JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR

> SYLVIA LUKE LT. GOVERNOR

JAMES KUNANE TOKIOKA DIRECTOR

> DANE K. WICKER DEPUTY DIRECTOR



DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM

ka 'oihana ho'omohala pā'oihana, 'imi waiwai A ho'omāka'ika'i

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Statement of JAMES KUNANE TOKIOKA Director Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism before the SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

> Wednesday, April 2, 2025 10:01pm State Capitol, Conference Room #211

In consideration of HB 778, HD 2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE

Chair Dela Cruz, Vice Chair Moriwaki, and members of the Committee.

The Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) **supports HB 778, HD 2** that requires the Office of Planning and Sustainable Development to conduct an integrated land use study for the use of lands within the agricultural districts and submit interim and final reports to the Legislature.

Hawai'i's 4 million acres are under immense pressure as affordable housing, renewable energy, and agriculture compete for space. With 22 statutorily mandated sustainability, climate, and housing goals, strategic planning is essential to prevent conflicts and ensure responsible land use. A comprehensive, data-driven study is critical to assess current land use, address competing land use demands, and align development with Hawai'i's statutory commitments.

DBEDT is leading an integrated land use study, supported by OPSD, HSEO, ADC, HHFDC, and CTAHR. However, with only one employee, the OPSD Statewide Sustainability Branch requires additional staff and resources provided in this bill to ensure timely progress.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify.



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April 2, 2025

HEARING BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

TESTIMONY ON HB 778, HD2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE

Conference Room 211 & Videoconference 10:01 AM

Aloha Chair Dela Cruz, Vice-Chair Moriwaki, and Members of the Committee:

I am Brian Miyamoto, Executive Director of the Hawai'i Farm Bureau (HFB). Organized since 1948, the HFB is comprised of 1,800 farm family members statewide and serves as Hawai'i's voice of agriculture to protect, advocate, and advance the social, economic, and educational interests of our diverse agricultural community.

The Hawai'i Farm Bureau supports HB 778, HD2, which requires the Office of Planning and Sustainable Development to conduct an integrated land use study for agricultural districts and submit interim and final reports to the Legislature. A comprehensive and data-driven approach to land use planning is necessary to balance competing priorities while ensuring that agriculture remains a viable and protected industry in Hawai'i.

The amendments made in HB 778, HD2, strengthen the bill by clearly defining and prioritizing the protection of productive agricultural lands and ensuring direct input from the agricultural community. These provisions are crucial, as agricultural lands have long been subject to increasing pressures from non-agricultural uses, including affordable housing, renewable energy projects, and waste management facilities. While we recognize the importance of these developments, they must not come at the expense of productive agricultural lands that are essential for local food production and economic sustainability.

Hawai'i's agricultural landscape has evolved beyond traditional soil classification as the sole factor in determining land suitability for farming. Modern agricultural practices, including greenhouses, hydroponics, aquaculture, and aquaponics, allow for successful production across all land classifications. Some of the state's most productive floriculture and hydroponic operations thrive on lands classified as C, D, and E. Factors such as rainfall patterns, temperature variations, wind conditions, and humidity levels all play a significant role in determining the viability of different crops in a given area. In many cases, soil type and terrain are not the primary determinants of whether farming can succeed.

Any land use study must account for these advancements and environmental considerations when evaluating the future of agriculture in Hawai'i.

To ensure that the study is effective, we emphasize the importance of:

- Clearly defining and prioritizing the protection of productive agricultural lands to prevent further encroachment from non-agricultural developments.
- Including direct input from the agricultural community to ensure the study reflects the realities and needs of farmers and ranchers.
- Ensuring that agricultural lands designated for agricultural production are not compromised for short-term development needs.

Preserving and supporting agriculture is vital for Hawai^ci's food security, economic sustainability, and cultural heritage. We encourage the committee to advance HB 778, HD2, with careful consideration for maintaining a strong agricultural sector.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on this measure.

SYLVIA LUKE Lt. Governor



SHARON HURD Chairperson, Board of Agriculture

DEAN M. MATSUKAWA Deputy to the Chairperson

State of Hawai'i **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** KA 'OIHANA MAHI'AI 1428 South King Street Honolulu, Hawai'i 96814-2512 Phone: (808) 973-9600 FAX: (808) 973-9613

TESTIMONY OF SHARON HURD CHAIRPERSON, BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEES ON WAYS AND MEANS

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 2025 10:01 AM CONFERENCE ROOM 229

HOUSE BILL NO. 778, HOUSE DRAFT 2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE.

Chair Dela Cruz, Vice Chair Moriwaki and Members of the Committees:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on House Bill No. 778, House Draft 2 that requires the Office of Planning and Sustainable Development to conduct an Integrated Land Use Study the purpose of which is to develop land use data that can be used for planning and decision making for competing uses of lands within agricultural districts. The Study will determine the land use feasibility and needs of lands within agricultural districts to meet the State's climate, sustainability, and housing statutory targets. (page 2, line 19 to page 3, line 4). The Department of Agriculture (Department) supports the intent and offers comments.

Having a comprehensive data-driven approach to land use planning is necessary to ensure equitable outcomes and to ensure protection of Hawaiian agriculture and that new and existing agricultural operations remain viable well into the future.

The Study is to incorporate the recommendations of plans, studies, and statutes for high-profile uses and activities (Hawaii 2050 Sustainability Plan, state land use review of district, Hawaii sea level rise vulnerability and adaptation report, State's climate, sustainability, and housing targets). The direct and indirect impacts of utilityscaled solar energy facilities located on Hawaii's good quality agricultural land must be fully accounted for in the proposed Study. The Study must also ensure that those who wish to continue their existing farm businesses or start agricultural operations on



agricultural lands throughout the State are not impeded by non-agricultural uses and activities. Preserving and protection of agriculture operations and lands is vital to reach food production goals and to achieve higher levels of food sustainability.

Thank you for the opportunity to present our testimony.



COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS Senator Donovan M. Dela Cruz, Chair Senator Sharon Y. Moriwaki, Vice Chair

HB778 HD2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE

Wednesday, April 2, 2025, 10:01 AM Conference Room 211 & Videoconference

Chair Dela Cruz, Vice Chair Moriwaki, and Members of the Committee,

The Hawaii Cattlemen's Council **<u>supports HB778 HD2</u>** which requires the Office of Planning and Sustainable Development to conduct an integrated land use study for the use of lands within the agricultural districts and submit interim and final reports to the Legislature.

As land is a limiting factor in Hawaii, there will always be competing land uses for the 4 million acres in the state. While the State makes goals to increase local food production, agricultural lands are constantly at threat of being converted into other uses. A strategic and comprehensive overview of the needs and opportunities that exist is crucial to moving forward in a way that ensures we meet the needs of the community. This integrated land use study proposes developing land use data and determining the feasibility of our ability to meet the State's goals. We appreciate that the agricultural community will be included with direct input, as this is crucial to meeting food production needs.

We appreciate the opportunity to testify on this measure. The Hawaii Cattlemen's Council (HCC) is the Statewide umbrella organization comprised of the four county-level Cattlemen's Associations. Our member ranchers represent over 60,000 head of beef cows; more than 75% of all the beef cows in the State. Ranchers are the stewards of over 750 thousand acres of land in Hawaii, or 20% of the State's total land mass. We represent the interests of Hawaii's cattle producers.

Nicole Galase Hawaii Cattlemen's Council Managing Director



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HB-778-HD-2 Submitted on: 3/31/2025 5:40:22 PM Testimony for WAM on 4/2/2025 10:01:00 AM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Testify
Amy Brinker	Individual	Support	Written Testimony Only

Comments:

Support



STATE OF HAWAI'I OFFICE OF PLANNING & SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR

SYLVIA LUKE

MARY ALICE EVANS DIRECTOR

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Statement of MARY ALICE EVANS, Director before the SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS Wednesday, April 2, 2025, 10:01 am State Capitol, Conference Room 211 in consideration of HB 778, HD2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE.

Chair Dela Cruz, Vice Chair Moriwaki, and Members of the Committee,

The Office of Planning and Sustainable Development (OPSD) **strongly supports** HB 778, HD2 which mandates an integrated land use study for Hawai'i's agricultural districts to address the urgent challenges of competing land uses.

With only 4 million acres of total land, Hawai'i faces immense pressure as affordable housing, renewable energy, and agriculture compete for limited space within the 1.9 million acres of Hawai'i's Agricultural District. Additionally, the State of Hawai'i has statutorily mandated the following 21 sustainability, climate, and affordable housing targets:

Target Year	Statutory Mandate	Legal Reference
2025	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 10% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8
2026	Affordable Rental Housing Target – The state must develop or facilitate 22,500 affordable rental housing units for occupancy between 2017-2026.	Act 127, SLH 2016
2030	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 18% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8
2030	Farm-to-School Target – 30% of food served in public schools must be locally sourced	HRS §302A-405.6
2030	Doubling Local Food Target –Double local food production and increase local food exports.	Act 151, SLH 2019
2030	Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standards (EEPS) Target – Reduction of 4,300 gigawatt hours (GWh) of electricity use statewide.	HRS §269-96
2030	Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) Target – 40% of electricity generation must come from renewable sources	HRS §269-92
2030	Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Limit – Reduce statewide GHG emissions to 50% below 2005 levels.	HRS §225P-5 (Act 238, SLH 2022)
2030	State Fleet ZEV Transition – All light-duty passenger vehicles in the state fleet must be zero-emission.	Act 74, SLH 2021 (HRS § 225P-7, 264- 20.7, and §196- 9(c)(11))

HB 778, HD 2 RELATING TO INTEGRATED LAND USE - SUPPORT State Office of Planning and Sustainable Development April 2, 2025

2035	DOE Net-Zero Energy Target – All Public schools must generate as much renewable energy as they consume.	HRS §302A-1510
2035	UH Net-Zero Energy Target – All University of Hawai'i campuses must generate as much renewable energy as they consume	HRS §304A-119
2035	State Fleet ZEV Transition – All light-duty motor vehicles in the state fleet must be zero-emission vehicles.	Act 74, SLH 2021 (HRS § 225P-7, 264- 20.7, and §196- 9(c)(11))
2035	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 26% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8
2040	Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) Target – 70% of electricity generation must come from renewable sources.	HRS §269-92
2040	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 34% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8
2045	Reclaimed Water in State and County Facilities – 100% use of reclaimed water except for potable/drinkable uses.	HRS §174C-31(g)(6)
2045	Zero Emissions Clean Economy Target – The state must sequester more carbon than it emits.	HRS §225P-5
2045	Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) Target – 100% of electricity generation must come from renewable sources.	HRS §269-92
2045	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 42% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8
2050	Statewide Cesspool Conversion – All cesspools must be upgraded, converted, or connected to sewage systems.	HRS §342D-72
2050	Farm-to-State Target – DOE, DOH, PSD, DOD, and UH must purchase 50% of total food from local agricultural/processed food sources.	HRS §27-8

Without strategic planning, the State risks not fulfilling these multiple climate, sustainability, and affordable housing mandates. A comprehensive, data-driven study is critical to assess current land use, identify conflicts, and develop balanced solutions to ensure land use planning reflects Hawai'i's statutory and policy commitments.

Currently, DBEDT and OPSD are conducting a pilot study for the island of O'ahu, with the support of ADC, HSEO, HHFDC, and CTAHR's available data, but additional staffing and resources to OPSD are needed to expand this effort in a more timely manner, statewide.

Passing HB 778, HD 2 will provide essential staff and financial support to continue this critical work.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify on this measure.

Officers Kaipo Kekona State President

Anabella Bruch Vice-President

Maureen Datta Secretary

Reba Lopez Treasurer

Chapter Presidents Clarence Baber

Kohala, Hawai'i

Tony Vera East Hawai'i

Puna, Hawai'i

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> Mason Scharer Haleakalā, Maui

Kaiea Medeiros Mauna Kahālāwai, Maui

> Kaipo Kekona Lahaina, Maui

Kilia Avelino-Purdy Moloka'i

> Negus Manna Lāna'i

India Clark North Shore, Oʻahu

Christian Zuckerman Wai'anae, Oʻahu

Ted Radovich Waimānalo, Oʻahu

Vincent Kimura Honolulu, Oʻahu

Natalie Urminska Kaua'i



Aloha Chair Dela Cruz, Vice Chair Moriwaki, and Members of the Senate Ways and Means Committee,

The Hawai'i Farmers Union is a 501(c)(5) agricultural advocacy nonprofit representing a network of over 2,500 family farmers and their supporters across the Hawaiian Islands. **HFU supports HB778.**

HB778 HD2 takes an important step in integrating land use planning to address climate adaptation, sustainability, and long-term community needs. While the intent to assess competing land demands is laudable, several areas require strengthening to ensure that agricultural sustainability, food resilience, and farmer voices are not only included but prioritized. Our key Concerns and Recommendations are to address:

<u>Agricultural Land Preservation and Sustainable Food Production</u> The proposed study should explicitly incorporate a goal of preventing the conversion of high-quality agricultural lands to non-agricultural uses. Insert a new paragraph directly after Section 2(f), renumbering the existing subsequent sections accordingly.

(g) Include in the integrated land use study an evaluation of the impacts of land use decisions on long-term agricultural viability, food security, and soil health. The study shall prioritize the preservation and sustainable use of high-quality agricultural lands for food production and shall incorporate strategies to prevent the conversion of prime agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, except where no feasible alternatives exist.

<u>Direct Inclusion of Farmers and Agricultural Stakeholders</u> Section 2(f) should be amended to require formal inclusion of representatives from Hawaii's farming community—specifically family farmers, producer networks, and agricultural cooperatives. These stakeholders possess essential, place-based knowledge about land suitability, productivity, and local food systems. Proposed Amendment to Section 2(f):

Develop data-based estimates on the amount of land required to meet the competing uses of lands within the agricultural districts by compiling and analyzing existing data from various government entities, including the department of agriculture, with direct input from producer groups.

A sustainable land use framework must protect the long-term food security of Hawaii residents alongside climate mitigation strategies. By adopting these refinements, HB778 can more effectively support a resilient, farmer-centered land use strategy that advances climate adaptation, economic equity, and food self-sufficiency.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify.

Hunter Heaivilin Advocacy Director Hawai'i Farmers Union