A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that invasive species
3	collectively present one of the single greatest threats to
4	Hawaii's economy and natural environment, its native species,
5	and the health and lifestyle of Hawaii's people. Impacts of
6	invasive species have been severe, negative, and expensive and
7	have included serious habitat degradation, extinction of nativ
8	species, increased wildfire risk, increases in the cost of
9	agriculture and livestock production, and many other impacts.
10	For example, the State's horticultural and agricultural
11	industries face a serious threat from the introduction of the
12	plant diseases citrus black spot (Phyllosticta citricarpa),
13	citrus canker (Xanthomonas axonopodis), and citrus greening or
14	huanglongbing (Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus), and fruit
15	flies (species in the family Tephritidae).
16	The legislature also finds that protecting Hawaii from
17	invasive pests requires more than the mere application of

- 1 chemicals to each new infestation. Necessary actions include
- 2 efforts to prevent pests from entering the State and spreading
- 3 within the State.
- 4 The legislature, like the federal government, recognizes
- 5 the value of preventing the movement of invasive pests.
- 6 Section 10811 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act
- 7 of 2002 requires the United States Department of Agriculture to
- 8 inspect all passengers, baggage, cargo, and any other articles
- 9 moving from Hawaii to other areas of the United States.
- 10 However, federal law does not require any similar inspections of
- 11 passengers or material arriving in Hawaii from the continental
- 12 United States. The legislature believes that the State should
- 13 have the authority to conduct those inspections if the federal
- 14 government will not do so.
- 15 The legislature finds that if an invasive pest infestation
- 16 that will seriously impact residents, businesses, or native
- 17 species is found within the State, the infested material should
- 18 be contained to prevent the spread of the pest so it does not
- 19 move across an island. Further, the infested material or area
- 20 should be treated to control or eradicate the pest. Preventing
- 21 the spread of invasive species protects agricultural producers

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- ${f 1}$ and businesses. Preventing the sale of merchandise that is
- 2 infested with pests addresses the highest-risk situations where
- 3 unsuspecting consumers purchase pest-infested merchandise and
- 4 bring the merchandise home, spreading the pest across an island.
- 5 Notably, there exists a serious danger to the forests and the
- 6 horticultural and agricultural industries of Hawaii from the
- 7 introduction of plant pathogens and other pests transported in
- 8 or on firewood from outside the State, including Agrilus
- 9 planipennis (emerald ash borer), Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian
- 10 longhorned beetle), Solenopsis invicta (red imported fire ant),
- 11 and bark and ambrosia beetles, including Euwallacea species and
- 12 associated fungal pathogens.
- The legislature notes that other states routinely
- 14 quarantine areas that are infested with a high impact pest and
- 15 prevent the sale of infested merchandise. In cases of high
- 16 impact species, other states quarantine the infested areas. For
- 17 instance, in June 2023, after the highly invasive giant African
- 18 land snail was detected north of Miami, the State of Florida
- 19 declared a quarantine and treatment area of several square miles
- 20 in Broward County. Florida quarantined the movement of the
- 21 snails themselves and other materials that could be harboring

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- 1 the snails, including plants, soil, and certain building
- 2 materials. Florida subsequently commenced a robust program
- 3 using molluscicide, or snail bait, on properties in the area,
- 4 followed by multiple surveys to assess the effectiveness of the
- 5 quarantine and treatment.
- 6 In Oregon, the state's agricultural department took steps
- 7 to eradicate the Japanese beetle, a serious pest of ornamental
- 8 plants, turfgrass, and crops grown in the state. The
- 9 department's efforts included the quarantine of yard debris,
- 10 including grass clippings and plants with soil, and the
- 11 implementation of sod. The quarantine required residents to
- 12 contain their yard waste and deliver it to a specific location.
- 13 The state also treated private property, either with the consent
- 14 of the landowner or pursuant to an administrative warrant, with
- 15 appropriate pesticide.
- 16 The legislature notes that the prevention of the spread of
- 17 invasive pests in Hawaii is part of the state department of
- 18 agriculture's responsibility to promote agriculture in the
- 19 State. However, the department has limited staff and resources
- 20 and has not been able to update its administrative rules to
- 21 adapt to new invasive pests and control methods. The department

1	has not	developed	a list	of rest	ricted plant	s pursuan	t to
2	section	150A-6.1,	Hawaii	Revised	Statutes, s	since that	statutory

- 3 section was enacted on July 1, 2000. Further, the department
- 4 last updated its list of noxious weeds and their distribution
- 5 more than thirty years ago. The department has also not had the
- 6 capacity to add many high impact pests, including the two-lined
- 7 spittlebug (Prosapia bicincta) that has been devastating ranch
- 8 lands on Hawaii island since its detection in 2016, to its list
- 9 of pests for control and eradication, which was last updated in
- **10** 2008.
- 11 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 12 (1) Require the department of agriculture to designate
- 13 certain species as pests, and periodically update taxa
- 14 designated as pests, for control or eradication and
- develop and implement a control or eradication program
- 16 for each designated pest but, if the department fails
- to do so, authorize the applicable county to develop
- or implement the program;
- 19 (2) Establish a plant nursery licensing program, as part
- of the department of agriculture's biosecurity
- 21 program, to regulate the sale of nursery stock;

1	(3)	Prohibit the import of any material intested or
2		infected with a pest or that is a pest unless imported
3		under an appropriate permit or compliance agreement
4		and amend the department of agriculture's authority to
5		impose other limits on imports and transportation; and
6	(4)	Amend the method by which the board of agriculture
7		makes and updates noxious weed designations and
8		clarify responsibilities for the control or
9		eradication of noxious weeds.
10		PART II
11	SECT	ION 2. Section 141-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended t	o read as follows:
13	"§14	1-2 Rules. Subject to chapter 91, the department of
14	agricultu	re shall adopt, amend, and repeal rules not
15	inconsist	ent with law, for and concerning:
16	(1)	The introduction, transportation, and propagation of
17		trees, shrubs, herbs, and other plants;
18	(2)	The quarantine, inspection, fumigation, disinfection,
19		destruction, or exclusion, either upon introduction
20		into the State, or at any time or place within the
21		State, of any [nursery-stock.] nursery stock, tree

1	shrub, herb, vine, cut-flower, cutting, graft, scion,
2	bud, seed, leaf, root, or rhizome; any nut, fruit, or
3	vegetable; any grain, cereal, or legume in the natural
4	or raw state; any moss, hay, straw, dry-grass, or
5	other forage; any unmanufactured log, limb, or timber;
6	or any other plant growth or plant product unprocessed
7	or in the raw state; any sand, soil, or earth; any
8	live bird, reptile, insect, or other animal, in any
9	stage of development, that is in addition to the
10	so-called domestic animals, which are provided for in
11	section 142-2; and any box, barrel, crate, or other
12	containers in which the articles, substances, or
13	objects have been transported or contained, and any
14	packing material used in connection therewith, or any
15	other pest host material that is or may be diseased or
16	infested with insects or likely to assist in the
17	transmission or dissemination of any insect or plant
18	disease injurious, harmful, or detrimental, or likely
19	to become injurious, harmful, or detrimental to the
20	agricultural or horticultural industries or the
21	forests of the State, or the public health and

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1	welfare, or that is or may be in itself injurious,
2	harmful, or detrimental to the same; provided that
3	included therein may be rules governing the
4	transportation of any of the articles, substances, or
5	objects enumerated above in this section between
6	different localities on any one of the islands within
7	the State;

The prohibition of importation into the State, from any or all foreign countries or from other parts of the United States, or the shipment from one island within the State to another island therein, or the transportation from one part or locality of any island to another part or locality of the same island, of any [specific] article, substance, or object or class of articles, substances, or objects[, among those enumerated above in this section,] that is diseased or infested with insects or likely to assist in the transmission or dissemination of any insect or plant disease injurious, harmful, or detrimental or likely to be injurious, harmful, or detrimental to the agricultural or horticultural industries, or the

1		forests of the State, or that is or may be in itself
2		injurious, harmful, or detrimental to the same;
3	(4)	The preparation by cargo carriers of manifests of
4		cargo transported into the State or between islands of
5		the State and the submission of the manifests to the
6		department;
7	(5)	The establishment, maintenance, and enforcement of
8		compliance agreements with federal or state
9		departments of agriculture authorizing agriculture
10		inspectors from the state of origin in the case of
11		imports to the State, or state agricultural inspectors
12		in the case of state exports, to monitor the growing
13		and packing of plant commodities and any treatment
14		procedures to ensure compliance with quarantine laws,
15		and further authorizing the assessment of fees for
16		conducting inspections required under the compliance
17		agreement; [and]
18	(6)	The manner in which agricultural product promotion and
19		research activities may be undertaken, after
20		coordinating with the agribusiness development
21		corporation[→]; and

1	<u>(7)</u>	The protection of members of the public and property.
2	All	rules adopted under this section shall have the force
3	and effec	et of law."
4	SECT	TION 3. Section 141-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended t	to read as follows:
6	"§1 4	1-3 Designation of pests; control or eradication of
7	pests; em	ergency power. (a) The department of agriculture
8	shall [d e	esignate]:
9	(1)	Designate the coconut rhinoceros beetle (Oryctes
10		rhinoceros), coqui frog (Eleutherodactylus coqui),
11		little fire ant (Wasmannia auropunctata), and two-
12		lined spittlebug (Prosapia bicincta) as [a pest. All
13		other pest designations shall be established by rule,
14		including pests for control or eradication;
15	(2)	Designate, by rule, other pests for control or
16		eradication and update designated taxa no less than
17		once every two years; and
18	(3)	Establish, by rule, the criteria and procedures for
19		the designation of pests for control or
20		eradication[-]; provided that criteria shall be
21		written with the understanding that:

1	(A)	Pest	s designated for control or eradication shall
2		be:	
3		<u>(i)</u>	High-risk pests upon which statewide or
4			local control is necessary to prevent
5			serious impacts to native species and the
6			environment; or
7		<u>(ii)</u>	Injurious, deleterious, or likely to become
8			injurious or deleterious to the public
9			health and welfare, private property, or the
10			agricultural, horticultural, aquacultural,
11			or livestock industries of the State; and
12	<u>(B)</u>	Not o	every invasive species poses a risk that
13		warr	ants designation of the species as a pest for
14		cont	rol or eradication.
15	(b) The	depar	tment of agriculture [shall], so far as
16	reasonably pra	ctical	ole, <u>shall</u> assist, free of cost to
17	[individuals,]	pers	ons, in the control or eradication of
18	insects, mites	, dis	eases, noxious weeds, or other pests or any
19	other taxa inj	uriou	s to the environment or vegetation of value;
20	and in the inv	estiga	ation, suppression, and eradication of
21	contagious, in	fecti	ous, and communicable diseases among domestic

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- 1 animals; and shall in like manner distribute to points where
- 2 needed, beneficial insects, or pathogens and other antidotes for
- 3 the control of insects, mites, diseases, or other pests or any
- 4 other taxa injurious to the environment or vegetation of value,
- 5 and for the control or eradication of vegetation of a noxious
- 6 character.
- 7 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the department
- 8 finds the incipient infestation of a pest that [has an adverse
- 9 effect on the environment or that] is injurious or deleterious
- 10 or that is likely to become injurious or deleterious to native
- 11 species, the environment, public health and welfare, private
- 12 property, or the agricultural, horticultural, aquacultural, or
- 13 livestock industries of the State without immediate action, it
- 14 may proceed without prior notice or upon a minimum of forty-
- 15 eight hours notice and hearing to adopt an emergency rule for
- 16 the eradication of the pest [to], or incipient infestation,
- 17 regardless of whether the pest is currently designated as a pest
- 18 for control or eradication. The emergency rule shall be
- 19 effective for a period of [not] no longer than one hundred
- 20 eighty days without renewal."

1	SECTION 4. Section 141-3.5, Hawali Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"§141-3.5 Control or eradication programs. (a) The
4	department of agriculture shall develop and implement a detailed
5	control or eradication program for [any pest] each taxa
6	designated [in] as a pest for control or eradication pursuant to
7	section 141-3, using the best available technology in a manner
8	consistent with state and federal law. Each program shall
9	include actions to prevent the introduction or spread of the
10	pest, including the quarantine of appropriate material within
11	the infested area, treatment to control or eradicate the pest,
12	and outreach to the affected communities. The department shall
13	consider that risks posed by a pest may be different for
14	different islands of the State; provided that the department
15	shall consider conditions and impacts to each island in
16	developing and implementing each program required by this
17	section.
18	(b) If the department does not develop and implement a
19	detailed control or eradication program for a taxa designated as
20	a pest for control or eradication pursuant to section 141-3 on
21	an island where the pest is, or is likely to be, a threat to



- public health and welfare, or private property, and is therefore
 public nuisance, the applicable county may develop or
- 3 implement a program for the pest on that island or the impacted
- 4 area of that island.
- 5 [\(\frac{(b)}{c}\)] (c) For any pest designated by emergency rule as
- 6 provided in section 141-3, the department of agriculture or the
- 7 applicable county shall implement an emergency program using the
- 8 best available technology in a manner consistent with state and
- 9 federal law.
- 10 $[\frac{(c)}{(c)}]$ (d) The department of agriculture:
- 11 (1) In conjunction with the Hawaii [Ant Lab, and lab, may
- identify best practices for the treatment of little
- fire ants; and
- 14 (2) Shall post on its website any best practices
- identified for the treatment of little fire ants."
- 16 SECTION 5. Section 141-3.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "§141-3.6 Entry of private property to control or
- 19 eradicate any pests. (a) The department of agriculture or
- 20 applicable county shall give at least five days notice to the
- 21 landowner and the occupier of any private property of its

- 1 intention to enter the property [for the control or eradication
- 2 of a pest.] to carry out a control or eradication program
- 3 developed pursuant to section 141-3.5, including the quarantine
- 4 of materials. Written notice sent to the landowner's last known
- 5 address by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt
- 6 requested, shall be deemed sufficient notice. If certified mail
- 7 is impractical because the department or county, despite
- 8 diligent efforts, cannot determine land ownership or because of
- 9 urgent need to initiate control or eradication measures, notice
- 10 given once in a daily or weekly publication of general
- 11 circulation, in the county where any action or proposed action
- 12 will be taken, or notice made as otherwise provided by law,
- 13 shall be deemed sufficient notice. The notice shall set forth
- 14 all pertinent information on the [pest] control or eradication
- 15 program and the procedures and methods to be used for control or
- 16 eradication.
- 17 (b) After notice as required by subsection (a), any member
- 18 of the department, employee of the county, or any agent
- 19 authorized by the department or county may enter at reasonable
- 20 times any private property other than dwelling places to
- 21 [maintain a pest] carry out a control or eradication program[7]

- 1 <u>developed pursuant to section 141-3.5,</u> being liable only for
- 2 damage caused by acts beyond the scope of the person's
- 3 authority, or the person's negligence, gross negligence, or
- 4 intentional misconduct. If [entry is refused,] the landowner or
- 5 land occupier does not consent, the department member, county
- 6 employee, or any authorized agent may apply to the district
- 7 court in the circuit in which the property is located for a
- 8 warrant to enter on the premises to effectuate the purposes of
- 9 this chapter. The district court may issue a warrant directing
- 10 a [police] law enforcement officer of the circuit to assist the
- 11 department member, county employee, or any authorized agent in
- 12 gaining entry onto the premises during regular working hours or
- 13 at other reasonable times."
- 14 SECTION 6. Section 141-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "\$141-6 Appeal from [inspector's decision.] certain
- 17 decisions. Any person who feels aggrieved at any decision of
- 18 the chairperson of the board of agriculture, the chairperson's
- 19 designee, or any inspector of the department of agriculture
- 20 shall have the right to appeal from the decision to the board of
- 21 agriculture. The board shall give a prompt hearing to the

- 1 appellant and the [inspector] chairperson of the board of
- 2 agriculture upon the appeal, and decide the question at issue,
- 3 which decision shall be subject to judicial review as provided
- 4 in chapter 91."
- 5 PART III
- 6 SECTION 7. Chapter 150A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 8 to read as follows:
- 9 "PART . PLANT NURSERY LICENSING PROGRAM
- 10 §150A-A Definitions. For the purposes of this part,
- 11 unless the context requires otherwise:
- 12 "Best management practices" means processes and actions
- 13 based on the best available science that provide the most
- 14 cost-effective and efficacious way to address an issue,
- 15 including the prevention or reduction of pest and pathogen
- 16 problems.
- 17 "Effective control" means the elimination or reduction of
- 18 low-priority pests to the point of an acceptable economic and
- 19 environmental risk.
- 20 "High-priority pest" means a pest, including a noxious
- **21** weed:

1	(1)	That is not known to appear frequently within the
2		State;
3	(2)	That has a limited distribution within the State;
4	(3)	That the department or other government entity
5		attempts to contain, suppress, or reduce within the
6		State or an area of the State; and
7	(4)	Whose introduction causes or is likely to cause
8		economic or environmental harm or harm to human
9		health.
10	"Low	-priority pest" means a pest that is not a
11	high-prio	rity pest and may be controlled so that the pest does
12	not pose	an unacceptable economic or environmental risk.
13	"Pla	nt nursery license" means a license issued pursuant to
14	this part	
15	"Sal	e" or "sell" means offering, exposing, or possessing
16	for sale,	exchange, barter, or trade.
17	"Sta	ndards of nursery cleanliness", with respect to a
18	location	where nursery stock is produced or sold, means:
19	(1)	The implementation at the location of any method of
20		treatment required by the department for any pest;

1	(2)	That nursery stock or other material infested or
2		infected with pests at the location is isolated
3		pending treatment or disposal;
4	(3)	That actions are carried out to the extent that is
5		reasonably necessary to ensure the location and all
6		nursery stock produced or sold at the location are
7		free from pests; and
8	(4)	The fulfillment of any other standard required by the
9		department for the location.
10	§150	A-B Plant nursery licenses required; exemption. (a)
11	A person	engaged with the sale of nursery stock shall inform the
12	departmen	t of the existence of the person's operation and obtain
13	a valid p	lant nursery license pursuant to this part for the
14	operation	, unless the person sells seeds and does not sell or
15	ship any	other nursery stock.
16	(b)	A person shall obtain a plant nursery license for each
17	location	where the person sells or grows nursery stock.
18	(c)	The department may publish on its website and in any
19	other app	ropriate form a list of persons that hold a valid plant
20	nursery l	icense.

1	§150	A-C Full plant nursery licenses; requirements;
2	duration.	(a) Each person seeking a full plant nursery license
3	or a rene	wal of a full plant nursery license shall submit to the
4	departmen	t:
5	(1)	An application; and
6	(2)	A fee pursuant to section 150A-D.
7	(d)	A person shall be eligible to receive and continue
8	operating	under a full plant nursery license for a location if
9	the person	n:
10	(1)	Demonstrates good faith in seeking to carry on the
11		business of selling nursery stock;
12	(2)	Does not sell any plant species designated by the
13		department as a noxious weed or restricted plant;
14	(3)	Consents to and agrees to cooperate with all
15		inspections authorized by section 150A-F;
16	(4)	Passes all authorized inspections;
17	(5)	Maintains the location free from high-priority pests;
18	(6)	Has effective control of low-priority pests;
19	(7)	Implements standards of nursery cleanliness at the
20		location; and

- (8) Implements any best management practices required by
 the department for the location.
- 3 (c) A full plant nursery license:
- 4 (1) Shall be valid for a period of one year; and
- (2) May be renewed for additional periods of one year perrenewal.
- 7 §150A-D Full plant nursery licenses; fees. (a) Each
- 8 application for the issuance or renewal of a full plant nursery
- 9 license shall be accompanied by a license fee in an amount
- 10 determined by the department.
- 11 (b) The fee required by subsection (a) shall be determined
- 12 based on:
- (1) Quantity and dollar value of nursery stock sales;
- 14 (2) Acreage used by the applicant to produce, store, or
- sell nursery stock; and
- 16 (3) Any other criteria the department determines is
- appropriate.
- 18 (c) No portion of the fee required by subsection (a) may
- 19 be refunded to a person if the department denies an application
- 20 for a full plant nursery license or renewal or revokes the
- 21 license pursuant to section 150A-G.

1	(d) <i>i</i>	All f	fees collected under this section shall be paid to
2	the depart	ment	and deposited into the pest inspection,
3	quarantine	, and	d eradication fund established pursuant to section
4	150A-4.5.		
5	§150A	-E]	emporary plant nursery licenses; small seller
6	plant nurse	ery l	icenses. (a) A person is eligible to receive
7	and continu	ue op	perating under a temporary plant nursery license
8	if the pers	son:	
9	(1) A	Appli	es for a temporary plant nursery license;
10	(2)	Is a	nonprofit, charitable, educational, or religious
11	(organ	nization;
12	(3) I	Demor	strates to the department's satisfaction that:
13		(A)	The person will sell nursery stock for no more
14			than days in a calendar year;
15		(B)	The person does not sell any plant species
16			designated by the department as a noxious weed or
17			restricted plant;
18		(C)	The person's total annual sales of nursery stock
19			will not exceed \$ · and

1		(D) The person will use the proceeds of the sale of
2		nursery stock for charitable, educational, or
3		religious purposes;
4	(4)	Obtains nursery stock from a person with a valid plant
5		nursery license;
6	(5)	Imports necessary stock subject to rules; and
7	(6)	Uses best management practices for nursery stock and
8		the sale of the nursery stock required by the
9		department for temporary plant nursery license
10		holders.
11	(b)	A person is eligible to receive and continue operating
12	under a s	mall seller plant nursery license if the person:
13	(1)	Applies for a small seller plant nursery license;
14	(2)	Demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that the
15		person's total annual sales of nursery stock will not
16		exceed \$;
17	(3)	Does not sell any plant species designated by the
18		department as a noxious weed or restricted plant;
19	(4)	Produces nursery stock with, or obtains nursery stock
20		from, a person with a valid plant nursery license;
21	(5)	Imports necessary stock subject to rules; and

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1	(6)	Uses best management practices for nursery stock and
2		the sale of the nursery stock required by the
3		department for small seller plant nursery license
4		holders.

- (c) The department may inspect the plant nursery location,
 all nursery stock at the plant nursery location, and any other
 area used by an applicant or licensee to produce, store, or sell
 nursery stock under a temporary plant nursery license or a small
 seller plant nursery license.
- 10 (d) The department may charge a fee for the issuance of a
 11 temporary plant nursery license or a small seller plant nursery
 12 license; provided that all fees collected under this section
 13 shall be deposited into the pest inspection, quarantine, and
 14 eradication fund established pursuant to section 150A-4.5.
- 15 §150A-F Inspection; quarantine. (a) After receiving an application for issuance or renewal of a plant nursery license for a location, an inspector shall inspect the location, all nursery stock at the location, and any other area used by the applicant to produce or store nursery stock to be sold at the location before the issuance or renewal of the plant nursery license.

- 1 (b) The department may conduct additional inspections of
- 2 any location issued a plant nursery license with or without
- 3 notice, at any time and in any manner as the department
- 4 determines appropriate.
- 5 (c) No applicant or licensee shall deny access to or
- 6 impede an inspector conducting an inspection under this section
- 7 or hinder the inspection by misrepresenting or concealing facts
- 8 or conditions.
- 9 (d) To be eligible to receive and continue operating under
- 10 a plant nursery license, an applicant or licensee that sells
- 11 nursery stock shall ensure that each location at which the
- 12 applicant or licensee operates shall be found at each inspection
- 13 authorized under this section to:
- 14 (1) Be free from high-priority pests;
- 15 (2) Have effective control of low-priority pests;
- 16 (3) Be implementing standards of nursery cleanliness; and
- 17 (4) Be implementing any best management practices required
- by the department.
- 19 (e) If the department is notified pursuant to an
- 20 inspection authorized under this section or any other means that
- 21 a high-priority pest is present in nursery stock or a location

1	where nur	sery stock is present, that low-priority pests are not
2	under eff	ective control at a location, or that the holder of a
3	full plan	t nursery license, temporary plant nursery license, or
4	small sel	ler plant nursery license is otherwise not in
5	compliance	e with the requirements of this part, the department:
6	(1)	Shall place a quarantine order for the affected
7		nursery stock or location and mitigate potential
8		spread and, if appropriate, shall place a destruction
9		order for the affected nursery stock;
10	(2)	Shall notify the person applying for or holding the
11		full plant nursery license, temporary plant nursery
12		license, or small seller plant nursery license for the
13		affected nursery stock or location of the existence of
14		the high-priority pest, low-priority pest, or other
15		compliance issue and advise the person on acceptable
16		mitigation methods; and
17	(3)	Shall mitigate and require the affected nursery stock,
18		affected material, and affected location to be
19		mitigated by whatever means necessary, including
20		destruction, confiscation, treatment, return shipment,

or quarantine, at the expense of the nursery or person

21

1	without any form of compensation from the department
2	or State.
3	(f) During the period when an order under subsection (e)
4	is in effect for nursery stock or a location, the person
5	operating the plant nursery location shall not sell, ship,
6	transport, give away, or otherwise move, alter, or tamper with
7	affected nursery stock or material at the location, other than
8	for activities to mitigate the high-priority or low-priority
9	pests or other compliance issue.
10	(g) The applicant or person affected by the department's
11	actions under subsection (e) may submit a request to the
12	department for a contested case hearing in writing within thirty
13	days following the date of the department's notice issued under
14	subsection (e).
15	§150A-G Refusal to issue or renew; suspension; revocation.
16	Subject to chapter 91 and the rules adopted by the board, the
17	department may refuse to issue or renew a full plant nursery
18	license, temporary plant nursery license, or small seller plant
19	nursery license or may suspend or revoke a full plant nursery
20	license, temporary plant nursery license, or small seller plant

1	nursery r	icense for a focacion if the department determines the
2	the licen	see or the applicant has:
3	(1)	Wilfully refused to comply with this part or other
4		laws relating to nursery stock or to any pest that
5		might be carried by nursery stock;
6	(2)	Committed fraud or deception in obtaining the plant
7		nursery license;
8	(3)	Committed fraud or misrepresentation in the handling
9		or sale of nursery stock;
10	(.4)	Failed to maintain the nursery stock or location:
11		(A) Free from high-priority pests;
12		(B) With effective control of low-priority pests; or
13		(C) In accordance with any best management practices
14		required by the department;
15	(5)	Failed to maintain nursery stock produced, stored, or
16		sold by the licensee or applicant in accordance with
17		the standards of nursery cleanliness; or
18	(6)	Failed to comply with any lawful order issued by the
19		department.
20	§150	A-H Civil penalties. (a) A person who violates any
21	provision	of this part or any rule adopted by the department

1	pursuant to this part shall be fined no more than
2	\$ for each separate offense. Each date of violation
3	shall constitute a separate offense. Any action taken to impose
4	or collect the penalty provided for in this subsection shall be
5	considered a civil action.
6	(b) All fines collected under this section shall be paid
7	to the department and deposited into the pest inspection,
8	quarantine, and eradication fund under section 150A-4.5."
9	SECTION 8. Chapter 150A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
11	designated and to read as follows:
12	"§150A- Firewood quarantine. (a) The import of
13	firewood into the State and the transportation or sale within
14	the State of firewood imported into the State are prohibited
15	<pre>except for:</pre>
16	(1) Firewood that is certified by an appropriate federal
17	or state agency as heat-treated and labeled in
18	accordance with subsection (b); or
19	(2) Firewood imported pursuant to subsection (c) and
20	labeled in accordance with subsection (b).

1	(b)	Firewood imported into the State shall bear a clear
2	and consp	picuous label that contains the following information on
3	each pack	age of firewood intended to be offered, exposed, or
4	held for	sale:
5	(1)	The state of origin of the firewood;
6	(2)	If the firewood is imported pursuant to
7		subsection (a)(1):
8		(A) A statement that the firewood has been certified
9		as heat-treated; and
10		(B) The name of the federal or state certifying
11		agency and the certification number;
12	(3)	Identification of the commodity as firewood, unless
13		the contents can be easily identified through the
14		wrapper or container; and
15	(4)	The name and address of the manufacturer, packer, or
16		distributor of the firewood.
17	(c)	The chairperson may allow the importation or sale of
18	firewood	on a case-by-case basis if the person producing,
19	processin	g, or importing the firewood is operating under a
20	complianc	e agreement or other contract with an appropriate

- 1 <u>federal or state agency that the chairperson determines will</u>
- 2 ensure that the firewood:
- 3 (1) Is heat-treated; or
- 4 (2) Will not pose an unacceptable risk of introducing or
- 5 spreading an insect, disease, or other pest.
- 6 (d) The chairperson may at any time revoke an exemption
- 7 under subsection (c) due to a change in the risk assessment.
- **8** (e) Any person that imports firewood into the State shall
- 9 maintain, and make available to the chairperson upon request,
- 10 records of those imports for at least two years.
- 11 (f) Firewood harvested within the State shall not be
- 12 subject to the requirements of this section.
- 13 (g) As used in this section:
- 14 "Firewood" means any kindling, logs, timber, or other
- 15 portions of a tree of any species four feet or less in length,
- 16 cut or split, or intended to be cut or split, into a form and
- 17 size appropriate for use as fuel for fires in an open or closed
- 18 pit, grill, fireplace, stove, wood burning furnace, or in any
- 19 other form commonly used for burning in campfires, stoves, or
- 20 fireplaces.

1	"Hea	t-tre	ated" with respect to firewood means firewood that
2	has been	heate	d to a minimum wood core temperature of one
3	hundred s	ixty	degrees Fahrenheit for seventy-five minutes.
4	<u>§150</u>	A -	Cooperative enforcement of pest quarantines.
5	Interstat	e shi	pments for entry into the State shall be subject
6	to the fo	llowi	ng:
7	(1)	No r	egulated article shall enter the State if it is:
8		(A)	Prohibited from interstate movement pursuant to a
9			quarantine issued by the United States Department
10			of Agriculture or a valid quarantine issued by a
11			state; or
12		<u>(B)</u>	Required by the United States Department of
13			Agriculture to be certified to prevent the
14			movement of a pest and found to be infested with
15			the pest;
16	(2)	The	owner or carrier of regulated articles that are
17		repo	rtedly originating in nonregulated areas of a
18		quar	antined state shall provide proof of origin of the
19		regu	lated articles through an invoice, waybill, or
20		othe	r shipping document; and

1	(3) If only a portion of a state is under a federal or
2	state quarantine, the entry of the shipment into the
3	State shall not be refused, nor shall a certificate be
4	required if the article originates from a nonregulated
5	area of the shipping state, unless the article is
6	found to be infested or prohibited."
7	SECTION 9. Chapter 150A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding a new section to part III to be appropriately
9	designated and to read as follows:
10	"§150A- Plant nursery license required. No
11	certification or service related to nursery stock shall be
12	provided under this part to a person who is required to obtain a
13	plant nursery license pursuant to part for the nursery stock
14	unless the person has obtained the required plant nursery
15	license."
16	SECTION 10. Section 150A-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	"[+]\$150A-1[+] Short title. This chapter may be cited as
19	the "Hawaii [Plant Quarantine] <u>Invasive Species</u> Law"."
20	SECTION 11. Section 150A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended as follows:



1	1. By adding seven new definitions to be appropriately
2	inserted and to read:
3	""Compliance agreement" means a written agreement:
4	(1) Between the department and a person who carries out
5	commercial activities; and
6	(2) That includes any terms or conditions the chairperson
7	determines will slow or prevent the spread of a pest.
8	"Infested" means harboring a pest.
9	"Infested area" means an island or locality within the
10	State where a specific pest is known to be established.
11	"Nursery stock" means any plant for planting, propagation,
12	or ornamentation, including all plants, trees, shrubs, vines,
13	perennials, grafts, cuttings, and buds that may be sold for
14	propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all viable parts or
15	these plants.
16	"Person" means any individual, firm, corporation,
17	association, partnership, or other entity, including a
18	governmental entity or nonprofit organization.
19	"Pest host material" means any plant, propagative plant
20	part, non-propagative plant part, soil, or any other matter or
21	object that is found to be transporting or harboring a pest.



1	"Restricted area" means an island or locality within the
2	State where a specific pest is not known to be established or
3	where an eradication or control project for a specified pest is
4	being conducted by the department or an entity recognized by the
5	chairperson."
6	2. By amending the definition of "pest" to read:
7	""Pest" means [any] <u>:</u>
8	(1) Any animal, insect, disease agent or other organism in
9	any stage of development that is detrimental or
10	potentially harmful to agriculture, or horticulture,
11	or animal or public health, or natural resources
12	including native biota or has an adverse effect on the
13	environment [as]; or
14	(2) Any taxa determined by the board[-] to be a pest."
15	SECTION 12. Section 150A-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
17	"(a) There is established in the state treasury the pest
18	inspection, quarantine, and eradication fund, into which shall
19	be deposited:
20	(1) Legislative appropriations for biosecurity and
21	inspection, quarantine, and eradication services;

1	(2)	Service fees, charges, and penalties collected under
2		section 150A-5.3;
3	(3)	Fees and fines collected under the plant nursery
4		licensing program pursuant to part ;
5	[-(3) -]	(4) Fees imposed for services pursuant to this
6		chapter or rules adopted under this chapter;
7	[(4)]	(5) Fines for violations of this chapter;
8	[(5)]	(6) Federal funds received for biosecurity, pest
9		inspection, control, management, quarantine, and
10		eradication programs;
11	[(6)]	(7) Grants and gifts;
12	[(7)]	(8) All interest earned or accrued on moneys
13		deposited in the fund; and
14	[(8)]	(9) Any other moneys made available to the fund."
15	SECT	ION 13. Section 150A-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to read as follows:	
17	"§ 1 50	OA-5 Conditions of importation. (a) The importation
18	into the S	State of any material that is infested or infected with
19	a pest or	that is itself a pest is prohibited unless imported
20	under an a	appropriate permit or compliance agreement.

1	(b) The importation into the State of any of the following
2	articles, viz., [nursery-stock,] nursery stock, tree, shrub,
3	herb, vine, cut-flower, cutting, graft, scion, bud, seed, leaf,
4	root, or rhizome; nut, fruit, or vegetable; grain, cereal, or
5	legume in the natural or raw state; moss, hay, straw, dry-grass,
6	or other forage; unmanufactured log, limb, or timber, or any
7	other plant-growth or plant-product, unprocessed or in the raw
8	state; soil; microorganisms; live bird, reptile, nematode,
9	insect, or any other animal in any stage of development (that is
10	in addition to the so-called domestic animal, the quarantine of
11	which is provided for in chapter 142); box, vehicle, baggage, or
12	any other container in which [such] the articles have been
13	transported or any packing material used in connection therewith
14	shall be made in the <u>following</u> manner [hereinafter set forth]:
15	(1) Notification of arrival. Any person who receives for
16	transport or brings or causes to be brought to the
17	State as freight, air freight, baggage, or otherwise,
18	for the purpose of debarkation or entry therein, or as
19	ship's stores, any of the foregoing articles, shall,
20	immediately upon the arrival thereof, notify the
21	department in writing of the arrival giving the

waybill number, container number, name and address of
the consignor, name and address of the consignee or
the consignee's agent in the State, marks, number of
packages, description of contents of each package,
port at which laden, and any other information that
may be necessary to locate or identify the same, and
shall hold such articles at the pier, airport, or any
other place where they are first received or
discharged, in such a manner that they will not spread
or be likely to spread any infestation or infection of
pests, including insects or diseases that may be
present until inspection and examination can be made
by the inspector to determine whether or not any
article, or any portion thereof, is infested or
infected with or contains any pest. The department
may adopt rules to require identification of specific
articles on negotiable and non-negotiable warehouse
receipts, bills of lading, or other documents of title
for inspection of pests. In addition, the department
shall adopt rules to designate restricted articles
that shall [require]:

		(A) [A] <u>Require a permit from the department in</u>
2		advance of importation; [or]
3		(B) [A] Require a department letter of authorization
4		or registration in advance of $importation[-]$; or
5		(C) Be imported pursuant to a compliance agreement.
6		The restricted articles shall include but not be
7		limited to certain microorganisms or living insects.
8		Failure to obtain the permit, letter of authorization,
9		or registration in advance is a violation of this
10		section;
11	(2)	Individual passengers, officers, and crew.
12		(A) It shall be the responsibility of the
13		transportation company to distribute, prior to
14		the debarkation of passengers and baggage, the
15		State of Hawaii plant and animal declaration form
16		to each passenger, officer, and crew member of
17		any aircraft or vessel originating in the
18		continental United States or its possessions or
19		from any other area not under the jurisdiction of
20		the appropriate federal agency [in order], so
21		that the passenger, officer, or crew member can

1		comply with the directions and requirements
2		appearing [thereon.] on the declaration form.
3		All passengers, officers, and crew members,
4		whether or not they are bringing or causing to be
5		brought for entry into the State the articles
6		listed on the <u>declaration</u> form, shall complete
7		the declaration[$_{7}$] $\underline{\text{form}_{r}}$ except that one adult
8		member of a family may complete the declaration
9		form for other family members. Any person who
10		defaces the declaration form required under this
11		section, gives false information, fails to
12		declare restricted articles in the person's
13		possession or baggage, or fails to declare in
14		cargo manifests is in violation of this section;
15	(B)	Completed declaration forms shall be collected by
16		the transportation company and be delivered,
17		immediately upon arrival, to the inspector at the
18		first airport or seaport of arrival. Failure to
19		distribute or collect declaration forms or to
20		immediately deliver completed <u>declaration</u> forms
21		is a violation of this section; and

1		(C) It shall be the responsibility of the officers
2		and crew of an aircraft or vessel originating in
3		the continental United States or its possessions
4		or from any other area not under the jurisdiction
5		of the appropriate federal agency to immediately
6		report all sightings of any plants and animals to
7		the plant quarantine branch. Failure to comply
8		with this requirement is a violation of this
9		section;
10	(3)	Plant and animal declaration form. The form shall
11		include directions for declaring domestic and other
12		animals cited in chapter 142, in addition to the
13		articles enumerated in this chapter;
14	(4)	Labels. Each container in which any of the
15		above-mentioned articles are imported into the State
16		shall be plainly and legibly marked, in a conspicuous
17		manner and place, with the name and address of the
18		shipper or owner forwarding or shipping the same, the
19		name or mark of the person to whom the same is
20		forwarded or shipped or the person's agent, the name

of the country, state, or territory and locality

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therein where the product was grown or produced, and a
statement of the contents of the container. Upon
failure to comply with this paragraph, the importer or
carrier is in violation of this section;
Authority to administratively inspect. [Whenever the
inspector has good cause to believe that the
provisions of this chapter are being violated, the An
inspector [may]:
(A) May conduct inspections of persons, baggage,
cargo, and any other articles destined for
movement between the islands of the State or
imported into the State from the continental
United States or any United States territory for
the purpose of determining whether an insect,
pest, disease, or regulated or restricted taxa is
present;
(A) Enter] (B) May enter and inspect any aircraft,
vessel, or other carrier at any time after its
arrival within the boundaries of the State,
whether offshore, at the pier, or at the airport,
and enter into or upon any pier, warehouse,



1		airport, or any other place in the State for the
2		purpose of [determining whether any of the
3		articles or pests enumerated in this chapter or
4		rules adopted thereto, is present;
5	(B)	Enter into or upon any pier, warehouse, airport,
6		or any other place in the State where any of the
7		above-mentioned articles are moved or stored, for
8		the purpose of ascertaining, by inspection and
9		examination, whether or not any of the articles
10		is infested or infected with any pest or disease
11		or contaminated with soil or contains prohibited
12		plants or animals; and] conducting inspections
13		authorized by subparagraph (A);
14	(C)	[Inspect any baggage or personal effects of
15		disembarking passengers, officers, and crew
16		members on aircraft or vessels arriving in the
17		State to ascertain if they contain any of the
18		articles or pests enumerated in this chapter.
19		No] Shall inform passengers and crew members that
20		their baggage [or] and other personal effects [of
21		the passengers or crew members] shall not be

1		released until the baggage [or] and personal
2		effects have been passed[. Baggage or]; and
3	<u>(D)</u>	Shall have the discretion to inspect baggage and
4		cargo [inspection shall be made at the discretion
5		of the inspector, on the pier, vessel, or
6		aircraft or in any quarantine or inspection
7		area[-
8		Whenever the inspector has good cause to believe
9	that	the provisions of this chapter are being
10	viol	ated, the inspector may require that any box,
11	pack	age, suitcase, or any other container carried as
12	ship	's stores, cargo, or otherwise by any vessel or
13	aire	raft moving between the continental United States
14	and	Hawaii or between the Hawaiian Islands, be opened
15	for	inspection to determine whether any article or
16	pest	- prohibited by this chapter or by rules adopted
17	purs	uant thereto is present. It is a violation of
18	this	section if any prohibited article or any pest or
19	any	plant, fruit, or vegetable infested with plant
20	pest	s is found];

1	(0)	request I	of importation and inspection. In addition
2		to requir	ements of the <u>appropriate</u> United States
3		[customs]	authorities concerning invoices or other
4		formaliti	es incident to importations into the State,
5		the impor	ter shall be required to file a written
6		statement	with the department, signed by the importer
7		or the im	porter's agent, setting forth the importer's
8		desire to	import certain of the above-mentioned
9		articles	into the State and:
10		(A) Givi	ng the following additional information:
11		(i)	The kind (scientific name), quantity, and
12			description;
13		(ii)	The locality where same were grown or
14			produced;
15		(iii)	Certification that all animals to be
16			imported are the progeny of captive
17			populations [or], have been held in
18			captivity for a period of one year
19			immediately prior to importation, or have
20			been specifically approved for importation
21			by the board;

1	(iv)	The port from which the same were last
2		shipped;
3	(v)	The name of the shipper; and
4	(vi)	The name of the consignee; and
5	(B) Cont	aining:
6	(i)	A request that the department, by its duly
. 7		authorized agent, examine the articles
8		described;
9	(ii)	An agreement by the importer to be
10		responsible for all costs, charges, or
11		expenses; and
12	(iii)	A waiver of all claims for damages incident
13		to the inspection or the fumigation,
14		disinfection, quarantine, or destruction of
15		the articles, or any of them, as hereinafter
16		provided, if any treatment is deemed
17		necessary.
18	Fail	ure or refusal to file a statement, including
19	the agree	ment and waiver, is a violation of this
20	section a	nd may, in the discretion of the department,

1		be sufficient cause for refusing to permit the entry
2		of the articles into the State;
3	(7)	Place of inspection. If, in the judgment of the
4		inspector, it is deemed necessary or advisable to move
5		any [of the above-mentioned articles, or any portion
6		thereof, article to a place more suitable for
7		inspection than the pier, airport, or any other place
8		where they are first received or discharged, the
9		inspector is authorized to do so. All costs and
10		expenses incident to the movement and transportation
11		of the articles to [such] another place shall be borned
12		by the importer or the importer's agent. If the
13		importer, importer's agent, or transportation company
14		requests inspection of sealed containers [of the
15		above-mentioned articles] at locations other than
16		where the [articles] containers are first received or
17		discharged and the department determines that
18		inspection at $[such]$ that place is appropriate, the
19		department may require payment of costs necessitated
20		by these inspections, including overtime costs;

(8)	Disinfection or quarantine. If, upon inspection, any
	article received or brought into the State for the
	purpose of debarkation or entry therein or moved
	between islands of the State is found to be infested
	or infected or there is reasonable cause to presume
	that it is infested or infected and the infestation or
	infection can, in the judgment of the inspector, be
	eradicated, a treatment shall be given [such] to the
	article. The treatment shall be at the expense of the
	owner or the owner's agent, and the treatment shall be
	as prescribed by the department. The article shall be
	held in quarantine at the expense of the owner or the
	owner's agent at a satisfactory place approved by the
	department for a sufficient length of time to
	determine that eradication has been accomplished. If
	the infestation or infection is of $[{\color{red} {\rm such}}]$ ${\color{blue} {\rm \underline{a}}}$ nature or
	extent that it cannot be effectively and completely
	eradicated, or if it is a potentially destructive pest
	or it is not widespread in the State, or after
	treatment it is determined that the infestation or
	infection is not completely eradicated, or if the

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owner or the owner's agent refuses to allow the 1 2 article to be treated or to be responsible for the 3 cost of treatment and quarantine, the article, or any 4 portion thereof, together with all packing and 5 containers, may, at the discretion of the inspector, 6 be destroyed or sent out of the State at the expense 7 of the owner or the owner's agent. [Such] The destruction or exclusion shall not be made the basis 8 9 of a claim against the department or the inspector for 10 damage or loss incurred; 11 Disposition. Upon completion of inspection, either at (9)

(9) Disposition. Upon completion of inspection, either at the time of arrival or at any time thereafter should any article be held for inspection, treatment, or quarantine, the inspector shall affix to the article or the container or to the delivery order in a conspicuous place thereon, a tag, label, or stamp to indicate that the article or container has been inspected and passed. This action shall constitute a permit to bring the article or container into the State; and

T	(10) Ports of entry. None of the articles mentioned in
2	this section shall be allowed entry into the State
3	except through the airports and seaports in the State
4	designated and approved by the board.
5	(c) A person who violates this section or any rule adopted
6	pursuant to this section shall be fined no more than
7	\$ for each separate offense. Any action taken to
8	impose or collect the penalty provided for in this subsection
9	shall be considered a civil action."
10	SECTION 14. Section 150A-5.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
12	"(b) In legal effect, articles landed for the purpose of
13	inspection or quarantine shall be construed to be still outside
14	the State seeking entry, and shall not, in whole or in part, be
15	considered suitable for entry into the State unless a tag,
16	label, or stamp has been affixed to the article, its container,
17	or its delivery order by the inspector as provided in
18	section $[150A-5(9),]$ $150A-5(b)(9),$ except that articles
19	quarantined in the biocontrol containment facilities of the
20	department or of other government agencies engaged in joint

- 1 projects with the department may be released upon issuance of a
- permit approved by the board."
- 3 SECTION 15. Section 150A-6.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended as follows:
- 5 1. By amending subsection (b) to read:
- 6 "(b) The department shall designate, by rule, as
- 7 restricted plants, specific plants that may be detrimental or
- 8 potentially harmful to agriculture, horticulture, the
- 9 environment, or animal or public health, or that spread or may
- 10 be likely to spread an infestation or infection of an insect,
- 11 pest, or disease that is detrimental or potentially harmful to
- 12 agriculture, horticulture, the environment, or animal or public
- 13 health. In addition, plant species designated [by rule]
- 14 pursuant to chapter 152 as noxious weeds are designated as
- 15 restricted plants."
- 16 2. By amending subsections (d) and (e) to read:
- 17 "(d) Noxious weeds may be imported only for research, by
- 18 permit, and shall not be offered for sale $[\frac{or}{or}]$, sold $[\frac{in}{or}]$, or
- 19 transported within the State [-], except for the purposes of
- 20 appropriate disposal under a method approved by, or pursuant to
- 21 a permit issued by, the chairperson.

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- 1 (e) No person shall import, offer for sale, or sell within
- 2 the State any plant or propagative portion of Salvinia molesta
- $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]_{\underline{t}}$ Salvinia minima $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]_{\underline{t}}$ Pistia stratiotes $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]_{\underline{t}}$, or Falcataria
- 4 moluccana (Albizia)."
- 5 SECTION 16. Section 150A-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "\$150A-8 Transporting in State. [Flora and] (a) Without
- 8 regard to chapter 201M or the notice and public hearing
- 9 requirements of chapter 91, the department may specify flora,
- 10 fauna [specified by rules and regulations of the department],
- 11 pest host material, and any other article that shall not be
- 12 moved from one island to another island within the State or from
- 13 one locality to another [on] part or locality of the same island
- 14 except by a permit issued by the department [-], or pursuant to a
- 15 compliance agreement approved by the department.
- 16 (b) The transport, harboring, rearing, or breeding of any
- 17 pest is prohibited.
- 18 (c) The transportation of any pest host material that is
- 19 infested or infected with an insect, disease, or pest between
- 20 the islands of the State or from one part or locality of any
- 21 island to another part or locality of the same island is

1	prohibite	d unless the pest host material has been subjected to
2	an approp	riate treatment, as approved by the chairperson.
3	Appropria	te treatment may include pesticide or fumigation
4	treatment	. The chairperson may, however, authorize the
5	transport	ation of an untreated infested or infected pest host
6	material	to an island or location where the pest is known to be
7	establish	ed.
8	(d)	Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c), pests
9	or plants	, plant parts, soil, or pest host material infested or
10	infected	with a pest may be transported without inspection
11	between i	slands or between parts or localities of the same
12	island:	
13	(1)	For diagnostics, research, testing, or educational
14		purposes by the department; or
15	(2)	Pursuant to a permit approved by the chairperson and
16		issued to an institution approved by the board, a
17		government agency, or a university for research,
18		testing, or educational purposes at a site inspected
19		and approved by the chairperson before the transport
20		occurs.

1	<u>(e)</u>	The chairperson may prohibit the movement of any pest
2	host mate	rial that is offered for sale, for barter, or by
3	donation	or otherwise to be given away to the public if the
4	chairpers	on determines that the pest host material is infested
5	or infect	ed with an insect, disease, or pest. The chairperson
6	may compe	l treatment or destruction of the material as set out
7	in this s	ection. If the material was or is stored in an area
8	that is i	nfested or infected with an insect, disease, or pest,
9	the chair	person may require appropriate treatment of the area
10	prior to	authorizing the movement of the material.
11	<u>(f)</u>	An item subject to the prohibition in subsection (e)
12	shall be:	
13	(1)	Subjected to a treatment to eradicate the insect,
14		disease, or pest, as approved and supervised by the
15		<pre>chairperson;</pre>
16	(2)	Destroyed using a method approved and supervised by
17		the chairperson;
18	(3)	Transported only pursuant to a permit issued by the
19		chairperson; or
20	(4)	Subject to any other disposition approved by the
21		chairperson, including the transportation of untreated

1	infested or infected pest host material or an insect,
2	disease, or pest to an island or location where the
3	target insect, disease, or pest is known to be
4	established.
5	(g) The State shall not be responsible for any economic
6	loss or damages related to any actions by the department
7	pursuant to this section, including the treatment, quarantine,
8	or destruction of any item.
9	(h) Any person who knowingly sells a plant designated by
10	the department as a restricted plant or a noxious weed, or a
11	plant that is infested or infected with a pest, shall be fined
12	no more than \$ for each separate offense. Any action
13	taken to impose or collect that penalty shall be considered a
14	civil action."
15	SECTION 17. Section 150A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to read as follows:
17	"§150A-14 Penalty. (a) Any person who violates any
18	provision of this chapter other than sections 150A-5, 150A-6(3),
19	and 150A-6(4) or who violates any rule adopted under this
20	chapter other than those rules involving an animal that is
21	prohibited or a plant, animal, or microorganism that is

2 and fined [not] no less than \$100. The provisions of section 3 706-640 notwithstanding, the maximum fine shall be \$10,000. For 4 a second offense committed within five years of a prior offense, 5 the person or organization shall be fined [not] no less than 6 \$500 and [not] no more than \$25,000. 7 (b) Any person who violates section 150A-5 shall be 8 quilty of a petty misdemeanor and fined not less than \$50 and 9 not more than \$5,000. For a second offense committed within 10 five years of a prior offense, the person may be fined not less 11 than \$250 and not more than \$15,000. 12 (c) (b) Any person who: 13 (1) Violates section 150A-6(3) or 150A-6(4), or owns or 14 intentionally transports, possesses, harbors, 15 transfers, or causes the importation of any snake or 16 other prohibited animal seized under section 150A-17 7(b), or whose violation involves an animal that is 18 prohibited or a plant, animal, or microorganism that 19 is restricted, without a permit, shall be guilty of a 20 misdemeanor and subject to a fine of [not] no less 21 than \$5,000[, but not] and no more than \$20,000;

restricted, without a permit, shall be quilty of a misdemeanor

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1	(2)	Intentionally transports, harbors, or imports with the
2		intent to propagate, sell, or release any animal that
3		is prohibited or any plant, animal, or microorganism
4		that is restricted, without a permit, shall be guilty
5		of a class C felony and subject to a fine of $[not]$ no
6		less than \$50,000[, but not] and no more than
7		\$200,000; or
8	(3)	Intentionally imports, possesses, harbors, transfers,

(3) Intentionally imports, possesses, harbors, transfers, or transports, including through interisland or intraisland movement, with the intent to propagate, sell, or release, any pest designated by statute or rule, unless otherwise allowed by law, shall be guilty of a class C felony and subject to a fine of [not] no less than \$50,000[, but not] and no more than \$200,000.

[-(d)-] (c) Whenever a court sentences a person or organization pursuant to subsection (a) or [-(e)-] (b) for an offense which has resulted in the escape or establishment of any pest and caused the department to initiate a program to capture, control, or eradicate that pest, the court shall also require that the person or organization pay to the state general fund an



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- 1 amount of money to be determined in the discretion of the court
- 2 upon advice of the department, based upon the cost of the
- 3 development and implementation of the program.
- 4 [(e)] (d) The department may, at its discretion, refuse
- 5 entry, confiscate, or destroy any prohibited articles or
- 6 restricted articles that are brought into the State without a
- 7 permit issued by the department, or order the return of any
- 8 plant, fruit, vegetable, or any other article infested with
- 9 pests to its place of origin or otherwise dispose of it or such
- 10 part thereof as may be necessary to comply with this chapter.
- 11 Any expense or loss in connection therewith shall be borne by
- 12 the owner or the owner's agent.
- 13 $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (e) Any person or organization that voluntarily
- 14 surrenders any prohibited animal or any restricted plant,
- 15 animal, or microorganism without a permit issued by the
- 16 department, prior to the initiation of any seizure action by the
- 17 department, shall be exempt from the penalties of this section.
- 18 $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (f) For purposes of this section, "intent to
- 19 propagate" shall be presumed when the person in question is
- 20 found to possess, transport, harbor, or import:

1	(1)	Any two or more animal specimens of the opposite sex
2		that are prohibited or restricted, without a permit,
3		or are a pest designated by statute or rule;
4	(2)	Any three or more animal specimens of either sex that
5		are prohibited or restricted, without a permit, or are
6		a pest designated by statute or rule;
7	(3)	Any plant or microorganism having the inherent
8		capability to reproduce and that is restricted,
9		without a permit; or
10	(4)	Any specimen that is in the process of reproduction."
11	SECT	ION 18. Section 150A-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended t	o read as follows:
13	"§15	OA-53 General actions to achieve objectives. (a) To
14	achieve t	he objectives of the biosecurity program, the
15	departmen	t shall plan for and, within available legislative
16	appropria	tions or through funding from other sources, implement
17	the follo	wing:
18	(1)	Work with government agencies and agricultural
19		commodity exporters of other states and countries to
20		establish pre-entry inspection programs under which

1		inbound cargo into the State is inspected at the ports
2		of departure or other points outside the State;
3	(2)	Establish, operate, or participate in operating
4		port-of-entry facilities where multiple government
5		agencies may inspect, quarantine, fumigate, disinfect,
6		destroy, or exclude as appropriate, articles that may
7		harbor pests or exclude articles that are prohibited
8		or restricted without a permit, with the goals of:
9		(A) Performing inspections in an efficient,
10		effective, and expeditious manner for the
11		government agencies involved and for cargo
12		owners, carriers, and importers; and
13		(B) Providing for the proper and safe storage and
14		handling of cargo, especially agricultural and
15		food commodities, awaiting inspection;
16	(3)	Develop, implement, and coordinate post-entry measures
17		to eradicate, control, reduce, and suppress pests and,
18		as appropriate, eradicate or seize and dispose of
19		prohibited or restricted organisms without a permit

that have entered the State;

20

1	(4)	Collaborate with relevant government agencies,
2		agricultural commodity importers, and other persons to
3		examine and develop joint integrated systems to better
4		implement the biosecurity program;
5	(5)	Improve cargo inspection capabilities and methods,
6		including enhancement of the content and submission
7		requirements for cargo manifests and agricultural
8		commodity ownership and movement certificates;
9	(6)	Promote the production of agricultural commodities in
10		the State to reduce cargo shipments of imported
11		commodities into the State; and
12	(7)	Provide public education on the negative effects of
13		pests and prohibited or restricted organisms without a
14		permit, to the environment and economy of the State.
15	(b)	The department shall establish parameters and
16	construct	ion requirements for biosecurity facilities that
17	provide f	or and ensure the safety of agricultural and food
18	commoditi	es consumed by Hawaii residents, including cold storage
19	facilitie	s established by private-public partnerships to
20	preserve	the quality and ensure the safety of the commodities

21

arriving at the State's airports and harbors.

1	<u>(c)</u>	The plant nursery licensing program established under
2	part :	
3	(1)	Shall be considered to be a part of the biosecurity
4		program; and
5	(2)	May be administered and enforced using the officials
6		of and funds available to the biosecurity program."
7		PART IV
8	SECT	ION 19. Chapter 152, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended b	y adding nine new sections to be appropriately
10	designate	d and to read as follows:
11	" <u>§15</u>	2-A Noxious weed designations; changes. (a) The
11 12	" <u>§15</u> board:	2-A Noxious weed designations; changes. (a) The
		2-A Noxious weed designations; changes. (a) The At meetings held in May and November of each year,
12	board:	
12 13	board:	At meetings held in May and November of each year,
12 13 14	board:	At meetings held in May and November of each year, shall accept applications for noxious weed
12 13 14 15	board: (1)	At meetings held in May and November of each year, shall accept applications for noxious weed designations for consideration; and
12 13 14 15 16	(1) (2)	At meetings held in May and November of each year, shall accept applications for noxious weed designations for consideration; and May accept applications at meetings held at other
12 13 14 15 16 17	board: (1) (2) provided	At meetings held in May and November of each year, shall accept applications for noxious weed designations for consideration; and May accept applications at meetings held at other times of year;

1	(b)	The board shall accept applications in any form,
2	including	electronic applications, as permitted by the
3	chairperso	on.
4	(c)	The chairperson:
5	(1)	Shall review each application;
6	(2)	May seek additional information from the applicant;
7	(3)	May conduct additional research related to an
8		application, including research of literature reviews,
9		surveys, discussions with other states, and field
10		investigations;
11	(4)	May submit to the advisory committee on plants and
12		animals established under section 150A-10, and any
13		subcommittee of that committee, an application for
14		review for the purposes of assisting the board in
15		considering the application;
16	<u>(5)</u>	Shall consider all oral and written comments submitted
17		under section 152-C and may incorporate those comments
18		in the chairperson's review of the application; and
19	(6)	Shall make a recommendation to the board regarding
20		each application

Ţ	(d) The board shall vote on each change to a noxious weed
2	designation requested in an application at the subsequent
3	meeting timely held after the period for public notification and
4	input described in section 152-C.
5	(e) Upon approval by the board of a change to a noxious
6	weed designation, the order to make that change to the noxious
7	weed designation shall take effect ten days after the department
8	posts public notice of the order in a daily or weekly
9	publication of statewide circulation or in separate daily or
10	weekly publications whose combined circulation is statewide and
11	on the department's publicly available website.
12	(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent
13	the department or board from considering an action related to a
14	noxious weed on an expedited or emergency basis at any time.
15	§152-B Applications. (a) Any person or the department
16	may submit an application seeking a change to noxious weed
17	designations.
18	(b) An application shall be submitted for the board's
19	consideration at a meeting as described in section 152-A(a).
20	(c) Each application shall include:

1	(1)	The name, address, and contact information of the
2		applicant;
3	(2)	A description of the applicant's requested change to
4		the noxious weed designation;
5	(3)	Evidence that the board may use to determine if the
6		requested change will be made; and
7	(4)	Any other information the chairperson may reasonably
8		require, as specified on a form provided by the
9		chairperson.
10	<u>(d)</u>	An application to designate a new taxon as a noxious
11	weed shal	l include:
12	(1)	<pre>The taxon's:</pre>
13		(A) Scientific name and author;
14	.*	(B) Common synonyms;
15		(C) Botanical classification; and
16		(D) Common names;
17	(2)	The class of noxious weed requested for the taxon;
18	(3)	A description of the geographic area in the State that
19		is free or reasonably free of the taxon;
20	(4)	Information describing how the taxon can directly or
21		indirectly injure or cause damage to crops, including

1		nursery stock or plant products; livestock; poultry;
2		or other interests of agriculture, irrigation,
3		navigation, the natural resources of the State, the
4		public health, or the environment; and
5	(5)	A list of references to support the information
6		provided in the application.
7	<u>(e)</u>	An application to remove the noxious weed designation
8	for a pla	nt taxon shall include evidence that the plant:
9	(1)	Cannot directly or indirectly injure or cause damage
10		to crops, including nursery stock or plant products;
11		livestock; poultry; or other interests of agriculture,
12		irrigation, navigation, the natural resources of the
13		State, the public health, or the environment; or
14	(2)	Is eligible for special consideration for crops under
15		section 152-F.
16	<u>(f)</u>	An application to change the class of a noxious weed
17	designati	on shall include evidence that the noxious weed meets
18	the descr	iption of the proposed class as established in
19	section 1	52-4.
20	<u>§152</u>	-C Public notification and input for changes to
21	noxious w	reed designations. (a) No later than fourteen days

_	arcer an	application is sabiliteted at a board meeting parsuant to
2	section 1	52-A, the chairperson shall issue a press release and
3	provide n	otice to the office of planning and sustainable
4	developme	nt for publication and to each person who has made a
5	timely wr	itten request to the department for notice of an
6	applicati	on. The press release and notices shall include:
7	(1)	A statement summarizing each change to a noxious weed
8		designation requested in an application;
9	(2)	A statement that a copy of the application will be
10		mailed to any interested person who requests a copy
11		upon payment in advance of costs for photocopying,
12		preparing, and mailing the copy and that a copy of the
13		application will be made available on the department's
14		<pre>publicly available website;</pre>
15	(3)	A statement as to where to obtain a copy of the
16		application for inspection or for pickup after payment
17		in full for costs for photocopying and preparing; and
18	(4)	A statement that the department is soliciting comments
19		regarding the requested change to a noxious weed
20		designation, which shall include the procedure for
21		submitting comments.

1	(b)	During the three-month period after an application is
2	submitted	at a board meeting, any interested person, educational
3	instituti	on, or government entity may:
4	(1)	Provide oral comments on the application at any
5		regularly scheduled meeting of the board; and
6	(2)	Provide written comments on the application to the
7		board and the chairperson.
8	<u>§152</u>	-D Emergency designations. (a) Notwithstanding any
9	other pro	vision of this chapter or any other law to the
10	contrary:	
11	(1)	If the department finds an incipient infestation of a
12		plant taxon is directly or indirectly injuring or
13		causing damage to crops, including nursery stock or
14		plant products; livestock; poultry; or other interests
15		of agriculture, irrigation, navigation, the natural
16		resources of the State, the public health, or the
17		environment without immediate action, the department
18		may proceed without prior notice or upon a minimum of
19		forty-eight hours notice and hearing to adopt an
20		emergency rule for the eradication of that
21		infestation;

1	(2)	An emergency rule described in paragraph (1) shall be
2		effective for a period no longer than one hundred
3		eighty days, without the possibility of renewal; and
4	(3)	The department may establish, implement, and enforce
5		interim rules governing the transportation of noxious
6		weeds or taxa eligible for noxious weed designation
7		into or within the State, as provided in section 150A-
8		<u>9.5.</u>
9	(b)	During the period that an emergency rule is in effect
10	pursuant	to subsection (a), the chairperson shall make an
11	applicati	on for the board to order on an expedited basis the
12	designati	on of the taxon as a noxious weed.
13	<u>§152</u>	-E Publication of noxious weed designations. The
14	chairpers	on shall make available to the public and publish on
15	the depar	tment's publicly available website the list of noxious
16	weed desi	gnations designated under this chapter. The list shall
17	include:	
18	(1)	Information on which noxious weeds are respectively
19		designated as class A, class B, and class C noxious
20		weeds; and

1	(2)	The geographic area declared free or reasonably free
2		of each noxious weed.
3	<u>§152</u>	-F Special consideration for crops. (a) The board
4	may defer	designating a plant taxon as a noxious weed or
5	removing	a noxious weed designation from a plant taxon if the
6	plant tax	on:
7	(1)	Is, or is intended to be, commercially cultivated in
8		the State as a crop; and
9	(2)	Is, or will be, cultivated using practices that
10		prevent it from directly or indirectly injuring or
11		causing damage to crops, including nursery stock or
12		plant products; livestock; poultry; or other interests
13		of agriculture, irrigation, navigation, the natural
14		resources of the State, the public health, or the
15		environment.
16	(b)	The board may require conditions, including a bond or
17	a complia	nce agreement, for the cultivation of a plant taxon for
18	which the	board has deferred a designation or removed from
19	designati	on pursuant to subsection (a).
20	<u>(c)</u>	The board shall designate as a noxious weed a plant
21	taxon tha	t is cultivated as a crop for which the board deferred

1	a designa	tion or removed from designation pursuant to subsection
2	(a) if th	e plant becomes invasive or is otherwise no longer as
3	described	in subsection (a)(2).
4	<u>§152</u>	-G Noxious weed control or eradication programs. (a)
5	The chair	person may develop and implement a program to control
6	or eradic	ate a specific noxious weed if the chairperson
7	determine	s that the control or eradication program is feasible
8	and pract	icable.
9	(b)	Each control or eradication program developed under
10	subsectio	n (a) shall:
11	(1)	Use the best available technology and use the
12		technology in a manner consistent with federal and
13		<pre>state law;</pre>
14	(2)	Specify the geographic area where the program will be
15		carried out, which may be a section of an island, an
16		island, a group of islands, or the entire State;
17	(3)	Minimize collateral damage to crops, property, the
18		environment, and native species;
19	(4)	Include a description of the specific methods to be
20		employed to control or eradicate the noxious weed;

1	(5)	Include a description of the surveys and monitoring
2		that will be required before and after the specific
3		methods to control or eradicate are employed;
4	(6)	Include an assessment of whether the department will
5		seek any quarantine related to the control or
6		eradication program; and
7	(7)	Include an approximate time frame to carry out the
8		control or eradication program.
9	<u>(c)</u>	If the department or any agent of the department needs
10	to enter	onto private property to conduct detection and
11	delimitat	ion surveys or otherwise carry out or maintain the
12	control o	r eradication program, but the landowner or land
13	occupier	of the property refuses to grant entry to the
14	departmen	t or its agent, the department or agent may gain entry
15	pursuant	to section 141-3.6 to the extent necessary to carry out
16	or mainta	in the control or eradication program, unless the
17	property	is a dwelling place.
18	(d)	The chairperson may seek the board's approval for a
19	control o	r eradication program developed under this section if
20	the chair	person believes that the board's approval is likely to
21	make the	program more successful.

	(c) This section shall not apply to efforts by the
2	department to control a noxious weed using only the release of a
3	biological control agent.
4	§152-H Noxious weed control on leased state lands. Any
5	person that leases state lands for livestock grazing or any
6	agricultural purpose shall agree in the lease agreement to
7	control any noxious weed on those lands to the extent required
8	by the department.
9	§152-I Penalties. (a) The department may establish,
10	impose, and collect administrative fines or bring legal action
11	to recover administrative costs of the department, payment for
12	damages, or costs to correct damages resulting from violations
13	of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter.
14	(b) The department, at its discretion, may refuse entry
15	into the State of, confiscate, or destroy any noxious weed or
16	article infested with a noxious weed that a person brings or
17	attempts to bring into the State or that is offered for sale,
18	sold, or transported in violation of this chapter, or, in the
19	case of importation, order the return of any noxious weed or any
20	article infested with a noxious weed to its place of origin or

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- 1 otherwise dispose of it or a part thereof as may be necessary to
- 2 comply with this chapter.
- 3 (c) The State shall not be responsible for any economic
- 4 loss or damages related to any actions by the department
- 5 pursuant to this chapter, including the treatment, quarantine,
- 6 destruction, or return of any article."
- 7 SECTION 20. Section 152-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 1. By adding five new definitions to be appropriately
- 10 inserted and to read:
- ""Agent of the department" means any person authorized to
- 12 act on behalf of the department.
- 13 "Application" means an application seeking a change to the
- 14 noxious weed designation.
- 15 "Board" means the board of agriculture.
- "Chairperson" means the chairperson of the board of
- 17 agriculture.
- 18 "Noxious weed designation" means a designation on the list
- 19 of noxious weeds."
- 20 2. By amending the definition of "control noxious weed" to
- **21** read:



1 ""Control noxious weed" means to limit the spread of a 2 specific noxious weed, including quarantining material infested 3 with the noxious weed, and to reduce its density to a degree 4 where its injurious, harmful, or deleterious effect is reduced 5 to a tolerable level." 6 3. By amending the definition of "eradicate noxious weed" 7 to read: 8 ""Eradicate noxious weed" means to completely destroy and 9 eliminate existing plant growth, seeds, and vegetative 10 reproductive plant parts of a specific noxious weed from a given 11 locality. "Eradicate noxious weed" includes quarantining 12 material infested with the noxious weed." 13 4. By amending the definition of "noxious weed" to read: 14 ""Noxious weed" means any plant [species which is, or which 15 may be likely to become, injurious, harmful, or deleterious to 16 the agricultural, horticultural, aquacultural, or livestock **17** industry of the State and to forest and recreational areas and 18 conservation districts of the State, as determined and 19 designated by the department from time to time.] or plant 20 product that can directly or indirectly injure or cause damage 21 to crops, including, nursery stock or plant products; livestock;

1	poultry; or other interests of agriculture, irrigation,
2	navigation, the natural resources of the State, the public
3	health, or the environment."
4	SECTION 21. Section 152-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	"§152-2 Rules. Subject to chapter 91, the department may
7	[make] adopt rules [to effectuate] necessary for the purposes of
8	this chapter[, including but not limited to the following:
9	(1) Establishment of criteria and procedures for the
10	designation of plant species as noxious weeds for the
11	purposes of this chapter;
12	(2) Establishment of procedures and conditions for the
13	initiation of cooperative agreements with landowners
14	and land occupiers for the purpose of eradicating or
15	controlling noxious weed infestations;
16	(3) Control or eradication of noxious weeds when deemed
17	economically feasible]."
18	SECTION 22. Section 152-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	"\$152-3 Prohibited and permitted acts. [#t] (a) Except
21	as provided in subsection (b), it shall be unlawful to



1	[Incroduc	e of to transport specifie, import into the state or			
2	sell, off	er for sale, or transport within the State noxious			
3	weeds or	their seeds or vegetative reproductive parts [into any			
4	area designated pursuant to section 152-5 as free or reasonably				
5	free of those noxious weeds; provided that the introduction or				
6	transportation of those noxious weeds may be permitted for				
7	education	al or research purposes when authorized by a permit			
8	issued by	the department].			
9	(b)	The prohibition in subsection (a) shall not apply to:			
10	(1)	A plant part that is processed, not vegetatively			
11		propagative, or otherwise not capable of reproducing			
12		the plant;			
13	(2)	The movement of a properly prepared herbarium			
14		specimen;			
15	<u>(3)</u>	The movement of plant material by authorized employees			
16		of the department or an agent of the department acting			
17		in the course of official duties;			
18	(4)	A noxious weed imported for research pursuant to a			
19		permit issued by the chairperson; or			
20	(5)	A noxious weed transported for educational or research			
21		purposes or for proper disposal of removed material			

1	under methods approved by, or pursuant to a permit
2	issued by, the chairperson.
3	(c) The department may establish fees for permits issued
4	under this section."
5	SECTION 23. Section 152-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"§152-4 Designation of noxious [weed.] weeds; classes of
8	noxious weeds. (a) The [department] board may designate
9	certain plant [species] taxa as noxious weeds [following the
10	eriteria and procedures established under section 152-2(1).
11	pursuant to this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this
12	chapter.
13	(b) The department shall publish and make available on its
14	website a list of noxious weeds [to interested persons.]
15	designated pursuant to this chapter.
16	(c) A plant taxon shall be designated as a noxious weed if
17	the board determines that the plant could directly or indirectly
18	injure or cause damage to crops, including nursery stock or
19	plant products; livestock; poultry; or other interests of
20	agriculture, irrigation, navigation, the natural resources of
21	the State, the public health, or the environment.

1	<u>(d)</u>	The	board shall designate each noxious weed as a class
2	A, class E	3, or	class C noxious weed; provided that in
3	determinir	ng th	e class to which a noxious weed should be
4	designated	d, th	e following standards shall apply:
5	(1)	Clas	s A noxious weeds:
6		<u>(A)</u>	Are not known to occur or are of very limited
7			distribution in the State;
8		<u>(B)</u>	Are a high priority for control or eradication if
9			an infestation was discovered in the State; and
10		<u>(C)</u>	When detected, shall be subject to control or
11			eradication actions by the department or an agent
12			of the department, subject to the availability of
13			funds;
14	(2)	Clas	s B noxious weeds:
15		(A)	Are known to occur in the State but are of
16			limited distribution on one or more islands;
17		(B)	Are a high priority for control or eradication in
18			a given area; and
19		<u>(C)</u>	Shall be managed on a priority basis, by the
20			department or an agent of the department, as
21			resources allow; and

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•	(3) Class C Hoxious weeds are those Hoxious weeds that are
2	not class A or class B noxious weeds."
3	SECTION 24. Section 152-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§152-5 Designation of areas declared free or reasonably
6	free of noxious weeds. (a) The [department] board may declare
7	the entire State, an island, or a section of an island as free
8	or reasonably free of a specific noxious weed. The department
9	shall take necessary measures to restrict the introduction and
10	establishment of specific noxious weeds in areas declared free
11	or reasonably free of those noxious weeds.
12	(b) A change to the geographic area declared free or
13	reasonably free of a specific noxious weed shall be made by
14	order of the board under the procedures for a change to a
15	noxious weed designation set out in this chapter."
16	SECTION 25. Section 152-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	"§152-6 Duties of the department; noxious weed control and
19	eradication. (a) The department shall maintain a constant
20	vigilance for incipient infestations of specific noxious weeds
21	[on islands] in locations declared reasonably free from those

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1	weeds, and shall use those procedures and methods to control or
2	eradicate the infestations of noxious weeds as are determined to
3	[be] <u>:</u>
4	(1) Be feasible and practicable[-]; and
5	(2) Minimize collateral damage to crops, property, the
6	environment, and native species.
7	(b) [\text{\text{When the}}] \text{The} department [\text{determines that an}
8	infestation of a certain noxious weed exists on an island
9	declared reasonably free from the weed, the department shall
10	immediately conduct investigations and surveys as are necessary
11	to determine the feasibility and practicability of controlling
12	or eradicating the infestation. The department may also conduct
13	investigations and surveys to determine the feasibility and
14	practicability of controlling widespread noxious weed
15	infestations. The methods of control or eradication adopted by
16	the department for any noxious weed infestation shall cause as
17	little damage to crops and property as possible. or an agent of
18	the department:
19	(1) Shall conduct detection and delimitation surveys of
20	noxious weeds, and to the extent necessary and

1		permitted by law, sharr access private property in			
2		areas declared reasonably free from those weeds;			
3	(2)	Shall determine the feasibility and practicability of			
4		controlling or eradicating infestations; and			
5	(3)	May conduct control or eradication actions in any area			
6		of the State, as determined appropriate by the			
7		chairperson.			
8	(c)	Upon determining that control or eradication of an			
9	infestati	on is practicable and feasible, the department shall			
10	immediately serve notice, either oral or written, on both the				
11	landowner [of the property] and the [occupant] land occupier of				
12	the property $[\frac{\partial n}{\partial n}]$ upon which the infestations exist. Written				
13	notice sent to the landowner's address last known to the				
14	departmen	t by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt			
15	requested	, shall be deemed sufficient notice. [In the event			
16	that] If certified mail is impractical because the department,				
17	despite d	iligent efforts, cannot determine land ownership or			
18	because o	f urgent need to initiate control or eradication			
19	measures,	notice given once in a daily or weekly publication of			
20	general c	irculation, in the county where any action or proposed			
21	action wi	ll be taken, or notice made as otherwise provided by			

- 1 law, shall be deemed sufficient notice. The notice shall set
- 2 forth all pertinent information with respect to the infestation
- 3 and notify the landowner and the land [occupant] occupier of the
- 4 procedure and methods of control or eradication.
- 5 (d) [Upon the department's notification pursuant to
- 6 subsection (c) above, the] The department or an agent of the
- 7 department may [enter into a cooperative agreement with the
- 8 landowner and land occupier for the control or eradication of
- 9 the noxious weed infestation. The procedures and conditions for
- 10 executing the cooperative agreement shall be in accordance with
- 11 rules adopted under section 152-2(2).] assist, free of cost, in
- 12 the control or eradication of noxious weeds, subject to the
- 13 availability of funds.
- 14 (e) [Upon the department's notification pursuant to
- 15 subsection (c) above, the] The department may [entirely
- 16 undertake the eradication or control project when it has been
- 17 determined that the owner, occupier, or lessee of the land on
- 18 which the noxious weed infestation is located will not benefit
- 19 materially or financially by the control or eradication of the
- 20 noxious weed; or when the noxious weed infestation is on
- 21 state-owned land not leased or under control of private

- 1 interest.] work cooperatively with a landowner or land occupier
- 2 to provide chemicals, materials, equipment, personnel, and
- 3 services to the land owner or land occupier to assist with the
- 4 control or eradication of noxious weeds on private property.
- 5 (f) Assistance provided by the department to control or
- 6 eradicate noxious weeds in the State may include the appropriate
- 7 distribution and release of beneficial insects, pathogens, and
- 8 other biological control agents for the control or eradication
- 9 of noxious weeds."
- 10 SECTION 26. No later than two years after the effective
- 11 date of this Act, the department of agriculture shall adopt
- 12 rules and implement the plant nursery licensing program
- 13 established by section 7 of this Act. During those two years, a
- 14 person may sell nursery stock without a license issued pursuant
- 15 to that program.
- 16 PART V
- 17 SECTION 27. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 18 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 19 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 20 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the

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- 1 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- **2** of this Act are severable.
- 3 SECTION 28. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 4 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 5 were begun before its effective date.
- 6 SECTION 29. In codifying the new sections added by
- 7 sections 7 and 19 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
- 8 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
- 9 designating the new sections in this Act.
- 10 SECTION 30. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 11 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 12 SECTION 31. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

DOA; Invasive Species; Pests; Taxa; Control and Eradication; Quarantine; Plant Nursery Licensing; Noxious Weeds

Description:

Requires the Department of Agriculture to designate certain species as pests, and periodically update taxa designated as pests, for control or eradication and develop and implement a control or eradication program for each designated pest but, if the Department fails to do so, authorizes the applicable county to develop or implement the program. Establishes a plant nursery licensing program to regulate the sale of nursery stock. Prohibits the import of any material infested or infected with a pest or that is a pest unless imported under an appropriate permit or compliance agreement and amends the Department of Agriculture's authority to impose other limits on imports and transportation. Amends the method by which the Board of Agriculture makes and updates noxious weed designations and clarifies responsibilities for the control or eradication of noxious weeds. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD2)

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