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STATE OF HAWAII OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

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Testimony of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs

Before the
House Committee on Consumer Protection and Commerce
Monday, March 29, 2021
2:00 p.m.
Via Videoconference

On the following measure:

H.R. 67, REQUESTING THE UNITED STATES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION TO PROMOTE TRANSPARENCY AND ENFORCEMENT BY IMMEDIATELY PUBLISHING PREMARKET TOBACCO PRODUCT APPLICATIONS.

Chair Johanson and Members of the Committee:

My name is Catherine Awakuni Colón, and I am the Director of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA or Department). The Department appreciates the intent of this resolution and offers comments.

The purpose of this resolution is to request the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to promote transparency and enforcement by immediately publishing premarket tobacco product applications (PMTAs). The resolution requests that the FDA disclose applicant information from PMTAs to Hawaii and that the DCCA apply this data to identify businesses that are not complying with federal requests to continue the legal sale of e-cigarettes and electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS) products.

The Department lacks subject matter familiarity in e-cigarette and ENDS regulation. However, based on a review of the FDA website, it appears that the FDA,

in 2020, issued guidance for the industry on its enforcement priorities for ENDS and Other Deemed Products on the Market Without Premarket Authorization (Revised)¹. Based on that guidance, the FDA prioritized its enforcement efforts on the marketing of any ENDS product that lacks a PMTA after September 9, 2020. In addition, consistent with its enforcement priorities, the FDA issued warning letters to 10 firms that manufacture and operate websites selling ENDS products without a pending PMTA².

The FDA provided a status update on its PMTA processing and enforcement on February 16, 2021³. That update includes information on the expanded data on its Tobacco Product Application Metrics & Reporting webpage and reports that the FDA has received PMTAs for 4.8 million applicants from 230 companies. The update further states that given the unprecedented number of PMTAs, the likelihood of the FDA reviewing all the applications by September 9, 2021,⁴ is low.

Given the volume of pending PMTAs that have not yet completed, and the ability of companies to market products while applications are under FDA review, it is unclear what type of ENDS product marketing would be "illegal" as referenced on page 3, line 2, of this resolution. Also, if the language on page 3, lines 7 and 8, is intended to identify companies that are marketing ENDS products in the State without a pending or an approved PMTA by comparing instances of marketing in the State against a list of products pending FDA review, it is unclear how the Department would collect those examples of non-compliant marketing and, once collected, whether the intent is that the Department would then report these instances to the FDA.

The Department respectfully suggests that instead of placing responsibility for identifying companies operating in violation of the PMTA process in the State, the

investigations/compliance-actions-and-activities/warning-letters.

¹ <u>https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/enforcement-priorities-electronic-nicotine-delivery-system-ends-and-other-deemed-products-market.</u>

² <a href="https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-warns-firms-remove-unauthorized-e-liquid-products-market-first-letters-issued-manufacturers-did#:~:text=Today%2C%20the%20U.S.%20Food%20and,illegal%2C%20and%20therefore%20they%20c annot. See also, https://www.fda.gov/inspections-compliance-enforcement-and-criminal-

³ https://www.fda.gov/tobacco-products/ctp-newsroom/perspective-fdas-progress-review-tobacco-product-applications-submitted-sept-9-2020-deadline.

⁴ Products for which applications were submitted by September 9, 2020, may remain on the market for up to a year pending FDA review, although they remain subject to FDA enforcement.

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resolution urge the federal government to devote sufficient staffing and resources to timely complete the PMTA review and decision making while encouraging ongoing transparency as the PMTAs move through the process.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this resolution.



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Garret Sugai Kaiser Permanente Date: March 28, 2021

To: Representative Aaron Ling Johanson, Chair Representative Lisa Kitagawa, Vice Chair

Members of the House Committee on Consumer Protection and

Commerce

Re: Support for HCR 80/HR 67, Requesting the United States Food

and Drug Administration to promote transparency and enforcement by immediately publishing premarket tobacco

product applications.

Hrg: March 29, 2021 at 2:00 PM via Videoconference

The Coalition for a Tobacco-Free Hawai'i, a program of the Hawai'i Public Health Instituteⁱ **supports HCR 80/HR 67**, which urges the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to publish the list of premarket tobacco product applications (PMTAs) to promote transparency and enforcement.

Electronic smoking device products that did not submit a PMTA are not allowed to be on the market.

In 2016, the FDA finalized its deeming rule, giving them the authority to regulate electronic smoking devices as tobacco productsⁱⁱ. With this rule, all electronic smoking devices would be need to submit a PMTA in order to stay on the market, with the original deadline of August 8, 2018.

After years of delays, the deadline for the FDA's PMTA finally came in September 2020. The FDA now has a year to review the PMTAs to ensure these tobacco products are "appropriate for the protection of public health." In the meantime, these products can remain on the market, despite the epidemic-levels of youth e-cigarette use driven by the abundance of kid-friendly flavors. In addition, any products that did not submit a PMTA are not legally allowed to be sold in the US. As of March 2021, the FDA has yet to release a list of products that have submitted a PMTA, making it difficult for agencies to determine if products are being sold illegally.

The Coalition supports the enforcement of current tobacco product regulations, and the publishing of the list of PMTA applications will help both consumers and retailers determine if products are legal. In addition to this resolution, we note that states have the authority and opportunity to

enact regulations on electronic smoking devices that are proven to be effective at reducing tobacco use. This year, the Hawai'i State legislature is considering numerous bills to regulate ecigarettes through taxationⁱⁱⁱ, removing flavors from tobacco products^{iv}, and restricting online sales to licensed tobacco retailers. These proven strategies reduce the appeal of and access to tobacco products by youth, as well as robust cessation and prevention education programs.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony in support of HCR 80/HR 67.

Mahalo,

Jaylen Murakami

Advocacy and Outreach Coordinator

jaylen murakani

The Hawai'i Public Health Institute is a hub for building healthy communities, providing issue-based advocacy, education, and technical assistance through partnerships with government, academia, foundations, business, and community-based organizations.

ⁱ The Coalition for a Tobacco-Free Hawai'i (Coalition) is a program of the Hawai'i Public Health Institute (HIPHI) that is dedicated to reducing tobacco use through education, policy, and advocacy. With more than two decades of history in Hawai'i, the Coalition has led several campaigns on enacting smoke-free environments, including being the first state in the nation to prohibit the sale of tobacco and electronic smoking devices to purchasers under 21 years of age.

[&]quot; U.S. Food and Drug Administration. (2020, June 3). Retrieved from https://www.fda.gov/tobacco-products/rules-regulations-and-guidance/fdas-deeming-regulations-e-cigarettes-cigars-and-all-other-tobacco-products.

iii Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Response to increases in cigarette prices by race/ethnicity, income, and age groups--United States, 1976-1993. MMWR Morbidity and mortality weekly report. 1998;47(29):605-609.

iv Rossheim, M. E., Livingston, M. D., Krall, J. R., Barnett, T. E., Thombs, D. L., McDonald, K. K., & Gimm, G. W. (2020). Cigarette Use Before and After the 2009 Flavored Cigarette Ban. *Journal of Adolescent Health*, *67*(3), 432–437. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jadohealth.2020.06.022