H.B. NO. 142

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEMP.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that overregulation hinders the growth of the hemp industry, which otherwise could 2 foster sustainable resources and food security in Hawaii, 3 particularly with regard to the fiber, fuel and seed grain 4 sectors. Hemp seeds are high in essential fatty acids, as well 5 6 as vitamins E, B1, B2, B6, and D, calcium, magnesium, and 7 potassium and contain more digestible proteins than meat, eggs, cheese, and milk, which is expected to drive their demand as a 8 Hemp has been used as a biofuel for decades and has been 9 food. 10 proven to be a soil remediator. There are numerous projects in the State examining ways to make building materials from hemp 11 and using hemp in affordable housing, but most of these projects 12 have to import hemp due to the regulatory barriers to growing 13 14 hemp in Hawaii.

15 The legislature further finds that hemp crops look more 16 like traditional grain crops than their psychoactive 17 counterpart, with tight spacing between the stalks, and are



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easily distinguishable from hemp crops grown for cannabinoids. 1 There is little to zero risk of hemp fiber, fuel, and food grain 2 3 producers harvesting a crop that exceeds the federal legal limit 4 of 0.3 per cent Tetrahydrocannabinol, or THC. The testing and 5 handling requirements that center on regulation increase costs 6 and slow down growth of the hemp industry and, in effect, also 7 the development and production of sustainable building materials, cloth, food, and fuel. 8

9 The legislature also understands that the United States Congress will be amending federal hemp cultivation laws in the 10 11 near future to allow for exemptions with industrial hemp crops 12 that are grown for fiber, fuel, or grain for food. The federal 13 exemptions may include relief from testing and transportation 14 requirements. The legislature recognizes the department of 15 agriculture should be allowed to amend hemp cultivation rules to align with federal law when the United States Congress amends 16 federal laws. 17

18 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to authorize the 19 department of agriculture to amend state laws to align with 20 federal laws as exemptions for hemp fiber, fuel, and food grain 21 are passed by the United States Congress and ensure state rules



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do not exceed federal law by applying the provisions of federal
 law as defined under 7 C.F.R. 990, "Establishment of a Domestic
 Hemp Production Program, Final Rule, which explicitly defines
 regulations for hemp production.

5 SECTION 2. Section 141-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

7 "(a) It shall be legal for an individual or entity to
8 produce hemp, as defined in title 7 United States Code section
9 16390, if that individual or entity has a license to produce
10 hemp, issued by the Secretary of the United States Department of
11 Agriculture pursuant to title 7 United States Code section
12 1639q; provided that:

13 (1) Any person convicted of a felony related to a controlled substance under state or federal law is 14 15 prohibited from producing hemp, or being a key participant in an entity producing hemp, for a period 16 17 of ten years following the date of conviction; Hemp shall not be grown outside of a state 18 (2) 19 agricultural district; 20 Hemp shall not be grown within 500 feet of pre-(3)

21 existing real property comprising a playground,



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childcare facility, or school; provided that this 1 restriction shall not apply to an individual or entity 2 licensed to grow hemp in those areas under the State 3 industrial hemp pilot program prior to August 27, 4 5 2020; Hemp shall not be grown within [500] 100 feet of any 6 (4)7 pre-existing house, dwelling unit, residential 8 apartment, or other residential structure that is not 9 owned or controlled by the license holder; provided that this restriction shall not apply to an individual 10 or entity licensed to grow hemp in those areas under 11 the State industrial hemp pilot program prior to 12 13 August 27, 2020; and Hemp shall not be grown in any house, dwelling unit, 14 (5) residential apartment, or other residential 15 structure [-], except for a home or dwelling that is 16 17 part of an United States Department of Agriculture licensed production area." 18 SECTION 3. Section 141-43, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 20



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1 "(a) The department of agriculture shall adopt rules 2 pursuant to chapter 91 to effectuate the purpose of this part, 3 including any rules necessary to address any nuisance issues, 4 including smell, noise, and excessive lighting arising out of the activities of hemp growers licensed under the State's 5 6 industrial hemp pilot program who grow hemp within areas 7 prohibited under section 141-42(a)(3) and (4). The rules may 8 align with federal exemptions for hemp fiber, fuel, and seed 9 grain crops but shall not exceed federal law on the regulation 10 of hemp production in the State." 11 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 12 13 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 14 INTRODUCED BY: C. C.

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Report Title: Hemp Producers; Commercial Hemp Production; Cultivation

Description:

Gives authority to the Department of Agriculture to align state hemp production administrative rules with federal law, with regard to exemptions for fiber, fuel, and seed grain hemp crops.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

