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SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

ENCOURAGING THE ADOPTION OF RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL PLASTICS TREATY AND RAPA NUI SUMMIT DECLARATION TO ADDRESS CLIMATE JUSTICE AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT.

WHEREAS, the world is experiencing a triple planetary crisis associated with climate change, biodiversity loss, and pollution; and

WHEREAS, people of the Pacific acknowledge the invaluable wealth of the ocean for present and future generations; and

WHEREAS, recognition of the invaluable contribution of indigenous peoples; leaders and local communities; and the crucial role played by women, youth, and the traditional knowledge passed on by elders is fundamental for the conservation and sustainable use of the ocean; and

WHEREAS, the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty is a legally binding agreement to end plastic pollution on the planet, aiming to address the full lifecycle of plastics from production to disposal; and

WHEREAS, the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty creates a common standard for plastic consumption across countries to:

- (1) Establish regulations for plastic products and uses;
- (2) Support a circular economy that prioritizes reuse and recycling;
- (3) Manage plastic waste in an environmentally sound way; and

(4) Provide financial support and align public and private expenditures and allocations; and

WHEREAS, the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty also requires signatories to:

(1) Phase out all unnecessary plastic products that pose a high pollution risk, including single-use items and excessive packaging;

(2) Establish binding and specific design requirements of plastic products that lead to a decrease in plastic consumption; and

(3) Match strong binding measures with ambitious mechanisms to enable effective implementation and a just transition, including robust technical and financial assistance; and

 WHEREAS, the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty holds all countries to a high common standard on plastic consumption and creates a clear path toward a future free from plastic pollution along with a level playing field that incentivizes and supports national actions; and

 WHEREAS, one benchmark of the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty includes the overall reduction in plastic packaging by thirty percent incrementally over twelve years, with the first incremental reduction of ten percent required by 2027; and

WHEREAS, another benchmark includes phasing out single-use plastics including but not limited to plastic bags, straws, to-go containers, polystyrene food ware, and coolers; and

WHEREAS, Hawaii can explore and incentivize local establishments to adopt systems prioritizing refill and reuse containers, thereby eliminating reliance on single-use plastics; and

WHEREAS, the State should aim to:

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(1)	Improve	report	ting, tra	insparency,	and	tra	ceabi	ility	οf
	chemical	ls and	plastics	throughout	t the	eir	full	life	
	cycle;								

- (2) Advocate for chemical simplification and group-based approaches to regulating hazardous chemicals;
- (3) Implement chemical monitoring, testing, and quality control;
- (4) Create economic incentives that follow the Zero Waste Hierarchy; and
- (5) Generate support for a just and equitable transition to protect individuals, including waste pickers, who are impacted throughout the life cycle of plastics; and

WHEREAS, recognizing the connection between human health and reducing plastic pollution while reinforcing the need for upstream intervention on production, eliminating toxic chemicals, establishing producer responsibility, and subsidizing and advancing nontoxic reuse systems, can help the State to alleviate the effects of plastics on society; and

WHEREAS, Rapa Nui hosted a global and regional summit declaring major priorities around plastics in Moananuiakea; and

WHEREAS, the Rapa Nui Pacific Leaders Summit addressed plastic pollution in the Pacific Ocean by aiming to:

- (1) Promote actions to reduce plastic and microplastic pollution in Moananuiakea;
- (2) Foster ocean conservation and protection; and
- (3) Highlight the importance of integrating scientific and traditional knowledge; and

WHEREAS, adopting the recommendations provided in the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty and Rapa Nui Summit

Declaration will better position the State to address the harmful effects of plastics; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-third Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2025, the House of Representatives concurring, that this body encourages the adoption of recommendations from the United Nations Global Plastics Treaty and Rapa Nui Summit Declaration to address climate justice and sustainable development; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body encourages the State to undertake effective, inclusive, sustainable, and rights-based considerations to address the challenge of plastic pollution and the degradation of marine and coastal ecosystems; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body encourages the adoption of actions promoting protection, conservation, and the sustainable use of the ocean, including preservation of marine biodiversity and ecosystems and implementation of mechanisms to increase marine resilience, especially among indigenous peoples and local coastal communities; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body supports the promotion of culture-based climate justice, utilizing the principles established in the Charter of the United Nations and the Charter of the Pacific Islands Forum; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this body encourages greater participation in the United Nations human rights, sustainable development, and climate processes promoting rights, fundamental freedoms, and protection of the planet; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Secretary General of the United Nations, Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme, Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, members of Hawaii's congressional delegation, and Governor.