuku.

No. 1752-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Education."

Introduced by: Senators Hara, Ching, Hulten, Taira, F. Wong, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Kuroda, King, R. Wong, Kawasaki, Chong and Toyofuku.

No. 1753-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Public School System."

Introduced by: Senators Hara, Ching, Hulten, Taira, F. Wong, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Kuroda, King, R. Wong, Kawasaki, Chong and Toyofuku. No. 1754-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to School Grounds and Facilities."

Introduced by: Senators Hara, Ching, Hulten, Taira, F. Wong, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Kuroda, King, R. Wong, Kawasaki, Chong and Toyofuku.

No. 1755-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Medical Malpractice."

Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, F. Wong, Chong, Ushijima, King, Toyofuku, R. Wong, Yim, Hara, Ching, Hulten, Yamasaki, Takitani, Taira and Kuroda.

No. 1756-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to a Periodic Review and Reexamination of the Professional and Occupational Licensing Program."

Introduced by: Senators Kuroda, Hulten, F. Wong, Chong, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ushijima, Taira, Kawasaki, Hara, R. Wong, King, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1757-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Uniform Consumer Credit Code."

Introduced by: Senators Kuroda, Hara, F. Wong, Yamasaki, Takitani, Nishimura, Ching, Toyofuku, Hulten, Ushijima, Taira, R. Wong, King and Chong.

No. 1758-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, Kuroda, O'Connor, R. Wong, Toyofuku, Ching, Kawasaki, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, Chong and Hulten.

No. 1759-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, Hulten, Kuroda, Chong, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, O'Connor, R. Wong, Kawasaki, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1760-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Residential Leaseholds."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, O'Connor, Kuroda, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, Chong, R. Wong, Hulten, Ching, Kawasaki and Toyofuku.

No. 1761-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Landlord-Tenant Code."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, Kuroda, Chong, Yamasaki,

Nishimura, Taira, O'Connor, Hulten, Kawasaki, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1762-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, O'Connor, Kuroda, Chong, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, R. Wong, Hulten, Kawasaki, Toyofuku and Ching.

No. 1763-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Housing."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, Kuroda, Toyofuku, O'Connor, R. Wong, Hulten, Ching, Kawasaki, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, Chong and Hara.

No. 1764-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to the Hawaiian Homes Program."

Introduced by: Senators Young, F. Wong, Hulten, Kuroda, Yamasaki, Nishimura, Taira, Chong, O'Connor, R. Wong, King, Ching, Kawasaki and Toyofuku.

No. 1765-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Motor Vehicle Insurance Law."

Introduced by: Senators Nishimura, Hulten, F. Wong, Taira, Hara, Kuroda, R. Wong, Kawasaki, King, Chong and Toyofuku.

No. 1911-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Real Property Taxes."

Introduced by: Senator Young.

No. 1912-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Community Development."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Yim, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, F. Wong, Hara, Takitani, Kuroda and Hulten.

No. 1913-76 "A Bill for an Act Relating to Urban Redevelopment."

Introduced by: Senators Young, Toyofuku, Yim, Ching, Nishimura, Chong, Hara, Takitani, F. Wong, Kuroda and Hulten.

At this time, Senator Yee introduced to the members of the Senate 30 seniors from St. Louis High School and their teacher, Mr. Rod Santos.

At 10:55 o'clock a.m., the Senate stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair to meet in joint session with the House of Representatives in accordance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 1.

JOINT SESSION

The Joint Session of the Senate and the House of Representatives was called to order at 11:04 o'clock a.m. by the Honorable James Wakatsuki, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

At this time, the Speaker introduced to the members of the Eighth Legislature the First Lady of the State of Hawaii, Mrs. George Ariyoshi, who was presented with a white carnation lei by Representative Peters.

The Speaker then introduced to the members of the Eighth Legislature Lieutenant Governor Nelson K. Doi.

At this time, the Speaker appointed the Committee from the Senate, composed of Senators Ching, Taira and Yee, and the Committee from the House, composed of Representatives Ushijima, Kimura, Stanley and Poepoe to escort Governor George R. Ariyoshi to the dais. Governor Ariyoshi was presented with a red carnation lei by Representative Stanley.

The Speaker then presented the Governor of the State of Hawaii, the Honorable George R. Ariyoshi.

Governor Ariyoshi addressed the Joint Session as follows:

"Mr. Speaker, Mr. President, Mr. Lieutenant Governor, Members of the Eighth State Legislature, distinguished ladies and gentlemen:

I am sincerely grateful for this opportunity to address you today in joint session and I thank you for your warm expression of Aloha. As a former legislator, I recognize and I appreciate the difficulties and challenges which are yours and I extend to you my best wishes for a productive and meaningful session.

In this year of our Bicentennial, a great faith must grow in us-faith in God, in our country, and in ourselves. We must hold a great hope for global, national and personal peace and prosperity. We must declare again our resolute fidelity to the spirit of Aloha and we must rededicate ourselves to that sincere righteousness in government and in our private lives which, our State motto tells us, 'perpetuates the life of the land'. And we must pursue, with unremitting diligence, the goal of excellence in all our endeavors.

When I appeared before you just twelve months ago, I expressed some

of our fundamental hopes and aspirations, our broad objectives and policies and our basic concerns over the future of our beloved State of Hawaii. We were a new Administration and therefore we did not pretend to know all of the answers to the many problems facing us.

The months since then have been a period of assessment--thoughtful deliberation on the needs, the hopes, and the aspirations of our people and how best to meet them.

Let me briefly share with you some of the results of our assessment.

We all know that in the years which preceded Statehood, Hawaii was predominantly a rural, agriculturally oriented society. We were small in size and number, and we had little need for concern over events in other parts of the world. But the onset of World War II and the years which followed have greatly changed this State. We have more industry, more visitors and more people than we ever thought possible. We have built super highways, tourist destination areas, massive airports, modern schools, parks, a community college system, homes, stores and hundreds of other facilities designed to meet the needs of a new and burgeoning population.

Our people have told us that they generally like Hawaii as it is today. It is a good place to live. It is a good place to raise a family. They enjoy having visitors share with them the overwhelming beauty of our land. They are confident about their future and the basic soundness of our economy.

But they are also apprehensive. They have concerns. They have problems. These are some of the things that they have said to us:

What is wrong with a society when 8.3 percent of our people cannot find meaningful work?

What kind of a State have we built when we devote large amounts of our government resources to education, yet some of our children leave school unable to read?

What kind of State is this that can be so economically devastated by forces over which we have no control?

What kind of people are we to have lost faith in our government, its elected officials, and the civil servants who conduct our business?

What kind of society are we when our health needs are threatened because our medical practitioners can no longer treat us?

What kind of a State is this when our prisons neither rehabilitate offenders nor protect the innocent, and our children are afraid to go to school?

What kind of people are we when we permit those less fortunate than ourselves to suffer from hunger, illness, or lack purpose in their lives?

What kind of society have we built when a middle income wage earner is unable to buy his own home?

These expressions of concerns from our people have indicated to us that they want this State Administration to set its priorities around jobs, a government open and responsive to the needs of its citizens, personal safety, the diversification of our economy, the basics in education, help for the less fortunate, and housing.

Knowing this, we are now prepared to present to you our directions and our programs for the conduct of our State government.

Some of these programs are already underway; some have been planned and are ready to begin; some, because of their complexities, are still in the planning stage; some require your support by enabling legislation and the commitment of resources; but all are identified and ready to be actively promoted and pursued. Let me share them with you.

Unemployment

- I am appalled at the rate of unemployment amongst our people. To cope with this problem, the following program of action is being undertaken:
- 1. I have directed my Administration to accelerate the processing and release of authorized capital improvement project funds in order to get government construction projects underway just as quickly as possible.
- 2. I have authorized an acceleration of essential repairs and maintenance work for public buildings which will assist in creating more job opportunities in the construction industry. A total of \$6.9 million has been released for school repair and maintenance. I am also asking for an additional \$2 million for much needed improvements to our public facilities.

- 3. I am submitting legislation to continue, through the use of unexpended funds, the program which this Legislature began in 1975, which has provided government jobs to 700 unemployed persons.
- 4. I have implemented a corps of civilian workers, through which the unemployed were hired, to work in various State park areas under the auspices of the Department of Land and Natural Resources.
- 5. I have authorized the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations to negotiate an interest-free loan with the Federal government to replenish the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund and to assure the continuation of benefits to all eligible recipients. This is a short-term solution. For the long term, I am proposing legislation which will insure the future solvency of the Trust Fund, provide for more equitable employer contribution rates and permit us to repay the federal loan.
- 6. I am proposing legislation which will provide benefits only to those claimants who are involuntarily unemployed through no fault of their own; which will render ineligible any claimant who leaves work on his own volition and without good cause.

Those are the major features of our action program to help resolve the current unemployment problem. It will not bear full results immediately, since some of the activities will require your assistance; however, it is designed to get the State moving in the direction of relief for our labor force.

On the other hand, I do not believe that this is a problem for which the public sector should bear sole responsibility. Our business community has an enormous stake in the overall health of our economy, and I call upon them to undertake a concerted program of action to assist our people in their time of need.

An Open and Responsive Government

We are committed to the advancement of a philosophy which protects and promotes the rights and interests of our people as consumers and responds to them as the valued citizens that they are. We believe in the protection of the consumers in the market place and the efficient and the responsive delivery of government services.

Since I last addressed you, a number of steps have been taken in this

direction.

- 1. We have established within the Department of Regulatory Agencies a specialized office to focus on consumer problems and expedite consumer complaints in industries regulated by the State.
- 2. We have sought with some success and will continue to press for the elimination of the high discriminatory rates that our Hawaiian Telephone consumers now pay for long distance calls to the Mainland. We can, and we must, eliminate this discrimination without otherwise unduly burdening Hawaii's consumers.
- 3. We are now implementing the law, passed by you during the last session, which provides for the regulation of automobile repair dealers in the interests of the consumer public.
- 4. The Office of Consumer Protection has established a new outreach program to help consumers in outlying areas.
- 5. Based on authority given by you during the past session, the Office of Consumer Protection is now promulgating substantive rules dealing with misleading advertising.

Much more remains to be done. In this Session, we will ask that you enact legislation to significantly improve and to strengthen the regulation of our most essential industries—energy, communications and transportation.

These utilities will warrant our special attention because they are presently experiencing substantive changes brought about largely by conditions beyond their control--notably the severe shortage of capital and the spiraling cost of energy. Qualified and expert regulation therefore is essential.

Accordingly, we ask that you establish a full-time PUC--Public Utilities Commission. We also ask that you make an additional commitment of State resources to strengthen the regulatory process.

We will present for your consideration a major piece of legislation to deal with the current complex crisis in the field of medical malpractice insurance. A number of intricate and interrelated issues are involved in this question. I urge you to consider them thoughtfully and thoroughly.

We will, in this Session, request appropriations to achieve a much higher degree of equity and uniformity in the real property assessment program; to develop a statewide integrated tax accounting system; and to computerize the general excise tax, the use tax and withholding tax programs. This, we believe, will improve our productivity, lower our costs, and result ultimately in savings to the taxpayer.

This year, as in the past, there will be a substantial package of bills for your consideration relating to the protection of the citizens in the market place. These measures attempt to clarify our consumer protection laws so as to improve our operations or include areas not previously covered. We hope that you will, as you have in the past, support such changes.

Let me state also that it is my conviction that the question of the calling of a Constitutional Convention should be put to the people on the ballot of 1976. I urge your positive action on this matter.

I want the people of this State to know that I have told my cabinet officers and their program managers that this Administration is dedicated to making government and its activities open to public view and scrutiny, and responsive to the needs of its citizens. I will insist on that posture throughout.

Personal Safety

In many parts of our nation today, law abiding citizens fear for their personal safety. Hawaii's people have only lately been faced with this problem, but we have learned that it is a matter of growing concern.

I am disturbed by the fact that the present efforts of various agencies from the Federal, State and County governments have not been as effective as might be desired in combating organized crime in Hawaii.

I am taking the position, therefore, that we should inquire into the situation and seek ways which will facilitate a more coordinated approach in the matter. I have asked the Lieutenant Governor to assist me in this task.

Infinitely more worrisome to all of us is the safety and the security of our children in our schools. For seven hours a day, 176 days a year, the school is the living environment of our children. We cannot, therefore, tolerate a situation in which the fear of physical harm or the destruction of school property

endangers that environment and its educational purpose.

The fact of the matter is that our public schools are faced with an increasingly serious problem of antisocial behavior which disrupts and, on occasion, destroys the educational atmosphere. Property losses have soared, but more importantly and of greater concern to me is the increased incidence of hijacking, gang fights, assaults, threats and serious bodily injury which have occurred in recent years.

The Department of Education is continuing its efforts to stem the tide through its ongoing programs of alienation counseling and student activities. In addition, we have utilized three temporary State programs to supplement their efforts. The State and federal temporary employment programs have provided personnel for campus supervision and counseling. We also have instituted the School Security Patrol Pilot Project, which is designed to curb disruptive behavior.

To further these efforts, we are asking you to provide funds to increase school security in the form of alarms and patrols, and to provide crisis intervention training for teachers such as will enable them to identify potential problems and deal with them before they become major disturbances. I most urgently request your favorable action on these items.

In this area of concern for personal safety, we must also address ourselves to the question of the adequacy and appropriateness of the treatment programs for juvenile and adult offenders. Our policy is to remove offenders from ready contact with our citizens when necessary, and to develop modern correctional programs to rehabilitate them and to seek their return to productive community life.

It is a known fact that most of Hawaii's prisons and jails were constructed in an era when isolation of offenders in order to protect society was the only purpose to be served. Later attempts to provide rehabilitative programs in such facilities have met with varying and less than satisfactory degrees of success.

It is therefore urgent, if we are to reduce the incidence of prison violence and meet the objective of public safety, that adequate funds be provided immediately so that construction of the correctional facilities called for in our Master Plan can begin without further delay. I am,

therefore, recommending your immediate passage of an Administration measure which will permit the Department of Social Services and Housing to proceed.

We will require approximately \$10 million in State capital improvement funds. An Intake Service Center/Community Correctional Center will be located in each county of the State. This will replace the existing county jails. The present Halawa Jail will be remodeled and expanded to become the high security facility for the State, while the present Hawaii State Prison will be largely demolished and replaced by a multi-building Intake Service Center/Community Correctional Facility for Oahu. This Administration is committed to the construction of these facilities. Hawaii State Prison, and all that it represents, must go--and soon.

We are transmitting to you legislation which we hope will further contribute to peace and order in our public places. This legislation would require that persons convicted of a crime due to mental illness shall, before release, be subjected to a mental examination and hearing to determine whether they should be discharged back into the community. I urge your favorable action on this proposal also.

The Economy

During 1975, our Administration emphasized the broad goal of greater independence for Hawaii in two basic areas: energy and agriculture. We have made important gains in understanding how precariously we live in terms of our dependence on imported petroleum. We have joined with the Federal government in trying to make every citizen aware of this basic problem and of the need for conservation of energy. At the same time, we have moved toward developing alternate energy resources. We have been fully aware that this is a long-range program, and that progress will be painfully slow in light of the complex economics involved.

We are looking into the potential for the development of what energy specialists call 'energy plantations' which would grow crops for fueling electrical generating systems. Solid waste products offer other energy potentials. A State waste recycling center is in operation on Sand Island. Our State Task Force on Solid Waste Energy Resources reports that the municipal wastes on Oahu alone could replace 1,000 barrels of fuel oil per

day. I am pleased that our sugar plantations on the Big Island are burning tons of bagasse to produce electricity and make better use of a once wasted resource, a resource which once was a pollutant.

Kauai's Mt. Waialeale is the object of intensive study now by our Department of Land and Natural Resources. We seek to determine how this enormous energy reserve can be wisely developed. Your cooperation last year in funding this study could eventually result in a large hydroelectric dam, beautiful new lakes and parks, and an inexhaustible power supply for the Garden Island, with a concommitent decrease in its need for costly petroleum.

In our supplemental budget request, we are asking you to fund the support facilities—roads, utilities, shelter, and fences—for the Hawaii Natural Energy Laboratory at Ke-Ahole Point on Hawaii. Ke-Ahole is an ideal location for conducting our essential scientific energy studies and testing.

Let me also share with you the fact that the National Strategic Petroleum Reserve Storage Plan, which was being developed by the Congress, would have been of little benefit to Hawaii because it limited such oil storage to the Mainland. We worked swiftly and, with welcomed help from our Congressional delegation, we convinced Congress of Hawaii's unique supply vulnerability. I am pleased to report that last month, Congress passed the Energy Policy and Conservation Act with a provision for Hawaii to have its own Strategic Petroleum Reserve Storage. is important in protecting us from oil embargo-type crises. Additionally, it may bring millions of dollars to Hawaii in construction funds.

Energy is a fundamental need for Hawaii and, with your help, our Administration's energy work will continue.

No less fundamental and critical to our future is our work in agriculture, where diversification, stability and expansion are our goals. These goals in no way conflict with or detract from our continuing dedication to the importance of our basic agricultural enterprises of sugar and pineapple.

Many of our present farming ventures are highly profitable. But we need many more. We need to raise more beef, more chickens, more hogs, more fresh fruits, vegetables, flowers and foliage. We need more modern slaughterhouses and processing plants,

and much bolder marketing. We need to consume more of our island products, and less of imports. We need to sell more and more of our farm products overseas.

An Agricultural Development Plan is currently in the making and will, upon completion, be integrated into our State Policy Plan. I do not intend to present to the people of this State a static, inflexible plan for agriculture. Rather, I intend that it will be one that incorporates alternative means for the implementation of programs to achieve our desired agricultural goals.

One of these goals is the preservation of agricultural land, not only for agricultural development today but also to preserve significant land use options for our children and their children. We know that, in ancient Hawaii, the Kapu system regulated land use, and did so on the basis of sound ecology. There was a sense of 'stewardship' in regard to landholding in those days which still influences us.

But the pressures to urbanize agricultural lands throughout the State continue to mount because of speculation in land.

I believe that the time has come to meet this issue squarely and head-on. The farm land in our State is rapidly appreciating to a point far beyond its value for agricultural use. We must, therefore, regard our agricultural lands as a limited resource, not as a replaceable commodity. This can only be done by eliminating investment opportunities in agricultural land for other than agriculturally beneficial purposes.

To this end, I am now in the process of seeking a means of accomplishment. We are absolutely serious about preserving agricultural land. I do not intend to see our farmers forced to give up their land piece by piece, bit by bit, valley by valley, because the real loss, in the larger context, will be the people of Hawaii, and their children.

On Kauai, at Kilauea, speculators have driven the paper value of the former Kilauea sugar lands up from one to thirty million dollars. A plan, with careful consideration, is being developed to keep Kilauea in agriculture for the preservation of the lands and the desired lifestyle of the community. If these efforts fail, we intend to go to court to condemn the leasehold interest of

those lands.

If necessary, we are also prepared to go to court to prevent the subdivision of agricultural lands for residential purposes at Mokuleia or Waiahole/Waikane, or any other place. The issue here is not the size of the lots after subdivision—it is the intent of the subdivision. Will the subdivision promote agricultural activity, or will it result in residential use under the guise of agriculture? Will it frustrate the intent of our Land Use laws?

In addition to the preservation of agricultural lands, we have taken steps forward in agricultural development. The most significant of these is the development of agricultural parks. In various phases of planning and development are agricultural parks in Pahoa in Puna, Hawaii; Kahei in North Kohala, Hawaii; and Kilauea on Kauai. Studies are currently being conducted for more agricultural parks in other areas.

We are grappling with other problems facing the farmers--problems such as product marketability, water supply and transportation. We refer to this as an agri-business. I believe we have made great inroads in these areas and we are achieving the necessary spirit of working together with the county governments and private industry. It is worthy of our best efforts.

Now, I know that Kohala is much on your mind as I reiterate my longstanding espousal of diversified agriculture. There are many who call the work of our Task Force there a failure. I call it a long-range effort and experience in which we have not yet been successful. Our difficulties there will not lessen our determination to increase our agricultural enterprises. Kohala is a lesson to us that the goals we seek will be extremely difficult to achieve...I think those of us who are leaders within our State must tackle not only the problems which are easy to solve--we must take on the problems that are indeed difficult to solve; the problems that the private sector is unable to cope with. We went into Kohala to save an island community and a Hawaiian way of life. We do not intend to abandon that commitment. But we do intend to learn from our experiences.

To me, Kohala is important--not only in providing employment opportunities for the people of Kohala, but Kohala is important to our entire State. When we speak, for example, about the need for us to produce more beef...and we only produce 40 percent of the beef that we consume... we are not going to make it. The ranchers and the Parker Ranch aren't going to make it unless we have another slaughterhouse on this island and in this State. Hence, I place a great deal of importance on what is happening in Kohala with Hawaii Biogenics... that we may have another slaughterhouse; a place where our independent ranchers can take their cattle to have them fattened before slaughter.

In aquaculture and forestry, we have also made significant gains. Thanks to legislative appropriations of several years ago, Hawaii today is the leader in the successful scientific production of millions of juvenile Malaysian prawns, which are now used to stock many island commercial prawn ponds. Catfish, oysters and possibly mullet also show great promise. We will soon send to you a new report on Hawaii's aquaculture which provides an objective appraisal of our progress in this exciting food field.

We also know that we can grow many trees more quickly and in greater abundance than most places in the world. What we must devise is a vigorous program of forestry which will allow a commercial timber industry to develop and, at the same time, permit the forests to serve as watersheds. I would take you back to the years around 1957 or 1958, when the then Territorial Legislature, in their wisdom, decided on a tree-planting program, and planted many eucalyptus trees on the Big Island, some of which are being harvested today for wood chips by firms within our State.

These are potentials that our Administration is working on now, and you will hear much more of them in the months ahead. The report of the Governor's Economic Advisory Task Force gave us many insights in this and other areas, and we are grateful for their advice and assistance.

Let me turn now to the question of Kakaako--a large area of 600 acres of prime urban properties lying between Waikiki and downtown Honolulu. It is an area which can be utilized far more efficiently and beneficially by our people. Its proper development can help to relieve the pressures for residential development on our agricultural

lands.

Our Department of Planning and Economic Development has completed, not a plan for this area, but a practical manual, the Kakaako Urban Design Demonstration Study, to show to our civic leaders what can be done to make Kakaako beautiful. It is this Administration's intent to assist in getting the development of Kakaako moving. Kakaako's time has come.

Comprehensive, long-range statewide planning is always a difficult subject, but that is only because modern life itself is difficult and complex. In your own planning mandates to this Administration, you have given us much needed policy direction on which to build. Our Administration is reciprocating with a cohesive program of planning and action which continues to demonstrate the State planning leadership for which Hawaii is recognized and honored nationally. Our major work is the Hawaii State Plan, which is to be the Master Plan, or primary planning and policy document of the State of Hawaii. You will soon receive the first-year interim report on this project as mandated by your Session last year.

Long-range tourism planning has been recognized by us all as necessary. Again, your own earnest concern is evident in your past legislation. We are asking for staffing for a State tourism coordination office and for the development of a ten-year controlled growth policy plan for tourism. We have received an excellent report from our Tourism Planning Advisory Committee, whose work is a vital first step in deciding the future course of this billion dollar industry, an industry which is so important to the economy of our State.

In this respect, Waikiki is all-important. It is the heart of our tourism industry, representing many millions in public and private investments. We have consistently pressed for its improvement. We have made available State funds, State expertise and State cooperation. I am very pleased to report progress here, particularly with the generous response of the City Council.

We are asking for your funding support in the development of a moviemaking and television production industry in our State. It offers its own economic impetus to Hawaii, as well as an impact on our visitor industry through the mass advertising of our beautiful State.

Last year, I stated our commitment to the development of programs to better utilize our marine resources and to teach us to live better in our ocean environment. Continued progress is being made in the establishment of an ocean energy laboratory at Keahole Point; in the assessment of the resources of offshore sand, coral, mineral, and living resources in the Archipelago; and in the evaluation of our potential for underwater parks and ocean recreation.

Closely allied to our economic viability is our transportation planning and capital improvement programs which involve massive expenditures and long-range commitments. The immediate fate of Oahu's TH-3 highway project rests with the Federal Appeals Court. But there is a pressing need to complete our interstate highway system and to provide a third trans-Koolau route, thereby alleviating the serious traffic stresses on our other highways.

A separate but related issue is the question of what kind of future we want for Windward Oahu. I have a feeling that too often the TH-3 is confused with this question of what should take place in Windward Oahu. To me, growth in Windward Oahu, the only relatively undeveloped coastal zone remaining on Oahu, is going to come whether we have TH-3 or not, unless we decide on a whole regional plan--not Waiahole/Waikane by itself--to get what we want. We are working toward an integrated Windward Oahu Regional Plan. I have given instructions that I want a great deal of citizen input, in order that we may realize a future preferred by the people of Oahu for the Windward

No transportation project operates in isolation. We recognize that an integrated mass transit system statewide, linking all of our island communities with planes, the new jet foils and other surface vessels, buses, cars and trucks, and smoothly linked roads and highways, is one of the most basic needs of a unified State. I am sure that you know that since 1956, there have been some 25 or so separate studies concerning an inter-island ferry system. Our Administration is confident that the present updating and consideration of all data and arguments will give us the 'right' answer to our inter-island transportation system soon.

At your request, we have just had completed a study of transportation funding and responsibilities. It addresses, among other things, the imminent deficit in our highway fund. And it presents a bold new approach for us to consider in the funding of transportation programs—that of providing for our transportation needs from the general revenues of our State rather than from user charges. While some of us may have reservations about use of general funds in this area...I place myself in this category...I urge that we keep our minds and options open as we review this study which will be presented to you shortly.

Let me also emphasize that we are seeking to enhance our economic relationships with our Asian and Pacific neighbors, by aggressively and personally establishing the kinds of contacts which will enhance our standing in their eyes as a good place and a good people to do business with. This is an area of international trade in which I have a great deal of confidence that our State is destined to move towards.

Education

In the field of education, I have become increasingly aware of the concerns expressed by parents, legislators and educators themselves regarding the decline in standardized test scoresparticularly those in reading as achieved by our children. I wonder whether we have not unwittingly contributed to this phenomenon by filling too many of our education hours with non-basic subjects at the expense of the fundamentals of reading, writing and mathematics. I challenge our educational leaders therefore with the task of reevaluating their programs and their priorities to assure our students of the basic skills and competencies that they will need to face life's challenge's.

The way in which our public school system is governed is a fundamental question. It determines how clearly the public is able to ascertain where the responsibilities and accountability for accomplishments in our schools lie.

The responsibility for public education in Hawaii is currently shared by the Legislature, the Executive and the Board of Education. Uncertainty, confusion, and conflict regarding our respective responsibilities and accountability can, and have resulted in the past.

While I personally favor an elected Board of Education, I believe it appropriate that this Legislature address itself to the question of governance of the public education system.

In order that students obtain greater benefits from our educational system, we must give greater flexibility to school administrators so they can better cope with local conditions. Bigness brings red tape and bureaucratic constrictions which stifle the enthusiasm of even the best educators. Unless I be misunderstood here, I am not speaking of an effort to try to do away with the one-uniform, onestatewide school system that we have...it is a good system, providing equal educational opportunities to all of our children wherever they come from. What I am talking about is that we must be mindful of the shackles we place on teachers and principals. We must seek to give them our confidence and trust through simpler procedures and greater authority and flexibility at the school level within a centralized school system...we must seek to give a greater degree of flexibility, so that principals working with teachers can have a sense of importance again. They should be involved in developing programs. They need to have a sense of accomplishment beyond that of transmitting information to the classroom. I hope that we can address ourselves to this problem and attempt to give a greater degree of flexibility at the school level.

In our higher education programs, there are three issues which need our immediate attention: West Oahu College, the law school and improved athletic facilities.

It is the intent of this Administration to make higher education at the baccalaureate degree level more accessible to the citizens of this State. It is difficult in some instances to determine the most efficient method of providing educational services to those that need them.

To me, West Oahu College's present program represents an innovative approach which has now become a reality by offering instruction to an anticipated 150 students in classrooms at Mililani, Pearl City, and Campbell High Schools...I understand from this morning's paper that the figure may be off a little bit. The Department of Education facilities are now being utilized for the delivery of higher education on weekends and after school hours on weekdays.

While I am committed to providing undergraduate instruction in the West Oahu area... I personally happen to feel that some youngsters who

go to the University, to the Manoa campus, don't get the best possible education because it is too impersonal—some of our youngsters need a smaller setting...that's my commitment to the young people in our community, that we have another setting outside of the Manoa campus to provide this educational opportunity...however, while I feel very strongly about this, I am personally not yet convinced that building a new physical plant at this time is in the public interest.

To me, there are a number of possible alternatives that need further exploration prior to making a commitment of such magnitude...including what we have just started very recently—the utilization of some of our classroom facilities. I see the possibility of providing community college instruction in the outlying areas also—an outreach program...and maybe looking at the possibility of freeing some of the present facilities at Leeward for the use of four-year college opportunities.

What I am saying to you is, I believe there are some new innovations that have come into the picture, and I think that it is truly important for us to really assess what has taken place recently.

The new School of Law at the University of Hawaii reflects our commitment to provide the opportunity for the citizens of this State to develop vocational competency commensurate with their abilities and their desires. I am concerned about the ability of this new school to meet national accreditation standards relating to physical facilities. To insure that accreditation is not endangered in the immediate future, I have requested of you \$725,000 in capital improvement project funds for the renovation of the interim School of Law facilities. Funds have also been requested for the planning of permanent facilities in a location above the new parking structure in the quarry area of the Manoa campus.

And, finally, in this area of education, my capital improvements project budget includes \$9.7 million of Phase I of the new physical education facilities on the Manoa campus, that we estimate will cost a total of \$28.9 million in all three phases. These new facilities will adequately provide for the health and physical education instructional program, the intramural sports program, the recreation and free time activities for men as well as women, and for community activities. This is consistent also with our new Division I status in intercollegiate competition.

The Aged

Every society is judged by how it cares for its aged, its disabled, its afflicted and its poor. It is intolerable that in our affluent society, there are many who suffer--often in silence and alone--out of sight and out of mind. We must remember them and help them. We do this through many government programs, often with tremendous assistance from generous volunteer citizens who share a practical compassion for those in need.

I do not believe that the needs of our State's elderly citizens have been adequately met in the past. I ask you to join with me in making sure that for those of our State who are in their 'autumn' years, life is made richer and more meaningful.

In our supplemental budget request, we have asked for \$650,000 to continue the congregate dining, the tuition free education, and outreach services for the elderly. We also ask for favorable consideration of legislation, which is also pending, which calls for the establishment of an Executive Office on Aging to be located in the Governor's Office.

Developmentally Disabled

Numerous programs have been initiated and operated by public and private agencies, and we are now ready to implement our plan to more adequately provide for the developmentally disabled. It calls primarily for the expansion of community based services, and for the strengthening of programs for the prevention and early detection of developmental disabilities. In addition, Waimano Training School and Hospital will be improved. Operating funds amounting to \$1.26 million, and a capital investment of \$738,000 to implement these activities are being requested in the supplemental appropriations bill.

Welfare

I firmly support our welfare system for those who have need for such assistance; however, I just as firmly object to giving money to those who are not qualified.

In recent years, we have become aware of the fact that, due to staff shortages, welfare payment errors have occurred and payments have gone to persons not eligible for such assistance. Moreover, we are penalized by the Federal government for such inefficiency. We are asking in our budget for sufficient funds and positions to fully

monitor our welfare payment system.

Immigration

Immigration is a federal question and basically a federal problem, but it is the states that get most affected by what the Federal government does. Hawaii, amongst all 50 states, is the state which is more greatly impacted than any other state, and so we have been asking the Federal government to assume greater responsibilities for the programs designed to help immigrants in the transition. So far, we haven't gotten very much response.

In the meantime, I urge your support of legislation, which is currently pending in the Legislature, that puts financial responsibility on sponsors who in the future sign affidavits of support for immigrants.

Housing

Providing home ownership opportunities for low and moderate income families is, and continues to be, a high priority item of this Administration. The task of providing adequate housing for our people has been a complex and a very difficult one. Like any complex mechanism, the process of repeated 'fine tuning' must be an integral and ongoing part of the program. It is for this reason, I requested a review of our State's housing program; a report detailing those refinements will be transmitted shortly to you for your review.

Let me state now, however, that it is our intent that the State Housing Program will, under our Administration, assume more of an assertive role than it has in the past. We are particularly interested in pressing for quality as well as quantity in our housing supply. Moreover, in order to facilitate better coordination of our housing delivery system, it is my intention to fill the position of Special Assistant for Housing in my office very soon.

We are also undertaking a program to build in excess of 800 homes on our Hawaiian Homes lands. This should help our island people very significantly. We are also submitting legislation which would reduce the ancestry requirements for designated successors of Hawaiian Homes lands from 50 percent to 25 percent, in order to provide an incentive for the homesteaders to conscientiously maintain and upgrade their homes and property. We are not talking about dropping the standards generally,

in allowing people with less than 50 percent to come onto the property. We are talking about making it possible for a person, once qualifying, with less than 50 percent Hawaiian blood and the children of qualified homesteaders to continue on the premises. We hope that this will bring much needed debate and discussion to a problem which has been too long ignored. I recall, going back to the years when I was a freshman legislator, 1955 session, when this matter was first brought up. I think it is timely for us to consider again whether we should go this route.

Financial Integrity and Government Efficiency

Over these many years since Statehood, Hawaii has been blessed with a healthy economy and it continues to grow. Although government expenditure increases can be currently accommodated by the revenue generated by the existing tax structure and by carryover funds, I am concerned that, like so many other states, the long-run fiscal prospects for us could be one of imbalance, if not properly managed. I have taken a stance therefore that our fiscal policy shall be one which will not require general fund tax increases. I believe that with restraint in spending and borrowing, we can accomplish this goal. I ask for your understanding in its accomplish-

Collective bargaining for public employees has been a new and positive force in Hawaii. The law has provided a means for all employees covered by collective bargaining agreements to participate in decisions on wages and working conditions. But it has excluded certain employees, chiefly in middle management, who should be accorded proper recognition as part of the management team. I am submitting legislation to accomplish this.

Let me also recognize the work now being done by our Government Reorganization Commission. They have a tremendously important service to render, and we are committed to cooperate and assist them with the full resources at our disposal.

Parks

Finally, let me just share with you our plans for extensive park development in our State. I believe that we should pursue a policy of acquiring extensive lands in our State such as will assure their preservation in perpetuity for the recreational

enjoyment of our people. For this, too, we will need funding authorization from you. We plan to develop the Diamond Head State Park and parks in North Kohala, Kaiaka Point, Wainapanapa and Waimano Gulch. We also want planning monies for possible park developments at Queen's Beach and Sacred Falls. We also intend to acquire as much as possible land at Malaekahana. We ask for your authorization of funds as requested in the supplemental budget so that these recreational areas can be made available to our people.

I have spent this morning a good deal of time, perhaps more time than I should have taken, outlining to you the major goals and programs of our Administration. There are numerous other programs just as worthy which time simply does not allow me to mention. Suffice to say that you will be hearing more about them.

We intend to move ahead in a cautious, considered, business-like fashion. We will not make promises that we cannot fulfill; we will not seek headlines at the expense of solid performance; we will stand on our record, all of us, and our accomplishments will speak for us.

In this task which lies ahead, we ask you to share the burdens with us--all of the people of our State. We want to attain our objectives in partnership with you, members of the Legislature, with our business leaders, our labor leaders and the people of Hawaii. Let us dedicate ourselves to working together with a common resolve and a unified sense of purpose such as will make our State, our beloved Hawaii, the kind of State that we want it to be.

This is my commitment to you.

This program is my commitment to our people.

Most importantly, this program is my commitment to our children who shall inherit this beautiful and bountiful earth that we call Hawaii.

Aloha and Mahalo."

The President of the Senate, the Honorable John Ushijima, then rose to speak as follows:

"Mr. Governor, you have identified some of the problems which are of great concern to the people of the State of Hawaii and to this Legislature. We sail in the same sea and we are charted on the same course. We agree with you that implementation is necessary, and action to solve these problems is paramount. We offer you our cooperation to solve these problems for a great Hawaii.

Thank you very much, again."

At 12:05 o'clock p.m., the President declared the Joint Session adjourned.

The Senate reconvened at 12:11 o'clock p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

At 12:12 o'clock p.m., on motion by Senator Taira, seconded by Senator Anderson and carried, the Senate adjourned until 11:30 o'clock a.m., Tuesday, January 27, 1976.