JOSH GREEN. M.D. GOVERNOR KE KIA'ĀINA



MIKE LAMBERT DIRECTOR

SYLVIA LUKE LT GOVERNOR KF KF'FNA

STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT Ka 'Oihana Ho'okō Kānāwai 715 South King Street Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

JARED K. REDULLA **Deputy Director** Law Enforcement

TESTIMONY ON SENATE BILL 1452, SENATE DRAFT 1 RELATING TO THE UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ACT Before the House Committee on HEALTH Wednesday, March 19, 2025, 9:05 AM State Capitol Conference Room 329 & Videoconference

Testifiers: Jared Redulla

Chair Takayama, Vice Chair Keohokapu-Lee Loy, and members of the Committee:

The Department of Law Enforcement (DLE) supports Senate Bill 1452, Senate Draft 1, which updates chapter 329, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to make it consistent with amendments in the Federal Controlled Substances Act as required under section 329-11, HRS.

This bill proposes necessary updates to sections 329-14, 329-16, and 329-20 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, explicitly modifying the lists of controlled substances including opiates, hallucinogens, stimulants, and other regulated chemical compounds. These updates are essential to maintain alignment with federal standards and classifications, which is a requirement under existing state law.

The DLE supports this measure for several important reasons. First, maintaining consistency between state and federal controlled substances regulations is critical for effective law enforcement operations across jurisdictions. When state and federal laws are aligned, it eliminates potential gaps and ambiguities that could be exploited by those Department of Law Enforcement Testimony on SB1452SD1 Relating to THE UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ACT Page 2

engaged in illegal drug activities.

Second, these updates enhance public safety by ensuring that emerging substances with potential for abuse or harm are appropriately classified and regulated. The controlled substances landscape is constantly evolving, with new synthetic compounds and analogs being developed. Regular updates to our controlled substances schedules are necessary to address these emerging threats.

Third, this alignment provides clarity for healthcare providers, pharmacists, and other stakeholders who must comply with both state and federal regulations. Consistency between state and federal standards reduces compliance burdens and potential confusion for these professionals.

Additionally, these updates support the DLE's ongoing efforts to combat drug trafficking and substance abuse in Hawaii. By maintaining current and comprehensive controlled substances listings, law enforcement agencies can more effectively identify, investigate, and prosecute cases involving these substances.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in support of this bill.