SECTION 1.

1

11

A BILL FOR AN ACT

The legislature finds there are not enough

RELATING TO PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGISTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

2	prescribing mental health care providers available to serve the
3	needs of Hawaii's people. Because of this shortage, access to
4	quality, comprehensive, and affordable health care must be
5	facilitated by collaborative practice between licensed clinical
6	psychologists and medical doctors. Authorizing qualified
7	clinical psychologists with appropriate advanced training to
8	prescribe from a limited formulary of psychotropic medication
9	will benefit Hawaii residents who live in rural or medically
10	underserved communities, where mental health professionals with

The legislature further finds that the mental health needs
of the State continue to outweigh present capacity, particularly
in remote or rural communities. According to a Report on
Findings from the Hawaii Physician Workforce Assessment Project
(December 2014), psychiatrist shortages are highest in Hawaii's

prescriptive authority are in short supply.

1

12

16

S.B. NO. 384 S.D. 2

2 the highest in the State, followed by Hawaii county, with a 39.2 3 per cent shortage, and Kauai county, which has a 29.5 per cent shortage. The report reflects no shortage of psychiatrists in 4 5 the city and county of Honolulu. 6 Lack of access to appropriate mental health treatment has 7 serious and irrevocable consequences for many Hawaii residents. 8 Approximately one hundred seventy people die from suicide and 9 eight hundred fifty-two people attempt suicide in Hawaii each 10 year, according to reported averages. Studies have shown that 11

rural areas. Maui county has a 41.2 per cent shortage, which is

13 community mental health providers. While causes for suicide are 14 complex, the most commonly reported contributing factors are 15 mental health conditions that, when identified and treated,

people who attempt or commit suicide have often received little

or no mental health treatment due the effects of a shortage of

17 A 2015 article in the Honolulu Star-Advertiser reported 18 that fifty-one per cent of all people arrested in 2013 in 19 Honolulu suffered from serious mental illness or severe

respond favorably to therapy and psychotropic medication.

20 substance intoxication. This almost two-fold increase occurred

- 1 in the period following substantial cuts to state-supported
- 2 mental health services in 2009.
- 3 According to the National Alliance on Mental Illness and
- 4 the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
- 5 Administration, approximately thirty-two thousand adults in
- 6 Hawaii, representing more than three per cent of the population,
- 7 live with serious mental illness. The actual scope of need in
- 8 the State is even greater since this figure excludes individuals
- 9 with clinical diagnoses such as unipolar depression, anxiety
- 10 disorders, adjustment disorders, substance abuse, or post-
- 11 traumatic stress disorder.
- 12 Clinical psychologists are licensed health professionals
- 13 with an average of seven years of post-baccalaureate study and
- 14 three thousand hours of post-graduate supervised practice in the
- 15 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. The American
- 16 Psychological Association has developed a model curriculum for a
- 17 master's degree in psychopharmacology for the education and
- 18 training of prescribing psychologists. However, the current
- 19 allowable scope of clinical psychologists' practice in this
- 20 State does not include prescribing medications. Currently,

- 1 these providers' patients must consult with and pay for another
- 2 provider to obtain psychotropic medication when it is indicated.
- 3 The legislature has previously authorized prescription
- 4 privileges for advanced practice registered nurses,
- 5 optometrists, dentists, and naturopathic physicians. Licensed
- 6 clinical psychologists with specialized education and training
- 7 for prescriptive practice have been allowed to prescribe
- 8 psychotropic medications to active duty military personnel and
- 9 their families in federal facilities and the United States
- 10 Public Health Service for decades. In recent years, Iowa,
- 11 Illinois, Louisiana, and New Mexico have adopted legislation
- 12 authorizing prescriptive authority for advanced trained
- 13 psychologists. Many of these prescribing psychologists have
- 14 filled long-vacant public health positions or otherwise serve
- 15 predominantly indigent and rural patient populations.
- 16 Independent evaluations of the federal Department of
- 17 Defense psychopharmacological demonstration project by the
- 18 Government Accountability Office and the American College of
- 19 Neuropsychopharmacology, as well as the experiences in other
- 20 jurisdictions, have shown that appropriately trained

- 1 psychologists can prescribe and administer medications safely
- 2 and effectively.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the board of
- 4 psychology to grant prescriptive authority to prescribing
- 5 psychologists who meet specific education, training, and
- 6 registration requirements.
- 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 9 to read as follows:
- 10 "PART . PRESCRIBING PSYCHOLOGISTS
- 11 §465-A Definitions. As used in this part unless the
- 12 context otherwise requires:
- "Advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive
- 14 authority" means an advanced practice registered nurse, as
- 15 defined in section 457-2, with prescriptive authority granted
- 16 pursuant to section 457-8.6.
- "Clinical experience" means a period of supervised clinical
- 18 training and practice in which clinical diagnoses and
- 19 interventions, which can be completed and supervised as part of
- 20 or subsequent to earning a post-doctoral master of science
- 21 degree in clinical psychopharmacology training, are learned.

- 1 "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in section
 2 329-1.
- 3 "Forensically encumbered" means a person who has been
- 4 detained by Hawaii courts for forensic examination or committed
- 5 to a psychiatric facility under the care and custody of the
- 6 director of health for appropriate placement by any court; has
- 7 been placed on conditional release or released on conditions by
- 8 a judge in Hawaii courts; or is involved in mental health court
- 9 of a jail diversion program.
- 10 "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning as in section 329-1.
- "Opiate" has the same meaning as in section 329-1.
- "Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist
- 13 who has undergone specialized training in clinical
- 14 psychopharmacology, passed a national proficiency examination in
- 15 psychopharmacology approved by the board, and been granted a
- 16 prescriptive authority privilege by the board.
- "Prescription" means an order for a psychotropic medication
- 18 or any device or test directly related to the diagnosis and
- 19 treatment of mental and emotional disorders pursuant to the
- 20 practice of psychology.

1 "Prescriptive authority privilege" means the authority 2 granted by the board to prescribe and administer psychotropic 3 medication and other directly related procedures within the 4 scope of practice of psychology in accordance with rules adopted 5 by the board. 6 "Primary care provider" means a physician or osteopathic 7 physician licensed or exempt from licensure pursuant to section 8 453-2 or an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive 9 authority. 10 "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related 11 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders 12 pursuant to the practice of psychology, except drugs classified 13 into schedule I, II, or III pursuant to chapter 329, opiates, or 14 narcotic drugs; provided that psychotropic medication shall 15 include stimulants for the treatment of attention deficit 16 hyperactivity disorder regardless of the stimulants' schedule **17** classification. 18 "Serious mental illness" means bipolar I disorder, bipolar 19 II disorder, delusional disorder, major depressive disorder with 20 psychotic features, psychosis secondary to substance use, 21 schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorder, and schizoaffective

- 1 disorder, as defined by the most current version of the
- 2 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
- 3 §465-B Administration. (a) The board shall prescribe
- 4 application forms and fees for application for and renewal of
- 5 prescriptive authority privilege pursuant to this part.
- 6 (b) The board shall develop and implement procedures to
- 7 review the educational and training credentials of a
- 8 psychologist applying for or renewing prescriptive authority
- 9 privilege under this part, in accordance with current standards
- 10 of professional practice.
- 11 (c) The board shall determine the exclusionary formulary
- 12 for prescribing psychologists.
- 13 (d) The board shall have all other powers which may be
- 14 necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
- 15 §465-C Prescriptive authority privilege; requirements.
- 16 Beginning on July 1, 2018, the board shall accept applications
- 17 for prescriptive authority privilege. Every applicant for
- 18 prescriptive authority privilege shall submit evidence
- 19 satisfactory to the board, in a form and manner prescribed by
- 20 the board, that the applicant meets the following requirements:

1	(1)	The applicant possesses a current license pursuant to
2		section 465-7;
3	(2)	The applicant successfully graduated with a post
4		doctoral master's degree in clinical
5		psychopharmacology from a regionally-accredited
6		institution with a clinical psychopharmacology program
7		designated by the American Psychological Association,
8		or the equivalent of a post doctoral master's degree,
9		as approved by the board; provided that any equivalent
10		shall include study in a program offering intensive
11		didactic education including instruction in anatomy
12		and physiology, biochemistry, neuroanatomy,
13		neurophysiology, neurochemistry, physical assessment
14		and laboratory examinations, clinical medicine and
15		pathophysiology, clinical and research pharmacology
16		and psychopharmacology, clinical pharmacotherapeutics,
17		research, and professional, ethical, and legal issues;
18	(3)	The applicant has clinical experience that includes:
19		(A) A minimum of four hundred hours completed in no
20		less than twelve months and no more than forty-
21		eight months;

1		(B)	Supervision of a minimum of one hundred patients
2			including geriatric, pediatric, and pregnant
3			patients;
4		(C)	No less than two hours per week of supervision by
5			a licensed physician or osteopathic physician, an
6			advanced practice registered nurse with
7			prescriptive authority, or a prescribing
8			psychologist; and
9		(D)	Eight weeks of rotation in each of the following:
10			(i) Internal and family medicine;
11			(ii) Women's health;
12		(iii) Pediatrics; and
13			(iv) Geriatrics; and
14	(4)	The	applicant has successfully passed the nationally
15		reco	ognized Psychopharmacology Examination for
16		Psyc	chologists developed by the American Psychological
17		Asso	ociation's Practice Organization's College of
18		Prof	essional Psychology, or other authority, relevant
19		to e	establish competence across the following content
20		area	as: neuroscience, nervous system pathology,
21		phys	siology and pathophysiology, biopsychosocial and

1	pharmacologic assessment and monitoring, differential
2	diagnosis, pharmacology, clinical psychopharmacology,
3	research, integrating clinical psychopharmacology with
4	the practice of psychology, diversity factors, and
5	professional, legal, ethical, and interprofessional
6	issues; provided that the passing score shall be
7	determined by the American Psychological Association's
8	Practice Organization's College of Professional
9	Psychology or other authority, as applicable.
10	§465-D Prescriptive authority privilege; renewal. (a)
11	The board shall implement a method for the renewal of
12	prescriptive authority privilege in conjunction with the renewal
13	of a license under section 465-11.
14	(b) To qualify for the renewal of prescriptive authority
15	privilege, a prescribing psychologist shall present evidence
16	satisfactory to the board that the prescribing psychologist has
17	completed at least eighteen hours biennially of acceptable
18	continuing education, as determined by the board, relevant to
19	the pharmacological treatment of mental and emotional disorders;
20	provided that a first-time prescribing psychologist shall not be

- 1 subject to the continuing education requirements under this
- 2 section for the first prescriptive authority privilege renewal.
- 3 (c) The continuing education requirement under this
- 4 section shall be in addition to the continuing education
- 5 requirement under section 465-11.
- 6 (d) The board may conduct random audits of licensees to
- 7 determine compliance with the continuing education requirement
- 8 under this section. The board shall provide written notice of
- 9 an audit to each licensee randomly selected for audit. Within
- 10 sixty days of notification, the licensee shall provide the board
- 11 with documentation verifying compliance with the continuing
- 12 education requirement established by this section.
- 13 §465-E Prescriptive authority privilege; prescribing
- 14 practices. (a) It shall be unlawful for any psychologist not
- 15 granted prescriptive authority privilege under this part to
- 16 prescribe, offer to prescribe, administer, or use any sign,
- 17 card, or device to indicate that the psychologist is so
- 18 authorized.
- 19 (b) A valid prescription issued by a prescribing
- 20 psychologist shall be legibly written and contain, at a minimum,
- 21 the following:



1	(1)	Date of issuance;
2	(2)	Original signature of the prescribing psychologist;
3	(3)	Prescribing psychologist's name and business address;
4	(4)	Name, strength, quantity, and specific instructions
5		for the psychotropic medication to be dispensed;
6	(5)	Name and address of the person for whom the
7		prescription was written;
8	(6)	Room number and route of administration if the patient
9		is in an institutional facility; and
10	(7)	Number of allowable refills, if applicable.
11	(c)	A prescribing psychologist shall comply with all
12	applicabl	e state and federal laws and rules relating to the
13	prescript	ion and administration of psychotropic medication.
14	(d)	A prescribing psychologist shall:
15	(1)	Except as provided in paragraph (3), prescribe and
16		administer psychotropic medication only in
17		consultation with and pursuant to a written
18		collaborative agreement with a patient's primary care
19		provider that is established and signed prior to
20		prescribing any psychotropic medication for the
21		patient;

T	(2)	make any changes to a medication treatment plan,
2		including dosage adjustments, addition of medications
3		or discontinuation of medications only in consultation
4		and collaboration with a patient's primary care
5		provider;
6	(3)	For patients who are forensically encumbered and for
7		patients with a diagnosis of serious mental illness
8		who are subject to the jurisdiction of the department
9		of health:
10		(A) Prescribe and administer psychotropic medication
11		only:
12		(i) In accordance with a treatment protocol
13		agreed to by the prescribing psychologist
14		and the treating department of health
15		psychiatrist; and
16		(ii) With notification to all other health care
17		providers treating the patient; and
18		(B) Enter into a collaborative agreement with the
19		department of health prior to prescribing any

psychotropic medication; and

20

- 1 (4) Document all consultations in the patient's medical
- 2 record.
- 3 (e) A prescribing psychologist shall not prescribe or
- 4 administer psychotropic medication for any patient who does not
- 5 have a primary care provider.
- 6 (f) A prescribing psychologist shall not delegate
- 7 prescriptive authority to any other person.
- § §465-F Prescriptive authority privilege; exclusionary
- 9 formulary. (a) A prescribing psychologist shall only prescribe
- 10 and administer medications for the treatment of mental health
- 11 disorders as defined by the most current version of the
- 12 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
- 13 (b) The exclusionary formulary for prescribing
- 14 psychologists shall consist of drugs or categories of drugs
- 15 adopted by the board.
- 16 (c) The exclusionary formulary and any revised formularies
- 17 shall be made available to licensed pharmacies at the request of
- 18 the pharmacy and at no cost.
- 19 (d) Under the exclusionary formulary, prescribing
- 20 psychologists shall not prescribe or administer:

1	(1)	Schedule I controlled substances pursuant to section
2		329-14;
3	(2)	Schedule II controlled substances pursuant to section
4		329-16;
5	(3)	Schedule III controlled substances pursuant to section
6		329-18, including all narcotic drugs and opiates; and
7	(4)	For indications other than those stated in the
8		labeling approved by the federal Food and Drug
9		Administration for patients seventeen years of age or
10		younger;
11	provided	that prescribing psychologists may prescribe and
12	administe	r stimulants for the treatment of attention deficit
13	hyperacti	vity disorder, regardless of the stimulants' schedule
14	classific	ation.
15	§ 4 65	-G Drug Enforcement Administration; registration. (a)
16	Every pre	scribing psychologist shall comply with all federal and
17	state reg	istration requirements to prescribe and administer
18	psychotro	pic medication.
19	(b)	Every prescribing psychologist shall file with the
20	board the	prescribing psychologist's federal Drug Enforcement
21	Administr	ation registration number. The registration number

- 1 shall be filed before the prescribing psychologist issues any
- 2 prescription for a psychotropic medication.
- 3 §465-H Violation; penalties. Any person who violates this
- 4 part shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction, fined
- 5 no more than \$1,000 or imprisoned no more than one year, or
- 6 both. Any person who violates this part may also be subject to
- 7 disciplinary action by the board."
- 8 SECTION 3. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 amended as follows:
- 1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately
- 11 inserted and to read:
- ""Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist
- 13 who has undergone specialized training in clinical
- 14 psychopharmacology, passed a national proficiency examination in
- 15 psychopharmacology approved by the board, and been granted a
- 16 prescriptive authority privilege by the board.
- "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related
- 18 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders
- 19 pursuant to the practice of psychology, as defined in section
- 20 465-1, except drugs classified into schedule I, II, or III
- 21 pursuant to this chapter, opiates, or narcotic drugs; provided



1	that psyc	hotropic medication shall include stimulants for the
2	treatment	of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder regardless
3	of the st	imulants' schedule classification."
4	2.	By amending the definition of "practitioner" to read:
5	""Pr	actitioner" means:
6	(1)	A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
7		investigator, or other person licensed and registered
8		under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or
9		conduct research with respect to a controlled
10		substance in the course of professional practice or
11		research in this State;
12	(2)	An advanced practice registered nurse with
13		prescriptive authority licensed and registered under
14		section 329-32 to prescribe and administer controlled
15		substances in the course of professional practice in
16		this State; [and]
17	(3)	A prescribing psychologist licensed and registered
18		under section 329-32 to prescribe and administer
19		psychotropic medication in the course of professional
20		practice in this State; and

1	$\lfloor \frac{(3)}{3} \rfloor = \frac{(4)}{4}$ A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution
2	licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to
3	distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to
4	or to administer a controlled substance in the course
5	of professional practice or research in this State."
6	SECTION 4. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
8	"(g) Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
9	issued only as follows:
10	(1) All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
11	originate from within the State and be dated as of,
12	and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
13	issued and shall contain:
14	(A) The first and last name and address of the
15	patient; and
16	(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
17	prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
18	prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
19	methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
20	shall record as part of the directions for use,

1	the medical need of the patient for the
2	prescription.
3	Except for electronic prescriptions, controlled
4	substance prescriptions shall be no larger than eight
5	and one-half inches by eleven inches and no smaller
6	than three inches by four inches. A practitioner may
7	sign a prescription in the same manner as the
8	practitioner would sign a check or legal document
9	(e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall use both
10	words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and
11	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
12	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
13	to be dispensed. Where an oral order or electronic
14	prescription is not permitted, prescriptions shall be
15	written with ink or indelible pencil or typed, shall
16	be manually signed by the practitioner, and shall
17	include the name, address, telephone number, and
18	registration number of the practitioner. The
19	prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
20	for the signature of the practitioner, but the
21	prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case

S.B. NO. 384 S.D. 2

the prescription does not conform in all essential
respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
pursuant to this chapter. In receiving an oral
prescription from a practitioner, a pharmacist shall
promptly reduce the oral prescription to writing,
which shall include the following information: the
drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed
in figures only, and directions for use; the date the
oral prescription was received; the full name, Drug
Enforcement Administration registration number, and
oral code number of the practitioner; and the name and
address of the person for whom the controlled
substance was prescribed or the name of the owner of
the animal for which the controlled substance was
prescribed.

A corresponding liability shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription not prepared in the form prescribed by this section. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing address or change a patient's address on all controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the patient's identification and

1	noting the identification number on the back of the
2	prescription document on file. The pharmacist shall
3	not make changes to the patient's name, the controlled
4	substance being prescribed, the quantity of the
5	prescription, the practitioner's Drug Enforcement
6	Administration number, the practitioner's name, the
7	practitioner's electronic signature, or the
8	practitioner's signature;
9 (2)	An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
10	a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
11	Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
12	exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
13	include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
14	(A) The registration number of the hospital or other
15	institution; and
16	(B) The special internal code number assigned to the
17	physician by the hospital or other institution in
18	lieu of the registration number of the
19	practitioner required by this section.
20	The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
21	of this special internal code number list to the

1		department as often as necessary to apaate the
2		department with any additions or deletions. Failure
3		to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
4		suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
5		controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies
6		outside of the hospital or other institution. Each
7		written prescription shall have the name of the
8		physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
9		well as the signature of the physician;
10	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
11		on all prescriptions issued by the official:
12		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
13		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and
14		(B) The official's service identification number, in
15		lieu of the registration number of the
16		practitioner required by this section. The
17		service identification number for a Public Health
18		Service employee shall be the employee's social
19		security or other government issued
20		identification number.

1		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
2		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
3		signature of the officer; [and]
4	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
5		controlled substances under the authorization of a
6		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
7		substance prescriptions issued:
8		(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
9		number of the supervising physician; and
10		(B) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
11		number of the physician assistant.
12		Each written controlled substance prescription issued
13		shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
14		printed name, address, and phone number of both the
15		supervising physician and physician assistant, and
16		shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
17		medical record of each written controlled substance
18		prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
19		reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
20		supervising physician within seven working days $[\cdot]$;
21		and

1	(5) A prescribing psychologist registered to prescribe and
2	administer psychotropic medication pursuant to part
3	of chapter 465 in consultation and collaboration
4	with a primary care provider shall include on all
5	psychotropic medication prescriptions issued:
6	(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
7	number of the licensed primary care provider; and
8	(B) The printed, stamped, typed, or hand-printed
9	name, address, and phone number of both the
10	licensed primary care provider and prescribing
11	psychologist; and
12	(C) The signature of the prescribing psychologist."
13	SECTION 5. Section 329-39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
15	"(b) Whenever a pharmacist sells or dispenses any
16	controlled substance on a prescription issued by a physician,
17	dentist, podiatrist, or veterinarian, or any psychotropic
18	medication on a prescription issued by a prescribing
19	<pre>psychologist, the pharmacist shall affix to the bottle or other</pre>
20	container in which the drug is sold or dispensed:
21	(1) The pharmacy's name and business address;

1	(2)	The serial number of the prescription;
2	(3)	The name of the patient or, if the patient is an
3		animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the
4		species of the animal;
5	(4)	The name of the physician, dentist, podiatrist, [or]
6		veterinarian, or prescribing psychologist, by whom the
7		prescription is written; and
8	(5)	Such directions as may be stated on the prescription."
9	SECT	ION 6. Section 346-59.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
11	"(i)	All psychotropic medications covered by this section
12	shall be	prescribed by a psychiatrist, a physician, [or] an
13	advanced	practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority
14	under cha	pter 457 and duly licensed in the State[+], or a
15	prescribi	ng psychologist authorized under part of chapter
16	465."	
17	SECT	ION 7. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended b	y designating sections 465-1 to 465-15 as part I and
19	inserting	a title before section 465-1 to read as follows:

1

16

17

18

Section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 SECTION 8. amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows: 3 4 "(e) [Nothing] Other than as provided in part _____, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as permitting the 5 6 administration or prescription of drugs, or in any way engaging in the practice of medicine as defined in the laws of the 7 8 State." SECTION 9. (a) The board of psychology shall submit a 9 report to the legislature, no later than twenty days prior to 10 the convening of the regular session of 2021, on the 11 authorization of prescriptive authority to prescribing 12 psychologists who meet specific education, training, and 13 registration requirements pursuant to this Act. 14 The board of psychology shall collaborate with the 15 (b)

"PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS"

illness who are subject to the department's jurisdiction.

SECTION 10. If any provision of this Act, or the

application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held

regarding the treatment of patients who are forensically

encumbered or patients with a diagnosis of serious mental

department of health when preparing information in the report

- 1 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 2 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 3 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 4 of this Act are severable.
- 5 SECTION 11. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 6 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 7 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 8 the new sections in this Act.
- 9 SECTION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 11 SECTION 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2070,
- 12 and shall be repealed on August 31, 2025; provided that, upon
- 13 repeal, sections 329-1, 329-38, 329-39, 346-59.9, and 465-3,
- 14 Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in the form in which
- 15 they read on June 30, 2070.

Report Title:

Clinical Psychologists; Prescriptive Authority Privilege

Description:

Authorizes and establishes procedures and criteria for prescriptive authority for clinical psychologists who meet specific education, training, and registration requirements. Requires the Board of Psychology to report to the Legislature prior to the Regular Session of 2021. (SB384 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.