A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILDREN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State has a 2 paramount interest in protecting all human life. Accordingly, any infant born alive, even after an attempted abortion, is a 3 4 legal person for all purposes under the federal and state 5 constitutions, and under other federal and state laws. The 6 legislature also finds that in 2020, the Center for Disease 7 Control reported 4,382 abortions occurred at twenty-one weeks or 8 later. Without proper legal protection, newborn infants who 9 have unexpectedly survived an abortion procedure may be denied 10 appropriate life-saving or life-sustaining medical care and 11 treatment and be left to die.

12 The legislature further finds that protecting an infant 13 whose live birth occurred in spite of an attempted abortion does 14 not infringe on a woman's right to choose or obtain an abortion 15 under existing federal or state law, or interfere with the 16 ability of licensed health care professionals to provide legal 17 abortions.



•

H.B. NO. 1402

1	The purpose of this Act is to ensure the protection and
2	promotion of the health and well-being of all infants who
3	survive abortion attempts in the State by:
4	(1) Mandating that healthcare providers provide medically
5	appropriate and reasonable life-saving and life-
6	sustaining medical care and treatment to all born-
7	alive infants; and
8	(2) Establishing penalties for failing to provide that
9	medical care and treatment.
10	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
11	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
12	as follows:
12 13	as follows: "CHAPTER
13	"CHAPTER
13 14	"CHAPTER ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT
13 14 15	"CHAPTER ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT § -1 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter,
13 14 15 16	"CHAPTER ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT § -1 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
13 14 15 16 17	"CHAPTER ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT § -1 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise: "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument,
13 14 15 16 17 18	"CHAPTER ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION ACT § -1 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise: "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device to



H.B. NO. 1402

1	(2) Terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be
2	pregnant, with an intention other than:
3	(A) After viability, to produce a live birth and
4	preserve the life and health of the child born
5	alive; or
6	(B) To remove a dead unborn child.
7	"Attempt", with respect to abortion, means conduct that
8	under the circumstances as the actor believes them to be,
9	constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct planned to
10	culminate in performing an abortion.
11	"Born alive" or "live birth" means the complete expulsion
12	or extraction of a viable infant from his or her mother,
13	regardless of the state of gestational development, that after
14	expulsion or extraction, whether or not the umbilical cord has
15	been cut or the placenta is attached, shows evidence of life,
16	including:
17	(1) Breathing;
18	(2) A heartbeat;
19	(3) Umbilical cord pulsations;
20	

20 (4) Definite movement of voluntary muscles; or



Page 3

H.B. NO. 1402

1 (5) Any other evidence of life according to standard 2 medical practice. 3 "Consent" means the voluntary agreement or acquiescence by 4 a person of age and with the requisite mental capacity who is not under duress or coercion and who has knowledge or 5 understanding of the act or action to which the person agreed or 6 7 acquiesced. "Healthcare provider" means any person providing aid or 8 9 assistance to a physician or a nurse, or any person authorized to provide healthcare to the mother during an abortion. 10 11 "Infant" means a human child who has been completely 12 expulsed or extracted from the child's mother regardless of the 13 stage of gestational development, until the age of thirty days 14 post birth. 15 "Nurse" means a person who has been or is currently 16 licensed under chapter 457. 17 "Physician" means: 18 (1) A physician or surgeon licensed to practice medicine 19 or osteopathy pursuant to chapter 453; or

HB HMIA 2025-42-09

1 (2) A person who is not a physician or surgeon so licensed 2 but nevertheless directly performs or attempts to 3 perform an abortion. 4 "Unborn child" means a human fetus, beginning at 5 fertilization, until the point of being born alive. 6 Ş. -2 Requirements and responsibilities. (a) A person 7 shall not deny or deprive an infant born alive of nourishment 8 with the intent to cause or allow the death of the infant for 9 any reason. 10 (b) A person shall not deprive an infant born alive of 11 medically appropriate and reasonable medical care and treatment 12 or surgical care. 13 (c) This section shall not be construed to prohibit an 14 infant's parent or guardian from refusing to give consent to 15 medical treatment or surgical care that is not medically 16 necessary or reasonable, including care or treatment that: 17 (1) Is not necessary to save the life of the infant; 18 (2) Has a potential risk of harm to the infant's life or 19 health that outweighs the potential benefit to the 20 infant of the treatment or care; or



Page 5

H.B. NO. 1402

(3) Will do no more than temporarily prolong the act of
 dying, as in the case of non-viable infant, when death
 is imminent.

4 (d) The physician performing an abortion shall take all 5 medically appropriate and reasonable steps to preserve the life 6 and health of an infant born alive. If an abortion is performed 7 in a hospital but a live birth nevertheless occurs, the 8 physician attending the abortion shall provide immediate medical 9 care to the infant, inform the mother of the live birth, and 10 request transfer of the infant to an on-duty resident or 11 emergency care physician who shall provide medically appropriate 12 and reasonable care and treatment to the infant.

13 If an abortion is performed in a hospital but a live birth 14 nevertheless occurs, the physician attending the abortion shall 15 provide medically appropriate and reasonable care and treatment 16 to the infant.

(e) If the physician described in subsection (d) is unable
to perform the duties of subsection (d) because the physician is
assisting the woman on whom the abortion was performed, an
attending physician's assistant, nurse, or other healthcare
provider shall assume the duties described in subsection (d).

HB HMIA 2025-42-09

7

(f) Any infant born alive, including one born in the
 course of an abortion procedure, shall be treated as a legal
 person under the laws of this State, with the same rights to
 medically appropriate and reasonable care and treatment.

5 (g) If, before the abortion, the mother has stated in
6 writing that she does not wish to maintain custody of the infant
7 in the event that the infant is born alive, and this writing is
8 not retracted before the attempted abortion, the infant, if born
9 alive, shall immediately become a ward under the care of the
10 department of human services.

(h) No person shall use, or authorize to be used, any born
alive infant for any type of scientific research or other kind
of experimentation, except as necessary to protect the life and
health of the infant born alive.

(i) Any physician, nurse, other healthcare provider, or employee of a hospital, a physician's office or clinic who has knowledge of failure to comply with this section shall immediately report the failure to law enforcement.

19 § -3 Criminal penalties. (a) Any physician, nurse, or
20 other healthcare provider who intentionally performs an overt



Page 7

H.B. NO. 1402

1 act that kills an infant born alive shall be quilty of the 2 offense of murder in the second degree under section 707-701.5. 3 (b) Any physician, nurse, or other healthcare provider who 4 recklessly fails to provide medically appropriate and reasonable 5 care and treatment to an infant born alive, where, as a result 6 of that failure, the infant dies, shall be guilty of the offense 7 of manslaughter under section 707-702. 8 If any physician, nurse, other healthcare provider, or (C) person, including a parent or guardian, conceals the corpse of 9 an infant with the intent to conceal the fact of the infant's 10 11 birth or to prevent a determination of whether the infant was 12 born alive or dead, that person shall be guilt of the offense of 13 concealing the corpse of an infant under section 709-901. 14 (d) Any physician, nurse, other healthcare provider, or 15 person, including a parent or guardian, who knowingly violates 16 -2 (h) shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or section 17 imprisoned not more than five years, or both. 18 (e) The mother of a child born alive may not be prosecuted 19 for conspiracy in or as an accomplice to violating subsection

20 (b).



.

1 -4 Civil action. (a) If a child is born alive and a S 2 healthcare provider violates section -2(d), the woman upon 3 whom the abortion was performed or attempted may, in a civil 4 action against any person who committed the violation, obtain 5 appropriate relief. Any civil action may be based on a claim 6 that the death of or injury to the infant born alive was a 7 result of simple negligence, gross negligence, wantonness, willfulness, intentional conduct or another violation of the 8 9 legal standard of care. 10 Appropriate relief in a civil action under this (b) 11 section includes: 12 (1)Objective verifiable money damages occasioned by the 13 violation of subsection -2(d); 14 Damages up to three times the cost of the abortion or (2) 15 attempted abortion; 16 Punitive damages; and (3) 17 (4) Other appropriate relief pursuant to applicable law. 18 (C) Any conviction under section -3 shall be admissible 19 in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to provide 20 medically appropriate and reasonable care and treatment to a 21 born alive infant.



Page 9

Page 10

H.B. NO. 1402

(d) The court shall award a reasonable attorney's fee as
 part of the costs to a prevailing plaintiff in a civil action
 under this section.

4 (e) If a defendant in a civil action under this subsection
5 prevails and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was
6 frivolous, the court shall award a reasonable attorney's fee in
7 favor of the defendant against the plaintiff.

8 (f) Except as provided in subsection (e), in a civil
9 action under this section, no damages, attorney's fee or other
10 monetary relief may be assessed against the woman upon whom the
11 abortion was performed.

12 S -5 Professional disciplinary action. Failure to 13 comply with the requirements of this chapter shall provide a basis for professional disciplinary action under chapter 453, 14 15 chapter 457, or any other appropriate chapter, or any 16 appropriate combination thereof, for the suspension or 17 revocation of any license for physicians, licensed and 18 registered nurses, or other licensed or regulated persons. Any 19 conviction of any person for any failure to comply with the 20 requirements of this chapter shall result in the automatic



H.B. NO. 1402

suspension of his or her license for a period of no less than
 one year.

3 § -6 Construction. (a) Nothing in this chapter shall
4 be construed to affirm, deny, expand, or contract any legal
5 status or legal right applicable to natural persons at any point
6 before being born alive.

7 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to affect 8 existing federal or state law regarding abortion. Nothing in 9 this chapter shall be construed to restrict a woman's right to 10 obtain an abortion pursuant to applicable law, nor shall it be 11 construed to restrict the ability of any licensed healthcare 12 providers to perform an abortion in accordance with applicable 13 law.

14 (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as creating15 or recognizing a right to abortion.

16 (d) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to alter17 generally accepted medical standards."

18 SECTION 3. Section 453-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is19 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

20 "(a) In addition to any other actions authorized by law,
21 any license to practice medicine and surgery may be revoked,



H.B. NO. 1402

1	limited,	or su	spended by the board at any time in a proceeding
2	before th	e boa	rd, or may be denied, for any cause authorized by
3	law, incl	uding	[but not limited to the following]:
4	(1)	Proc	uring, or aiding or abetting in procuring, a
5		crim	inal abortion;
6	(2)	Fail	ure to comply with chapter ;
7	[(2)]	(3)	Employing any person to solicit patients for
8		one'	s self;
9	[-(3) -]	(4)	Engaging in false, fraudulent, or deceptive
10		adve	rtising, including [but not limited to]:
11		(A)	Making excessive claims of expertise in one or
12			more medical specialty fields;
13		(B)	Assuring a permanent cure for an incurable
14			disease; or
15		(C)	Making any untruthful and improbable statement in
16			advertising one's medical or surgical practice or
17			business;
18	[-(4)]	(5)	Being habituated to the excessive use of drugs or
19		alco	hol; or being addicted to, dependent on, or a
20		habi	tual user of a narcotic, barbiturate, amphetamine,
21		hall	ucinogen, or other drug having similar effects;



H.B. NO. 1402

1	[(5)]	(6) Practicing medicine while the ability to practice
2		is impaired by alcohol, drugs, physical disability, or
3		mental instability;
4	[(6)]	(7) Procuring a license through fraud,
5		misrepresentation, or deceit, or knowingly permitting
6		an unlicensed person to perform activities requiring a
7		license;
8	[(7)]	(8) Professional misconduct, hazardous negligence
9		causing bodily injury to another, or manifest
10		incapacity in the practice of medicine or surgery;
11	[(8)]	(9) Incompetence or multiple instances of negligence,
12		including [but not limited to] the consistent use of
13		medical service, which is inappropriate or
14		unnecessary;
15	[(9)]	(10) Conduct or practice contrary to recognized
16		standards of ethics of the medical profession as
17		adopted by the Hawaii Medical Association, the
18		American Medical Association, the Hawaii Association
19		of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or the
20		American Osteopathic Association;



H.B. NO. 1402

1	[(10)]	(11) Violation of the conditions or limitations upon
2		which a limited or temporary license is issued;
3	[(11)]	(12) Revocation, suspension, or other disciplinary
4		action by another state or federal agency of a
5		license, certificate, or medical privilege;
6	[(12)]	(13) Conviction, whether by nolo contendere or
7		otherwise, of a penal offense substantially related to
8		the qualifications, functions, or duties of a
9		physician or osteopathic physician, notwithstanding
10		any statutory provision to the contrary;
11	[(13)]	(14) Violation of chapter 329, the uniform controlled
12		substances act, or any rule adopted thereunder except
13		as provided in section 329-122;
14	[-(14) -]	(15) Failure to report to the board, in writing, any
15		disciplinary decision issued against the licensee or
16		the applicant in another jurisdiction within thirty
17		days after the disciplinary decision is issued; or
18	[(15)]	(16) Submitting to or filing with the board any
19		notice, statement, or other document required under
20		this chapter, which is false or untrue or contains any
21		material misstatement or omission of fact."



H.B. NO. 1402

1	SECI	CION 4. Section 457-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
3	"(a)	In addition to any other actions authorized by law,
4	the board	I shall have the power to deny, revoke, limit, or
5	suspend a	any license to practice nursing as a registered nurse or
6	as a lice	ensed practical nurse applied for or issued by the board
7	in accord	lance with this chapter, and to fine or to otherwise
8	disciplin	e a licensee for any cause authorized by law, including
9	[but_not_	limited to the following]:
10	(1)	Fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure
11		a license to practice nursing as a registered nurse or
12		as a licensed practical nurse;
13	(2)	Gross immorality;
14	(3)	Unfitness or incompetence by reason of negligence,
15		habits, or other causes;
16	(4)	Habitual intemperance, addiction to, or dependency on
17		alcohol or other habit-forming substances;
18	(5)	Mental incompetence;
19	(6)	Unprofessional conduct as defined by the board in
20		accordance with its own rules;



H.B. NO. 1402

1	(7)	Wilful or repeated violation of any of the provisions
2		of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board;
3	(8)	Revocation, suspension, limitation, or other
4		disciplinary action by another state of a nursing
5		license;
6	(9)	Conviction, whether by nolo contendere or otherwise,
7		of a penal offense substantially related to the
8		qualifications, functions, or duties of a nurse,
9		notwithstanding any statutory provision to the
10		contrary;
11	(10)	Failure to report to the board any disciplinary action
12		taken against the licensee in another jurisdiction
13		within thirty days after the disciplinary action
14		becomes final;
15	(11)	Submitting to or filing with the board any notice,
16		statement, or other document required under this
17		chapter, which is false or untrue or contains any
18		material misstatement of fact, including a false
19		attestation of compliance with continuing competency
20		requirements;
21	(12)	Failure to comply with chapter ;



H.B. NO. 1402

1 [(12)] (13) Violation of the conditions or limitations upon 2 which any license is issued; or [(13)] (14) Violation of chapter 329, the uniform controlled 3 4 substances act, or any rule adopted thereunder except as provided in section 329-122." 5 SECTION 5. Section 709-901, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 7 amended to read as follows: 8 "§709-901 Concealing the corpse of an infant. (1) A 9 person commits the offense of concealing the corpse of an infant 10 if the person conceals the corpse of a new-born child with 11 intent to conceal the fact of [its] the child's birth or to 12 prevent a determination of whether [it] the child was born dead 13 or alive. 14 (2) If an abortion as defined in section -1 is 15 attempted but a live birth nevertheless occurs, the surviving 16 infant shall be considered a new-born child for the purposes of 17 this section. 18 [(2)] (3) Concealing the corpse of an infant is a 19 misdemeanor."



H.B. NO. 1402

SECTION 6. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
 begun before its effective date.

4 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

6 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025;
7 provided that the amendments made to section 457-12, Hawaii
8 Revised Statutes, by section 4 of this Act shall not be repealed
9 when that section is reenacted on June 30, 2025, pursuant to
10 section 6 of Act 66, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017.

11

INTRODUCED BY

JAN 2 3 2025

Report Title:

Abortion Survivors; Born Alive Infant; Penalties

Description:

Ensures the protection and promotion of the health and wellbeing of all infants born alive in the State. Mandates medically appropriate and reasonable life-saving and lifesustaining medical care and treatment to all born alive infants. Establishes civil and criminal penalties.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.